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12	Attorneys for Plaintiff Heath Seltzer and the Proposed Settlement Class						
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14	SUPERIOR COURT OF	THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA					
15							
	COUNTY	OF LOS ANGELES					
16							
17	HEATH SELTZER, individually and on	CASE NO.: 18STCV07828 (Lead)					
	behalf of all others similarly situated,	Consolidated with No.: 20STCV22701					
18	Plaintiff,	Assigned for all purposes to					
19		The Honorable Stuart M. Rice					
- 26	v.	STIPULATION OF SETTLEMENT					
20	GEOFFREY H. PALMER; GEOFFREY H.	STIPULATION OF SETTLEMENT					
21	PALMER dba G.H. PALMER	Department: 1					
-3	ASSOCIATES; GHP MANAGEMENT	D. 4 . 4 . 2 . 10 . 10 . 10 . 2010					
22	CORPORATION, a California corporation; and DOES 1-50, inclusive,	Date Action Filed: December 10, 2018					
23	and Dobb 1 50, molasive,						
-	0.01						
24	Defendants.						
25							
26							

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EXHIBIT LIST

Exhibit A: [Proposed] Final Approval Order

Exhibit B: [Proposed] Final Judgment

Exhibit C: Email Notice

Exhibit D: Long Form Notice

Exhibit E: Payment Method Election Form

Exhibit F: Postcard Notice

Exhibit G: [Proposed] Preliminary Approval Order

Exhibit H: Declaration of the Settlement Administrator

Plaintiff Heath Seltzer and Defendants Geoffrey H. Palmer; Geoffrey H. Palmer dba G.H. Palmer Associates; and GHP Management Corporation, by and through their respective counsel, in consideration for and subject to the promises, terms, and conditions contained in this Stipulation of Settlement, hereby stipulate and agree, subject to Court approval, as follows:

I. RECITALS

WHEREAS, on or about December 10, 2018, Plaintiff filed a putative class action lawsuit, on behalf of himself and others similarly situated, against Defendants, in the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles, Case No. 18STCV07828 (the "Action"), which asserted a cause of action for alleged unlawful, unfair and fraudulent business act or practice that violated California's Unfair Competition Law, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 et seq. (the "UCL"), through their practice of charging a late fee of \$75, in violation of Cal. Civ. Code § 1671 (d);

WHEREAS, Defendants answered the complaint in the Action on or about January 28, 2019; WHEREAS, on or about December 23, 2019, Defendants moved for judgment on the pleadings;

WHEREAS, Plaintiff opposed that motion for judgment on the pleadings and, in an order dated January 24, 2020, the Court denied Defendants' motion for judgment on the pleadings;

WHEREAS, Plaintiff conducted discovery in the action, including 53 requests for production, 15 special interrogatories; one set of form interrogatories; 19 requests for admission; and taking three depositions of Defendants' witnesses including Geoffrey H. Palmer;

WHEREAS, on or about May 29, 2020, Plaintiff moved for class certification;

WHEREAS, Defendants opposed Plaintiff's motion for class certification but, on November 20, 2020, the Court entered an order granting that motion and certifying a class consisting of "[a]ll tenants of Defendants' properties in the State of California from December 10, 2014, to the present who paid one or more late rent fee(s)," and appointing the law firms of Ahdoot & Wolfson PC and Zimmerman Reed LLP as Class Counsel;

WHEREAS, on or about October 5, 2020, Defendants moved for summary judgment;

WHEREAS, on or about January 19, 2021, the Parties attended a full-day mediation session with the Honorable Dickran Tevrizian (Ret.) of JAMS;

WHEREAS, Plaintiff opposed Defendants' motion for summary judgment and, in an order dated April 13, 2021, the Court denied that motion;

WHEREAS, on or about June 14, 2021, the Parties attended a hearing regarding Plaintiff's motion to file records under seal in support of Plaintiff's motion for class certification before the Court, at which time the Court set a schedule for trial and a deadline to file a motion to disseminate class notice;

WHEREAS, on or about July 30, 2021, Plaintiff filed a Motion to Disseminate Class Notice (the "Notice Motion");

WHEREAS, Plaintiff's counsel consulted with a number of expert witnesses in preparation for trial;

WHEREAS, on or about August 25, 2021, the Court issued a tentative ruling granting the Notice Motion and largely approving the proposed notice plan set forth therein, with certain modifications;

WHEREAS, on or about August 26, 2021, the Court held a hearing on the Notice Motion, at which time the parties informed the Court that they intended to participate in a second mediation session;

WHEREAS, on or about September 8, 2021, the Parties attended a second full-day mediation session, this time before the Honorable Carl J. West (Ret.) of JAMS, at which the Parties reached agreement on the essential terms of a class-wide settlement of the Action;

WHEREAS, the parties' negotiations continued following that second mediation;

WHEREAS, on or about September 20, 2021, Plaintiff filed a notice of Settlement with the Court;

WHEREAS, before entering into the Stipulation of Settlement, Plaintiff, by and through his counsel, conducted a thorough examination, investigation, and evaluation of the relevant law, facts, and allegations to assess the merits of the claims and potential claims to determine the strength of liability, potential remedies, and all defenses thereto;

 WHEREAS, the Stipulation of Settlement was reached as a result of extensive arms'-length negotiations between the Parties and their counsel, occurring over the course of many months and two separate, full-day mediation sessions with respected mediators;

WHEREAS, Plaintiff, as class representative, believes that the claims settled herein have merit, but he and his counsel recognize and acknowledge the expense, risk, and length of continued proceedings necessary to prosecute the claims through trial and appeal;

WHEREAS, Defendants have vigorously denied and continue to dispute all of the claims and contentions alleged in the Action, and deny any and all allegations of wrongdoing, fault, liability or damage of any kind to Plaintiff and the Class;

NOW, THEREFORE, it is hereby STIPULATED AND AGREED, by and between the Parties, through their respective counsel, that: (a) the Action be fully and finally compromised, settled, and released upon final settlement approval by the Court after the hearings as provided for in this Stipulation of Settlement; and (b) upon such approval by the Court, a Final Approval Order and Final Judgment, substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit A** and **Exhibit B**, respectively, be entered dismissing the Action with prejudice upon the following terms and conditions.

II. **DEFINITIONS**

As used in this Stipulation of Settlement and the attached exhibits, the following terms have the following meanings, unless this Stipulation of Settlement specifically provides otherwise:

- 1. "Action" means the civil action entitled Seltzer v. Geoffrey H. Palmer, et al., No. 18STCV07828 (LASC).
- 2. "Administration Expenses" means the expenses incurred by the Settlement Administrator in relation to this Settlement, including those arising from performing any duty or obligation created by this Settlement Agreement, providing Notice, effectuating the Notice Plan, disseminating the Email Notice, Postcard Notice, and Long Form Notice, establishing and maintaining claims, processing the Payment Method Election Forms, requests for exclusions, and objections, responding to inquiries from members of the Settlement Class, providing Settlement Payments, any related services, and the costs of the escrow account or any account in which the Settlement Fund is deposited, including Taxes.

- "Attorneys' Fees and Expenses" means such funds as may be awarded by the Court to Class Counsel to compensate Class Counsel for their fees and expenses in connection with the Action and the Settlement.
- 4. "Class" means all tenants of Defendants' properties in the State of California from December 10, 2014 to May 16, 2022 who were signatories to a lease at the time one or more Late Fees (as defined below) were paid as the result of untimely rent payments for their unit.
- 5. "Class Counsel" means the law firms of Ahdoot & Wolfson PC and Zimmerman Reed LLP.
- 6. "Class Member(s)" means any member of the Class who does not elect exclusion or opt out from the Class in accordance with the terms and condition for exclusion set forth herein.
- 7. "Class Notice" means the forms of notice regarding this Settlement provided herein and directed by the Court.
- 8. "Court" means the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles, presiding over this Action.
- 9. "Defendants" mean Geoffrey H. Palmer; Geoffrey H. Palmer dba G.H. Palmer Associates; and GHP Management Corporation, collectively.
- 10. "Defense Counsel" means the law firms of Ervin, Cohen & Jessup LLP and Freeman, Mathis, & Gary, LLP.
- 11. "Effective Date" means the date on which the Final Judgment in the Action becomes "Final." As used in this Stipulation of Settlement, "Final" means one (1) business day after all of the following conditions have been satisfied:
 - (a) the Final Judgment has been entered; and
 - (b)(i) if reconsideration and/or appellate review is not sought from the Final Judgment, the expiration of the time for the filing or noticing of any motion for reconsideration, appeal, petition, and/or writ; or
 - (b)(ii) if reconsideration and/or appellate review is sought from the Final Judgment:(A) the date on which the Final Judgment is affirmed and is no longer subject to judicial review, or (B) the date on which the motion for reconsideration,

 appeal, petition, or writ is dismissed or denied and the Final Judgment is no longer subject to judicial review.

- 12. "Electing Class Member(s)" means those Class Members who submit a valid Payment Method Election Form wherein the Class Member has elected to receive his or her Settlement Share by digital payment (e.g., the Class Member's PayPal account or other available digital payment forms).
- 13. "Email Notice" means the notice of the proposed Settlement to be provided via email, as described in Section VI herein, substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit C**, or in such other form as the Court may require.
- 14. "Fairness Hearing" means the hearing that is to take place after the entry of the Preliminary Approval Order and after the Notice Date for purposes of: (a) entering the Final Approval Order and Final Judgment; (b) determining whether the Settlement should be approved as fair, reasonable, and adequate; (c) ruling upon an application for a Service Payment by the Plaintiff; (d) ruling upon an application by Class Counsel for Attorneys' Fees and Expenses; and (e) entering any final order awarding Attorneys' Fees and Expenses and Service Payment. The Parties shall request that the Court schedule the Fairness Hearing to take place one hundred and ten (110) calendar days after the issuance of the Preliminary Approval Order or such other date as the Court may order.
- 15. "Final Approval Order" means the Court's order fully and finally approving the Settlement, substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.
- 16. "Final Judgment" means the Court's judgment finally approving the Settlement, substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.
- 17. "Initial Settlement Share" means the Initial Settlement Shares to be distributed to Class Members in accordance with the procedures described in Section V.A herein.
- 18. "Late Fee" means the late fee of \$75 that Defendants charged to Class Members, as alleged in the Action, and is synonymous with the term "late rent fee" as used by the Court in its November 20, 2020, order certifying the Class in this Action.
- 19. "Legally Authorized Representative" means an administrator/administratrix, personal representative, or executor/executrix of a deceased Class Member's estate; a guardian, conservator,

or next friend of an incapacitated Class Member; or any other legally appointed person responsible for handling the business affairs of a Class Member who is not the Class Member's counsel.

- 20. "Long Form Notice" means the long form notice of settlement, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit D.
- 21. "Net Settlement Fund" means the balance remaining in the Settlement Fund after payment of (a) costs of notice and administration, (b) the Service Payment to the Plaintiff as approved by the Court, (c) Taxes, and (d) Attorneys' Fees and Expenses.
- 22. "Notice Date" means the first date upon which the Class Notice is disseminated, commencing ten (10) days following entry of the Preliminary Approval Order.
- 23. "Objection and Exclusion Deadline" means the date by which a written objection to the Settlement or a request for exclusion by a person within the Settlement Class must be made pursuant to Section X herein. The Objection and Exclusion Deadline shall be set by the Court in the Preliminary Approval Order. The Parties will propose an Objection and Exclusion Deadline that is sixty (60) calendar days following the Notice Date.
- 24. "Parties" means Plaintiff and Defendants, collectively, as each of those terms is defined in this Stipulation of Settlement.
- 25. "Payment Method Election Deadline" means the final date by which a Payment Method Election Form must be received by the Settlement Administrator in order for a Class Member to timely elect the method to receive payment of the Settlement Share. The Payment Method Election Deadline shall run for a period of time ordered by the Court, and last at least sixty (60) days from the Notice Date.
- 26. "Payment Method Election Form" means the form substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit E** which may be modified to meet the requirements of the Settlement Administrator, pursuant to which Class Members can elect the method of payment for receipt of the Settlement Share. The Payment Method Election Form shall be transmitted along with the Email Notice and will be available to be completed and submitted on the Settlement Website.
 - 27. "Plaintiff" or "Class Representative" means the plaintiff in the Action, Heath Seltzer.

- 28. "Postcard Notice" means the notice of the proposed Settlement to be provided via U.S. mail, as described in Section VI herein, substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit F**, or in such other form as the Court may require.
- 29. "Preliminary Approval Order" means the order preliminarily approving the Settlement and proposed Class Notice and notice plan, substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit G**.
- 30. "Release" means the release and waiver set forth in Section VIII of this Settlement and in the Final Approval Order and Final Judgment.
- 31. "Released Claims" means any claims that were asserted, or that could reasonably have been asserted in the Action (based upon and/or arising out of the facts alleged in the Complaint), against the Released Parties, and that arise out of, or relate in any way to any or all of the acts, omissions, facts, matters, transactions, or occurrences that were alleged in the Action (based upon and/or arising out of the facts alleged in the Complaint).
- 32. "Released Parties" shall include and mean Defendants and each of their past, present, and future employees, assigns, attorneys, agents, insurers, consultants, officers, and directors.
 - 33. "Releasing Parties" means Plaintiff and Class Members.
- 34. "Residual Recipient" means the California State Controller's Office for Unclaimed Property.
- 35. "Second Settlement Share" means the Second Settlement Shares to be distributed to Electing Class Members, if possible, in accordance with the procedures described in Section V.B herein.
- 36. "Settlement" or "Agreement" means this Stipulation of Settlement and the settlement embodied therein, including all attached Exhibits (which are an integral part of this Stipulation of Settlement and are incorporated by reference).
- 37. "Settlement Administrator" means the qualified third-party administrator and agent agreed to by the Parties and approved and appointed by the Court in the Preliminary Approval Order to administer the Settlement, including providing Class Notice.

- 38. "Settlement Fund" means the One Million Seven Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars and No Cents (\$1,750,000.00) that Defendants will pay to settle the Action pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, and in accordance with Section V of this Settlement.
- 39. "Service Payment(s)" means such funds as may be awarded by the Court to the Class Representative in recognition of his time, effort, and service to the Class, expended in pursuing the Action and in fulfilling his obligations and responsibilities as the Class Representative.
- 40. "Settlement Share(s)" means the total amount of each Class Member's share of the Net Settlement Fund allocated pursuant to Section V of this Stipulation of Settlement, including Initial Settlement Shares and, where applicable, Second Settlement Shares.
- 41. "Settlement Website" means the Internet website, with the following URL address, www.GHPLateFeeSettlement.com, to be created, launched, and maintained by the Settlement Administrator, and which allows for the electronic submission of Payment Method Election Forms, and provides access to relevant case documents including the Long Form Notice, information about the submission of Payment Method Election Forms, other relevant documents (such as the operative complaint filed in the action, the Settlement Agreement, the Preliminary Approval Order, any application for the Attorneys' Fees and Expenses and Service Payment, any brief filed by the Parties in support of the Settlement, the Final Approval Order, and Final Judgment) including downloadable Payment Method Election Forms, and notice of any change of the date, time, or location of the Final Fairness Hearing.
- 42. "Taxes" means all federal, state, or local taxes of any kind on any income earned by the Settlement Fund and the expenses and costs incurred in connection with the taxation of the Settlement Fund (including, without limitation, interest, penalties and the reasonable expenses of tax attorneys and accountants). All: (a) Taxes (including any estimated Taxes, interest or penalties) arising with respect to the income earned by the Settlement Fund, including any Taxes or tax detriments that may be imposed upon the Released Parties or their counsel with respect to any income earned by the Settlement Fund for any period during which the Settlement Fund does not qualify as a "qualified settlement fund" for federal or state income tax purposes, and (ii) expenses and costs incurred in connection with the operation and implementation of this Agreement (including, without

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limitation, expenses of tax attorneys and/or accountants and mailing and distribution costs and expenses relating to filing (or failing to file) the returns described in this Agreement ("Tax Expenses"), shall be paid out of the Settlement Fund; in all events the Released Parties and their counsel shall have no liability or responsibility for the Taxes or the Tax Expenses. Further, Taxes and Tax Expenses shall be treated as, and considered to be, a cost of administration of the Settlement Fund and shall be timely paid by the Settlement Administrator, as instructed by Class Counsel, out of the Settlement Fund without prior order from the Court and the Settlement Administrator shall be authorized (notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary) to withhold from distribution to Settlement Class Members with Approved Claims any funds necessary to pay such amounts, including the establishment of adequate reserves for any Taxes and Tax Expenses (as well as any amounts that may be required to be withheld under Treas. Reg. §1.468B-2(I)(2)). The Parties hereto agree to cooperate with the Settlement Administrator, each other, and their tax attorneys and accountants to the extent reasonably necessary to carry out the provisions of this Agreement. For the purpose of §1.468B of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the regulations promulgated thereunder, the Settlement Administrator shall be the "administrator." The Settlement Administrator shall timely and properly file all informational and other tax returns necessary or advisable with respect to the Settlement Fund and the escrow account (including, without limitation, the returns described in Treas. Reg. §1.468B-2(k)). Such returns (as well as the election described in this Agreement) shall be consistent with this section and in all events shall reflect that all Taxes (including any estimated Taxes, interest or penalties) on the income earned by the Settlement Fund shall be paid out of the Settlement Fund as provided in this Agreement.

III. SUBMISSION OF THE SETTLEMENT TO THE COURT FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL

- 43. As soon as is practicable following the signing of this Settlement, Class Counsel shall apply to the Court for entry of the Preliminary Approval Order (substantially in the form attached as **Exhibit G**), for the purpose of, among other things:
- (a) Approving the Class Notice, substantially in the form set forth at Exhibit C, Exhibit D, and Exhibit F:

	(b)	Scheduling a	Fairness Hearin	ig on a date or	dered by the	Court, pro	vided in the
Preliminary	Approval	Order, and	in compliance	with applicat	le law, to	determine	whether the
Settlement s	hould be a	ipproved as f	air, reasonable,	and adequate	, and to dete	ermine whe	ther a Final
Approval Or	rder and Fi	nal Judgmen	should be ente	red dismissing	the Action	with prejuc	lice;

- (c) Determining that the notice of the Settlement and of the Fairness Hearing, as set forth in this Stipulation of Settlement, complies with all legal requirements, including but not limited to the Due Process Clause of the United States Constitution;
- (d) Preliminarily approving the form of the Final Approval Order and Final Judgment;
 - (e) Appointing the Settlement Administrator;
- (f) Directing that Class Notice shall be given to the Class as provided in Section IV of this Settlement;
- (g) Providing that Class Members will have until the Payment Method Election

 Deadline to submit Payment Method Election Forms;
- (h) Providing that any objections by any Class Member to the certification of the Class and the proposed Settlement contained in this Stipulation of Settlement, and/or the entry of the Final Approval Order and Final Judgment, shall be heard and any papers submitted in support of said objections shall be considered by the Court at the Fairness Hearing.
- (i) Establishing dates by which the Parties shall file and serve all papers in support of the application for final approval of the Settlement and in response to any valid and timely objections;
- (j) Providing that all Class Members will be bound by the Final Approval Order and Final Judgment unless such Class Members timely file valid written requests for exclusion or opt out in accordance with this Settlement and the Class Notice;
- (k) Providing that Class Members wishing to exclude themselves from the Settlement will have until the date specified in the Class Notice and the Preliminary Approval Order to submit a valid written request for exclusion or opt out to the Settlement Administrator;

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- (l) Providing a procedure for Class Members to request exclusion or opt out from the Settlement:
- (m) Directing the Parties, pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Stipulation of Settlement, to take all necessary and appropriate steps to establish the means necessary to implement the Settlement;
- (n) Pending the Fairness Hearing, staying all proceedings in the Action, other than proceedings necessary to carry out or enforce the terms and conditions of this Stipulation of Settlement and the Preliminary Approval Order; and
- 44. Following the entry of the Preliminary Approval Order, Class Notice shall be given and published in the manner directed and approved by the Court.
- 45. At the Fairness Hearing, the Parties shall seek to obtain from the Court a Final Approval Order and Final Judgment in the form substantially similar to Exhibits A and B, respectively. The Final Approval Order and Final Judgment shall, among other things:
 - (a) Finally approve this Settlement;
- (b) Find that the notice to the Class complied with all laws, including, but not limited to, the Due Process Clause of the United States Constitution;
- (c) Incorporate the Release set forth in this Settlement and make the Release effective as of the date of the Final Approval Order and Final Judgment;
 - (d) Authorize the Parties to implement the terms of the Settlement; and
- (e) Retain jurisdiction relating to the administration, consummation, validity, enforcement, and interpretation of this Settlement, the Final Approval Order, Final Judgment, any final order approving Attorneys' Fees and Expenses and Service Payments, and for any other necessary purpose.
- 46. The Parties agree that the notice plan contemplated by this Settlement is valid and effective and that, if effectuated, it would provide reasonable notice to the Class, and that it represents the best practicable notice under the circumstances.

IV. THE SETTLEMENT CONSIDERATION

A. Settlement Fund

- 47. In consideration for the Release contained in this Settlement, and without admitting liability for any of the alleged acts or omissions, and in the interest of minimizing the costs inherent in any litigation, Defendants, jointly and severally, will pay the total sum of One Million Seven Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars and No Cents (\$1,750,000.00) to create the Settlement Fund for the benefit of the Class pursuant to the terms of this Stipulation of Settlement. There will be no reversion to Defendants of the settlement monies once the Settlement becomes final.
- 48. Defendants' joint and several payment obligations of the Settlement Fund shall be subject to and proceed as follows:
- (a) <u>Deposit</u>. Defendants agree to and shall make a payment of One Million Seven Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars and No Cents (\$1,750,000.00) and deposit that payment into the Settlement Fund within twenty (20) days after the Court enters the Preliminary Approval Order.
- (b) <u>Custody of Settlement Fund</u>. The Settlement Fund shall be deemed to be in the custody of the Court and shall remain subject to the jurisdiction of the Court until such time as the entirety of the Settlement Fund is distributed pursuant to this Settlement Agreement or returned to Defendants in the event this Settlement Agreement is voided, terminated or cancelled.
- (i) In the event this Settlement Agreement is voided, terminated or cancelled for any reason: (I) the Settlement Administrator, Class Representatives, and Class Counsel shall have no obligation to repay any of the Administration Expenses that have been paid or incurred in accordance with any term or condition of this Agreement or any costs or expenses incurred by Defendants in the furtherance of or related to this Agreement; (ii) any amounts remaining in the Settlement Fund, after payment of Administration Expenses paid or incurred in accordance with any term or condition of this Agreement, including all interest earned on the Settlement Fund net of any Taxes, shall be returned to Defendants; and (iii) no other person or entity shall have any further claim whatsoever to such amounts.
- (c) <u>Non-Reversionary</u>. This Settlement is not a reversionary settlement. As of the Effective Date, all rights of the Defendants in or to the Settlement Fund shall be extinguished, except

in the event this Settlement Agreement is voided, cancelled or terminated, as described in the preceding subparagraph of this Agreement. In the event the Effective Date occurs, no portion of the Settlement Fund shall be returned to the Defendants. Any Residual Funds (defined below in Paragraph 62) remaining in the Net Settlement Fund, after the Administration Expenses, Taxes, Attorneys' Fees and Expenses, Service Payment, and Settlement Shares, pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, have been paid, shall be distributed to the Residual Recipient.

- (d) <u>Use of the Settlement Fund</u>. As further described in this Agreement, the Settlement Fund shall be used by the Settlement Administrator to pay for: the (i) Administration Expenses; (ii) Taxes; (iii) Service Payment; (iv) Attorneys' Fees and Expenses; and (v) Settlement Shares pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Agreement.
- (e) <u>Financial Account</u>. The Settlement Fund shall be an account established and administered by the Settlement Administrator at a financial institution approved by Class Counsel and Defendants, and shall be maintained as a qualified settlement fund pursuant to Treasury Regulation §1.468 B-1, et seq.
- (f) Payment/Withdrawal Authorization. No amounts from the Settlement Fund may be withdrawn unless (i) expressly authorized by the Settlement Agreement or (ii) approved by the Court. Counsel for the Parties may jointly authorize the periodic payment of actual Administration Expenses from the Settlement Fund as such expenses are invoiced without further order of the Court. The Settlement Administrator shall provide Class Counsel and Defendants with notice of any withdrawal or other payment the Settlement Administrator proposes to make from the Settlement Fund before the Effective Date at least three (3) business days prior to making such withdrawal or payment.
- (g) Payments to Class Members. The Settlement Administrator, subject to such supervision and direction of the Court and/or Class Counsel as may be necessary or as circumstances may require, shall administer and/or oversee distribution of the Settlement Fund to Class Members pursuant to this Agreement. The Settlement Administrator is responsible for communicating with Class Members regarding the distribution of the Settlement Fund and amounts paid under the Settlement.

(h) Treasury Regulations & Fund Investment. The Parties agree that the Settlement Fund is intended to be maintained as a qualified settlement fund within the meaning of Treasury Regulation § 1.468 B-1, and that the Settlement Administrator, within the meaning of Treasury Regulation § 1.468 B-2(k)(3), shall be responsible for filing tax returns and any other tax reporting for or in respect of the Settlement Fund and paying from the Settlement Fund any Taxes owed with respect to the Settlement Fund. The Parties agree that the Settlement Fund shall be treated as a qualified settlement fund from the earliest date possible and agree to any relation-back election required to treat the Settlement Fund as a qualified settlement fund from the earliest date possible. Funds may be placed in a non-interest-bearing account as may be reasonably necessary during the check clearing process. The Settlement Administrator shall provide an accounting of any and all funds in the Settlement Fund, including any interest accrued thereon and payments made pursuant to this Agreement, upon request of any of the Parties.

(i) <u>Taxes</u>. All Taxes relating to the Settlement Fund shall be paid out of the Settlement Fund, shall be considered an Administration Expense, and shall be timely paid by the Settlement Administrator without prior order of the Court. Further, the Settlement Fund shall indemnify and hold harmless the Parties and their counsel for Taxes (including, without limitation, taxes payable by reason of any such indemnification payments). The Parties and their respective counsel have made no representation or warranty with respect to the tax treatment by any Class Representative or any Settlement Class Member of any payment or transfer made pursuant to this Agreement or derived from or made pursuant to the Settlement Fund. Each Class Representative and Settlement Class Member shall be solely responsible for the federal, state, and local tax consequences to him, her or it of the receipt of funds from the Settlement Fund pursuant to this Agreement.

V. <u>DISTRIBUTION OF THE SETTLEMENT FUND</u>

49. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Stipulation of Settlement, the Settlement Fund shall be used for the payment of: (a) costs and expenses paid to the Settlement Administrator that are associated with disseminating the notice to the Class, including, but not limited to, the Class Notice; (b) costs and expenses paid to the Settlement Administrator that are associated with administration and effectuation of the Settlement; (c) Settlement Shares to Class Members; (d) costs

of making payments to Class Members via digital payment (e.g. PayPal, or other available methods), or physical check; (e) costs of distributing Residual Funds (as defined below in Paragraph 62), if any, pursuant to this Settlement; (f) the Service Payment to Plaintiff as approved by the Court; and (g) Attorneys' Fees and Expenses to Class Counsel as approved by the Court. The Parties must approve any payment of costs or expenses under subsections (a) and (b) of this paragraph, and such approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.

- 50. All Class Members are eligible for relief from the Settlement Fund. The Net Settlement Fund shall be allocated as Settlement Shares to each Class Member in accordance with Section V.
- 51. Within ten (10) days after the Effective Date, the Settlement Administrator shall calculate the Net Settlement Fund by deducting the following from the Settlement Fund:
 - (a) the total Administration Expenses;
 - (b) the Service Payment to Plaintiff awarded by the Court; and
 - (c) the Attorneys' Fees and Expenses approved by the Court.
- Share as follows: Class Members who were the sole signatory to a lease ("Single Tenants") and who paid 1-3 Late Fees shall be entitled to an Initial Settlement Share of \$50; Single Tenants who paid 4-6 Late Fees shall be entitled to an Initial Settlement Share of \$75; Single Tenants who paid 7-9 Late Fees shall be entitled to an Initial Settlement Share of \$100; Single Tenants who paid 10 or more Late Fees shall be entitled to an Initial Settlement Share of \$125. If multiple Class Members were signatories to a single lease for which one or more Late Fees were paid (e.g., roommates listed on a lease), then the Settlement Share attributable to such Late Fees for a Single Tenant will be divided into equal shares for each such Class Member. For purposes of illustration only, if two Class Members lived together in a unit for which 8 late fees were paid, then each Class Member would receive an Initial Settlement Share of \$50 (i.e., \$100/2). Any disputes among multiple Class Members who were signatories to the same lease as to their respective shares of the Initial Settlement Share shall be exclusively theirs to resolve and shall not be decided in the course of the administration of the Settlement.

 53. Within twenty-one (21) days after the Effective Date, the Settlement Administrator shall provide the Parties with an Excel spreadsheet identifying all Class Members, including the following information for each Class Member: (i) first and last name; (ii) the e-mail address to which Email Notice was sent; (iii) the last physical address to which Postcard Notice was sent; (iv) whether the Class Member submitted a valid Payment Method Election Form; (v) if so, what method was chosen by the Electing Class Member; and (vi) the Initial Settlement Share.

A. Distribution of Initial Settlement Shares

- 54. The Settlement Administrator shall complete distribution of Initial Settlement Shares, as described herein, within forty-five (45) days of Effective Date.
- 55. Distribution of Initial Settlement Shares to Class Members shall be made by payment to Electing Class Members' chosen method of payment and by mailing physical checks to all other Class Members' last known address, according to Defendants' records as provided to the Settlement Administrator and as updated by the Settlement Administrator in connection with the Notice Plan set forth in Section IV of this Stipulation of Settlement.
- 56. Physical checks issued in connection with distribution of Initial Settlement Shares shall be good for 60 days, after which time they shall expire.
- 57. Within 110 days after the Effective Date, the Settlement Administrator will provide Class Counsel and Defendants with an Excel spreadsheet identifying: (i) all Electing Class Members for whom the Settlement Administrator was able successfully to deliver payment to such Electing Class Members' chosen method of payment; (ii) all Electing Class Members for whom the Settlement Administrator was not able successfully to deliver payment to such Electing Class Members' chosen method of payment; (iii) all other Class Members who deposited physical checks mailed to them, and the amount of such deposited checks; and (iv) all other Class Members who did not deposit physical checks mailed to them, and the amount of those outstanding checks.

B. Distribution of Second Settlement Shares

58. If sufficient funds remain in the Net Settlement Fund after distribution of Initial Settlement Shares as set forth above, then the Settlement Administrator shall make a second distribution of Second Settlement Shares, if economically feasible and as described below.

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- 59. The second distribution shall be made by payment of Second Settlement Shares to the method of payment chosen by Electing Class Members whose Initial Settlement Shares were successfully paid and/or negotiated.
- Second Settlement Shares shall be calculated pro rata and in the same proportions as 60. to the calculation of Initial Settlement Shares as set forth above in Paragraph 52, such that Electing Class Members who were Single Tenants and who paid 1-3 Late Fees shall be entitled to the same Second Settlement Share; Electing Class Members who were Single Tenants and who paid 4-6 Late Fees shall be entitled to a Second Settlement Share higher than those who paid 1-3 Late Fees; Electing Class Members who were Single Tenants and who paid 7-9 Late Fees shall be entitled to a Second Settlement Share higher than those who paid 4-6 Late Fees; and Electing Class Members who were Single Tenants and who paid 10 or more Late Fees shall be entitled to a Second Settlement Share higher than those who paid 7-9 Late Fees. The amounts paid to each group shall depend on the thenavailable remaining Settlement Fund Balance. If multiple Electing Class Members were signatories to a single lease for which one or more Late Fees were paid (e.g., roommates listed on a lease), then the Second Settlement Share attributable to such Late Fees for a Single Tenant will be divided into equal shares for each such Electing Class Member. Any disputes among multiple Electing Class Members who were signatories to the same lease as to their respective shares of the Second Settlement Share shall be exclusively theirs to resolve and shall not be decided in the course of the administration of the Settlement.
- 61. Within 140 days after the Effective Date, the Settlement Administrator will provide Class Counsel and Defendants with an Excel spreadsheet identifying: (i) all Electing Class Members for whom the Settlement Administrator was able successfully to deliver payment of Second Settlement Shares to such Electing Class Members' chosen method of payment; and (ii) all Electing Class Members for whom the Settlement Administrator was not able successfully to deliver payment of Second Settlement Shares to such Electing Class Members' chosen method of payment.

C. Distribution of the Residual

62. In the event the entire amount of the Net Settlement Fund is not depleted through distribution of Initial Settlement Shares and Second Settlement Shares, or insufficient funds remain

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in the Net Settlement Fund after distribution of Initial Settlement Shares to effectuate economically feasible distribution of Second Settlement Shares ("Residual Funds"), the Settlement Administrator shall distribute the Residual Funds, subject to the Court's approval, to the Residual Recipient.

63. Residual Funds will not be returned to Defendants.

NOTICE OF THE SETTLEMENT

- 64. The Parties shall jointly recommend and retain Angeion Group to be the Settlement Administrator. Following the Court's preliminary approval of this Settlement and the Court's appointment of the proposed Settlement Administrator, the Settlement Administrator shall disseminate the Class Notice as provided for herein and as specified in the Preliminary Approval Order.
- 65. By August 5, 2022, Defendants shall provide to the Settlement Administrator the name, last known e-mail addresses and billing addresses, and number of Late Fees paid from December 10, 2014, to May 16, 2022, of all Class Members.
- 66. The notice program is to be substantially completed not later than thirty (30) days after the Notice Date, subject to the requirements of this Settlement and the Preliminary Approval Order. The Parties will coordinate with the Settlement Administrator as needed to provide notice to the Class as set forth herein.

67. Dissemination of Class Notice:

- Prior to the Notice Date, the Settlement Administrator will establish the Settlement Website, at which the Long Form Notice will be posted along with other relevant case documents and any important updates on the progress of the Action or this Settlement, including information concerning the Fairness Hearing. The Settlement Website shall provide Class Members with the ability to complete and submit the Payment Method Election Form electronically. The Internet website shall also make the Payment Method Election Form available for download.
- The Settlement Administrator will email the Email Notice to all Class (b) Members for whom Defendants have provided an email address. The Email Notice will include the number of Late Fees the recipient paid, according to Defendants' records, and will refer class members to the Settlement Website for further information. After an approximate 24-72-hour rest

period following the initial email campaign, which allows any temporary block at the ISP level to expire, the Settlement Administrator will direct a second round of email notice to any email addresses that were previously identified as "soft-bounces."

- (c) The Settlement Administrator will mail the Postcard Notice, which will include the number of Late Fees the recipient paid, according to Defendants' records, and will refer class members to the Settlement Website for further information, to all Class Members: (a) to whom the Settlement Administrator has reason to believe emails were not received (e.g., "bounce-backs"); or (b) for whom Defendants have not provided an email address.
- (d) To obtain the most current mailing addresses for Class Members whose contact information is provided to the Settlement Administrator, the addresses provided will be processed through the USPS National Change of Address ("NCOA") database.
- (e) Postcard Notices that are returned as undeliverable by the USPS and have a forwarding address will be re-mailed to that forwarding address by the Settlement Administrator.
- (f) Postcard Notices that are returned as undeliverable by the USPS without a forwarding address will be subject to address verification searches ("skip tracing"), to locate updated addresses. Postcard Notices will then be re-mailed by the Settlement Administrator to the updated addresses located through skip tracing.
- (g) Within seven (7) days after the Notice Date, Defendants will post a prominent link to the Settlement Website on the payment portal webpage through which Class Members pay rent.
- (h) Within seven (7) days after the Notice Date, Defendants will deliver push notifications to tenants who have opted into the system Defendants have in place for such notifications, including the RENTCafe Resident app.
- 68. <u>The Long Form Notice</u>: The Long Form Notice shall be in a form substantially similar to the document attached to this Settlement as **Exhibit D** and shall comport to the following:
- (a) General Terms: The Long Form Notice shall contain a plain and concise description of the nature of the Action and the proposed Settlement, including information on the definition of the Class, the identity of Class Members, how the proposed Settlement would provide

relief to Class Members, what claims are released under the proposed Settlement, and other relevant information.

- (b) Opt-Out Rights: The Long Form Notice shall inform Class Members that they have the right to opt out of the Settlement. The Long Form Notice shall provide the deadlines and procedures for exercising this right.
- (c) Objection to Settlement: The Long Form Notice shall inform Class Members of their right to object to the proposed Settlement and appear at the Fairness Hearing. The Class Notice shall provide the deadlines and procedures for exercising these rights.
- (d) Fees and Expenses: The Long Form Notice shall inform Class Members that fees and expenses related to the Settlement Administrator will be deducted from the Settlement Fund, the maximum amounts to be sought by Class Counsel as Attorneys' Fees and Expenses and as a Service Payment to Plaintiff, and shall explain that the fees and expenses awarded to Class Counsel, and the Service Payment to Plaintiff, in addition to amounts being made available for relief to Class Members, will be deducted from the Settlement Fund and be paid out of the Settlement Fund.
- Members to the Payment Method Election Form, both of which shall inform the Class Member that:

 (i) he or she can elect to receive the Settlement Share by digital payment; (ii) Electing Class Members may be entitled to Second Settlement Shares in addition to Initial Settlement Shares; (iii) in order to receive the Settlement Share by digital payment, and to be entitled to a Second Settlement Share, if available, the Class Member must fully complete and timely submit the Payment Method Election Form prior to the Payment Method Election Deadline; and (iii) that if the Class Member elects to receive the Settlement Share by a digital payment, it is the responsibility of the Class Member to ensure that the payment information in the Class Member's Payment Method Election Form is current until such time as the payment of the Settlement Share has been issued.
- 69. If any individual whose name does not appear in the class list provided by Defendants believes that he or she is a Class Member, he or she shall have the opportunity to dispute his or her exclusion from the Class. If an individual believes he or she is a Class Member, he or she must notify the Settlement Administrator by mail, email, or telephone within thirty (30) days after the distribution

of the Class Notice. The Parties will meet and confer regarding any such individuals in an attempt to reach an agreement as to whether any such individual should be regarded as a Class Member. If the Parties so agree, such an individual will have all of the same rights as any other Class Member under this Agreement. In the event that the Parties agree that the individual is a Class Member, the Settlement Share(s) to such individual shall be disbursed from the Settlement Fund. Under no circumstances will any action under this paragraph increase the amount of the Settlement Fund.

70. If any Class Member believes that he or she paid a different number of Late Fees than that which is set forth in the Notice to him or her, then he or she shall have the opportunity to dispute his or her information, by notifying the Settlement Administrator by mail or email, within thirty (30) days after the distribution of the Class Notice. The Parties will meet and confer regarding any such disputes individuals in an attempt to reach an agreement as to whether such individual(s) should be regarded as having paid a different number of Late Fees, and his or her Settlement Share(s) shall be adjusted accordingly. Under no circumstances will any action under this paragraph increase the amount of the Settlement Fund.

VII. SERVICE PAYMENT AND ATTORNEYS' FEES AND EXPENSES

71. Service Payment.

(a) In recognition of the time and effort the representative Plaintiff expended in pursuing this Action and in fulfilling his obligations and responsibilities as Class Representative, and of the benefits conferred on all Class Members by the Settlement, Class Counsel may ask the Court for the payment of a Service Payment from the Settlement Fund to the Class Representative. Defendants will not take a position on the application for the Service Payment by Class Counsel to the extent that such application does not exceed Five Thousand Dollars and No Cents (\$5,000.00). Class Counsel may apply to the Court for a Service Payment to be paid from the Settlement Fund of up to Five Thousand Dollars and No Cents (\$5,000.00) for the Class Representative's time, effort, and risk in connection with the Action. No amount has been guaranteed or promised to the Class Representative. The Court shall determine the final amount of any Service Payment to the Class Representative, in its discretion, based on the request filed by or on behalf of the Class Representative. Class Counsel will make an application to the Court for a Service Payment at least twenty-one (21)

days prior to the Objection and Exclusion Deadline.

- (b) Class Representative acknowledges that he: (i) supports the Settlement as fair, adequate, and reasonable to the Class, whether or not the Court awards any Service Payment; (ii) has not asserted any individual, non-class claims against any Defendant in the operative complaint; (iii) has not entered into any separate settlement agreement with any Defendant for a release of any reserved claims; (iv) has not received any additional consideration from any Defendant that other Class Members are not in a position to receive should this Settlement be approved, other than the Service Payment, which the Court may, in its discretion, award to the Class Representative; and (v) has read and considered this Agreement.
- (c) The ability of Class Representative to apply to the Court for the Service Payment is not conditioned on their support of the Settlement.
- (d) The amount of the Service Payment to be applied for as set forth herein was negotiated independently from the other terms of the Settlement. The negotiation was supervised by the Honorable Carl J. West (Ret.) as mediator. Further, the allowance or disallowance by the Court of an award of a Service Payment will be considered and determined by the Court separately from the Court's consideration and determination of the fairness, reasonableness, and adequacy of the Settlement.
- (e) The Service Payment as awarded by the Court shall be deducted from the Settlement Fund and paid by the Settlement Administrator from the Escrow Account within forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date and within no more than three (3) business days before the distribution of Initial Settlement Shares to provide the Settlement Administrator time to generate the necessary checks for distribution to the Settlement Class.
 - Attorneys' Fees and Expenses.
- 73. Class Counsel will make an application to the Court for an award of Attorneys' Fees and Expenses at least twenty-one (21) days prior to the Objection and Exclusion Deadline. The amount of the Attorneys' Fees and Expenses will be determined by the Court.
- 74. Class Counsel shall apply to the Court for payment of Attorneys' Fees and Expenses to be paid from the Settlement Fund. The Attorneys' Fees and Expenses to be applied for shall not

exceed the total of (i) one-third of the total amount of the Settlement Fund; and (ii) the total amount of Class Counsel's reasonable expenses incurred in the prosecution of the Action. Defendants will not object, appeal, or otherwise comment to any such fee and expense request.

- 75. The amount of the Attorneys' Fees and Expenses to be applied for by Class Counsel was negotiated independently from the other terms of the class Settlement. The Parties negotiated the Attorneys' Fees and Expenses to be sought by Class Counsel only after reaching an agreement upon the relief provided to the Class. The entire negotiation was supervised by the Honorable Carl J. West (Ret.) as mediator. The attorneys' fees shall be split between the two firms who make up Class Counsel, as defined above, pursuant to a written fee sharing agreement. Plaintiff has given written approval for this split of fees.
- 76. Any Attorneys' Fees and Expenses awarded by the Court shall be deducted from the Settlement Fund. Such payment will be in lieu of statutory fees Plaintiff and/or their attorneys might otherwise have been entitled to recover from Defendants. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, this amount shall be inclusive of all fees and costs of Class Counsel to be paid by Defendants and/or the Settlement Fund in the Action. Plaintiff and Class Counsel agree that Defendants shall not pay, or be obligated to pay, in excess of any award of Attorneys' Fees and Expenses by the Court, and that in no event shall Defendants be obligated to pay any amount in excess of the Settlement Fund.
- 77. The Attorneys' Fees and Expenses awarded by the Court shall be paid by the Settlement Administrator out of the Settlement Fund's escrow account within forty-five (45) business days after the Effective Date and within no more than three (3) business days before the distribution of Initial Settlement Shares to provide the Settlement Administrator time to calculate the amount of the Initial Settlement Shares and generate the necessary checks for distribution to the Settlement Class.
- 78. Subject to the Court's approval, Class Counsel shall have the sole and absolute discretion to allocate the Attorneys' Fees and Expenses amongst Class Counsel and any other attorneys for Plaintiff. Defendants shall have no liability or other responsibility for allocation of any such Attorneys' Fees and Expenses awarded, and, in the event that any dispute arises relating to the allocation of fees, Class Counsel agree to indemnify and hold Defendants harmless from any and all

such liabilities, costs, and expenses of such dispute.

79. Any petition or application for Attorneys' Fees and Expenses or for the Class Representative Service Payment shall be filed at least twenty-one (21) days prior to the Objection and Exclusion Deadline and made available for viewing and download on the Settlement Website. Updated or supplemental petition(s) by those making initial timely petitions only, limited to reporting new and additional professional time and expenses incurred in relation to the Settlement and claims administration process after the filing of the initial petition, shall be permitted to be filed after that date to ensure that the new professional time, costs and expenses on a going-forward basis in the Action are fairly accounted for by the Court and remain compensable, subject to the Court's approval.

VIII. RELEASES AND DISMISSAL OF ACTION

- 80. Forty-five days after the Effective Date, the Releasing Parties shall be deemed to have, and by operation of the Final Approval Order and Final Judgment shall have, fully, finally, and forever released, relinquished, and discharged all Released Claims against the Released Parties.
- 81. Members of the Class who have opted out of the Settlement by the date set by the Court do not release their claims and will not obtain any benefits of the Settlement.
- 82. The Court shall enter an order retaining jurisdiction over the Parties to this Stipulation of Settlement with respect to the enforcement and future performance of the terms of this Stipulation of Settlement. If any applications for relief are made, such applications shall be made to the Court.
- 83. Upon the Effective Date this Settlement shall be the exclusive remedy for any and all Released Claims of Plaintiff and Class Members.

IX. ADMINISTRATION OF THE SETTLEMENT

84. Because the names of Class Members and other personal information about them will be provided to the Settlement Administrator for purposes of providing cash benefits and processing opt-out requests, the Settlement Administrator shall keep all such information confidential and not disclose it to anyone other than Defense Counsel and Class Counsel and will ensure that any information provided to it by Class Members will be secure and used solely for the purpose of effecting this Settlement.

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- 85. In fulfilling its responsibilities in providing Class Notice, the Settlement Administrator shall be responsible for, without limitation, consulting on and designing the notice to the Class, including implementing the notice program set forth in Section VI, above.
- 86. The Settlement Administrator also shall be responsible for, without limitation, dissemination of Class Notice as set forth in Section VI, above.
- 87. The Settlement Administrator also shall be responsible for, without limitation, implementing the terms of the payment election process and related administrative activities that include communications with Class Members concerning the Settlement, the payment election process, and their options thereunder. In particular, the Settlement Administrator shall be responsible for: (a) printing, e-mailing, mailing or otherwise arranging for the mailing of the Class Notice in response to Class Members' requests; (b) making any mailings required under the terms of this Stipulation of Settlement; (c) establishing the Settlement Website; (d) receiving and maintaining any Class Member correspondence regarding requests for exclusion to the Settlement; (e) forwarding inquiries from Class Members to Class Counsel for a response, if warranted; (f) establishing an email address and post office box for the receipt of Payment Method Election Forms, exclusion requests, and any correspondence; (g) reviewing Payment Method Election Forms according to the review protocols agreed to by the Parties and set forth in this Stipulation of Settlement; (h) distributing the Initial Settlement Shares and Second Settlement Shares as set forth in this Agreement; and (i) otherwise implementing and/or assisting with the Payment Method Election Form review process and the payment of Settlement Shares to Class Members.
- 88. The Settlement Administrator shall administer the Settlement in accordance with the terms of this Settlement and, without limiting the foregoing, shall:
- (a) Treat any and all documents, communications and other information and materials received in connection with the administration of the Settlement, including Class Members' personally identifiable information, as confidential and shall not disclose any or all such documents, communications or other information to any person or entity except as provided for in this Stipulation of Settlement or by court order;

(b)	Receive requests for exclusion or opt-out requests from Class Members and
provide to Class Co	unsel and Defense Counsel a copy thereof within three (3) days of receipt. If the
Settlement Adminis	trator receives any requests for exclusion or opt-out request after the deadline for
the submission of su	ch requests, the Settlement Administrator shall promptly provide Class Counsel
and Defense Counse	el with copies thereof; and

- (c) Receive and maintain all correspondence from any Class Member regarding the Settlement.
- 89. The Settlement Administrator shall be reimbursed, for Administration Expenses estimated to total \$59,575, from the Settlement Fund no later than forty-five days after the Effective Date.
- 90. Each Class Member may submit a Payment Method Election Form. Class Members must follow and abide by the instructions set forth in the Payment Method Election Form. Payment Method Election Forms will be: (a) included on the Settlement Website; and (b) made readily available from the Settlement Administrator, as provided in the Preliminary Approval Order.
- 91. Payment Method Election Forms that do not meet the requirements set forth in this Settlement and in the Payment Method Election Form instructions shall be rejected. Where a good faith basis exists, the Settlement Administrator may reject a Class Member's Payment Method Election Form for, among other reasons, the following:
 - (a) Failure to fully complete and/or sign the Payment Method Election Form;
 - (b) Illegible Payment Method Election Form;
- (c) The person submitting the Payment Method Election Form is not a Class Member;
 - (d) The Payment Method Election Form is fraudulent;
- (e) The Payment Method Election Form is duplicative of another Payment Method
 Election Form;
- (f) The person submitting the Payment Method Election Form requests that payment be made to a person or entity other than the Class Member for whom the Payment Method Election Form is submitted;

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- (g) Failure to submit a Payment Method Election Form by the Payment Method Election Deadline; and/or
- (h) The Payment Method Election Form otherwise does not meet the requirements of this Stipulation of Settlement.
- 92. The Settlement Administrator shall determine whether a Payment Method Election Form meets the requirements set forth in this Stipulation of Settlement. Each Payment Method Election Form shall be submitted to and reviewed by the Settlement Administrator, who shall determine the extent, if any, to which the election shall be allowed.
- 93. Payment Method Election Forms that do not meet the terms and conditions of this Settlement shall be promptly rejected by the Settlement Administrator. The Settlement Administrator shall have fourteen (14) days from the Payment Method Election Deadline to exercise the right of rejection. The Settlement Administrator shall notify the Class Member using the contact information provided in the Payment Method Election Form of the rejection. Class Counsel and Defense Counsel shall be provided with copies of all such notifications to Class Members. If any Class Member whose Payment Method Election Form has been rejected, in whole or in part, desires to contest such rejection, the Class Member must, within ten (10) business days from receipt of the rejection, transmit to the Settlement Administrator by e-mail or U.S. mail a notice and statement of reasons indicating the grounds for contesting the rejection, along with any supporting documentation, and requesting further review by the Settlement Administrator, in consultation with Class Counsel and Defense Counsel, of the denial of the Payment Method Election Form. If Class Counsel and Defense Counsel cannot agree on a resolution of the Class Member's notice contesting the rejection, the disputed Payment Method Election Form shall be presented to the Court, or a referee appointed by the Court for summary and non-appealable resolution.
- 94. No person shall have any claim against Defendants, Defense Counsel, Plaintiff, Class Counsel, the Class, and/or the Settlement Administrator based on any eligibility determinations, distributions, or awards made in accordance with this Stipulation of Settlement. This provision does not affect or limit in any way the right of review by the Court or referee of any disputed Payment Method Election Forms as provided in this Stipulation of Settlement.

- 95. A Payment Method Election Form may be submitted electronically at the Settlement Website. The Payment Method Election Form shall be deemed to have been submitted when it is actually received by the Settlement Administrator.
- 96. Class Counsel and Defense Counsel shall have the right to inspect the Payment Method Election Forms and supporting documentation received by the Settlement Administrator at any time upon reasonable notice.
- 97. Any Class Member who, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Stipulation of Settlement, does not seek exclusion from the Class will be bound together with all Class Members by all of the terms of this Stipulation of Settlement, including the terms of the Final Approval Order and Final Judgment to be entered in the Action and the releases provided for herein, and will be barred from bringing any action in any forum (state or federal) against any of the Released Parties concerning the Released Claims.
- 98. Not later than twenty-one (21) days before the date of the Fairness Hearing, the Settlement Administrator shall file with the Court a document: (a) containing a list of those persons who have opted out or excluded themselves from the Settlement; (b) stating the total estimated number of Class Members, and (c) the details regarding the number of valid Payment Method Election Forms received and processed by the Settlement Administrator.
- 99. The Settlement Administrator may retain one or more persons to assist in the completion of its responsibilities.
- 100. If the Settlement is not approved or for any reason the Effective Date does not occur, no payments or distributions of any kind shall be made pursuant to this Stipulation of Settlement, except for the costs and expenses of the Settlement Administrator, which shall be paid out of the Escrow Account, and for which Plaintiff and/or Class Counsel are not responsible. In the event the Settlement Administrator fails to perform its duties, and/or makes a material or fraudulent misrepresentation to, or conceals requested material information from, Class Counsel, Defendants, and/or Defense Counsel, then the party to whom the misrepresentation is made shall, in addition to any other appropriate relief, have the right to demand that the Settlement Administrator immediately be replaced. No party shall unreasonably withhold consent to remove the Settlement Administrator.

 The Parties will attempt to resolve any disputes regarding the retention or dismissal of the Settlement Administrator in good faith, and, if they are unable to do so, will refer the matter to the Court for resolution.

101. Defendants and the Released Parties are not obligated to (and will not be obligated to) compute, estimate, or pay any taxes on behalf of any Plaintiff, any Class Member, Class Counsel, and/or the Settlement Administrator.

X. REQUESTS FOR EXCLUSION (OPT-OUTS) AND OBJECTIONS

102. Requests for Exclusion.

- (a) Any Class Member who wishes to be excluded from the Class must do one of the following: (1) mail a written request for exclusion to the Settlement Administrator at the address provided in the Long Form Notice, postmarked by the Objection and Exclusion Deadline ordered by the Court in the Preliminary Approval Order; or (2) send a written request for exclusion to the Settlement Administrator by e-mail, at the address or numbers provided in the Long Form Notice, before midnight Pacific Time on the Objection and Exclusion Deadline. The request must (a) state the Class Member's name, address, and telephone number; (b) reference to Seltzer v. Palmer, et al., Case No. 18STCV07828; and (c) clearly state that the Class Member wants to be excluded from the Class and not participate in the Settlement. A list reflecting all requests for exclusion shall be filed with the Court by the Settlement Administrator, via declaration, no later than fourteen (14) days before the Fairness Hearing. If a potential Class Member files a request for exclusion, he or she may not file an objection under Paragraphs 107 through 110 herein. Any otherwise valid request for exclusion filed within sixty (60) days of any re-mailed class notice shall be considered timely.
- (b) In the event any Class Member files a timely request for exclusion, he/she will not be a member of the Class, will not release any Released Claims pursuant to this Settlement or be subject to the Release, and will reserve all Released Claims he or she may have.
- (c) Any potential Class Member who does not file a timely written request for exclusion as provided in Paragraphs 102 through 106 herein shall be bound by all subsequent proceedings, orders and judgments, including, but not limited to, the Release, Final Approval Order and Final Judgment in the Action.

- 103. For those Class Members who submit a request for exclusion by email, the Class Member's typed name at the bottom of the email shall constitute their signature. The date of the postmark or email shall be the exclusive means used to determine whether a request for exclusion has been timely submitted. Requests for exclusion must be exercised individually by the Class Member or the Class Member's Legally Authorized Representative, not as or on behalf of a group, class, or subclass. All requests for exclusion must be submitted by the requesting Class Member (or their Legally Authorized Representative), except that the Class Member's counsel may submit a request for exclusion on behalf of the individual Class Member if:
- (a) The Class Member's counsel retains a copy of the Class Member's signed retention agreement with the counsel who is submitting the opt-out request, along with a copy of any other agreements between the Class Member and counsel who is submitting the opt-out request or their co-counsel, and agrees that any such agreements shall be provided to the Court *in camera* if the Court so requests;
- (b) The Class Member's counsel submits a declaration under penalty of perjury that:
- (i) Avers that the Class Member signed a retention agreement with the individual attorney signing the declaration and submitting the opt-out request, and identifies approximately when this occurred;
- (ii) Avers that the attorney signing the declaration (a) personally advised the Class Member of the estimate the parties provided of how much the individual Class Member would have recovered under the Settlement; and (b) personally inquired whether the Class Member would prefer to accept the settlement or opt out and maintain their right to pursue individual claims, and the Class Member consented verbally or in writing to opt out; and
 - (iii) Contains the advising attorney's original signature.
- 104. After entry of Final Judgment, all Class Members who are not included in the Opt-Out List approved by the Court shall be bound by this Settlement Agreement, and all their claims shall be released as provided for herein, even if they never received actual notice of the Action or this proposed Settlement.

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- 105. In the event that a Class Member submits a request for exclusion that the Parties do not believe was timely and/or properly submitted, the Court shall determine whether the request for exclusion was timely and properly submitted.
- 106. Class Members may object to or opt out of the Settlement, but may not do both. Any Class Member who submits a timely request for exclusion may not file an objection to the Settlement, submit a Payment Method Election Form, or receive a Settlement Share, and shall be deemed to have waived any rights or benefits under the Settlement.
- Objections. Any Class Member who has not filed a timely written request for exclusion and who wishes to object to the fairness, reasonableness, or adequacy of this Agreement or the proposed Settlement, or to the award of Attorneys' Fees and Expenses, or to the Service Payment to the Class Representative, should do one of the following: (1) mail a written statement, describing the Class Member's objections in the specific manner set forth in this Section, to the Settlement Administrator at the address provided in the Long Form Notice, postmarked by the Objection and Exclusion Deadline ordered by the Court in the Preliminary Approval Order; or (2) send a written statement, describing the Class Member's objections in the specific manner set forth in this Section, to the Settlement Administrator by e-mail, at the address or numbers provided in the Long Form Notice, before midnight Pacific Time on the Objection and Exclusion Deadline, Any such objection shall include: (1) the full name of Objector; (2) the full address of Objector; (3) the specific reason(s), if any, for the objection, including any legal support the Class Member wishes to bring to the Court's attention; (4) copies of any evidence or other information the Class Member wishes to introduce in support of the objections; (5) a statement of whether the Class Member intends to appear and argue at the Fairness Hearing; (6) the individual Class Member's written signature, with date; and (7) reference to Seltzer v. Palmer, et al., Case No. 18STCV07828. Class Members may personally object or object through an attorney retained at their own expense, however, each individual Class Member objecting to the Settlement, in whole or part, shall personally sign the objection. The objection must also include an explanation why he, she or them falls within the definition of the Class. In addition, any Class Member objecting to the Settlement shall provide a list of all other objections submitted by the objector, or the objector's counsel, to any class action settlements submitted in any state or federal

 court in the United States in the previous five years. If the Class Member, or his, her, or its counsel, has not objected to any other class action settlement in the United States in the previous five years, he, she or it shall affirmatively so state in the objection. Class Members who submit an objection may be subject to discovery, including written discovery and depositions, on whether he or she is a Class Member, and any other topic that the Court deems appropriate.

- 108. Notwithstanding paragraph 106 above, any Class Member may appear at the Fairness Hearing, either in person or through personal counsel hired at the Class Member's own expense, to object to the fairness, reasonableness, or adequacy of this Agreement or the proposed Settlement, or to the award of Attorneys' Fees and Expenses, or Service Payment to the Plaintiff and/or the Class Representative.
- 109. Any Class Member who objects to the Settlement shall be entitled to all benefits of the Settlement if this Agreement and the terms contained herein are approved, as long as the objecting Class Member complies with all requirements of this Agreement applicable to Class Members.
- 110. On the date set forth in the Preliminary Approval Order, a Fairness Hearing shall be conducted to determine final approval of the Settlement. A motion in support of final approval of the Settlement shall be filed no later than fourteen (14) days before the Fairness Hearing. A motion for Service Payment to the Plaintiff and an award of Attorneys' Fees and Expenses to Class Counsel shall be filed no later than twenty-one (21) days before the Objection and Exclusion Deadline. Upon final approval of the Settlement by the Court at or after the Fairness Hearing, the Parties shall present the Final Approval Order and Final Judgment, to the Court for approval and entry.

XI. MODIFICATION OR TERMINATION OF THE SETTLEMENT

by written agreement of the Parties and approval of the Court; provided, however, that after entry of the Final Approval Order and Final Judgment, the Parties may by written agreement effect such amendments, modifications, or expansions of this Agreement and its implementing documents (including all exhibits attached hereto) without further notice to the Class or approval by the Court if such changes are consistent with the Court's Final Approval Order and Final Judgment and do not limit the rights of Class Members under this Agreement.

112. In the event the terms or conditions of this Settlement Agreement, other than terms pertaining to the Attorneys' Fees and Expenses and/or the Service Payment, are materially modified by any court, either party in its sole discretion to be exercised within fourteen (14) calendar days after such a material modification may declare this Settlement Agreement null and void (with the exception of Paragraphs 48, 112, 113, 130, and 135 herein). In the event that a party exercises his/her/its option to withdraw from and terminate this Settlement Agreement, then the Settlement proposed herein shall become null and void (with the exception of Paragraphs 48, 112, 130, and 135 herein) and shall have no force or effect, the Parties shall not be bound by this Agreement, and the Parties will be returned to their respective positions existing immediately before the execution of this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event this Agreement is not approved by any court, or the Settlement is declared null and void, or in the event that the Effective Date does not occur, Class Members, Plaintiff, and Class Counsel shall not in any way be responsible or liable for any Administration Expenses, including any costs of notice and administration associated with this Settlement or this Agreement, except that each Party shall bear its own attorneys' fees and costs and Defendants' future payment obligations shall cease.

113. Notwithstanding the terms of this Settlement Agreement, if the Settlement is not consummated, Class Counsel may include any time spent in Settlement efforts as part of any statutory or other fee petition filed at the conclusion of the Action as valuable work done for the benefit of the Class and in furtherance of their claims, and Defendants reserve the right to object to the reasonableness of such requested fees.

XII. SETTLEMENT NOT EVIDENCE AGAINST PARTIES

114. The Parties expressly acknowledge and agree that this Stipulation of Settlement and its Exhibits, along with all related drafts, motions, pleadings, conversations, negotiations, information exchanged, and correspondence relating thereto, constitute an offer of compromise and a compromise subject to the mediation privilege, Cal. Evid. Code § 1119. In no event shall this Settlement, any of its provisions or any negotiations, statements or court proceedings relating to its provisions in any way be construed as, offered as, received as, used as, or deemed to be evidence of any kind in the Action, any other action, or in any judicial, administrative, regulatory or other proceeding, except that

carrying out the Settlement, in a proceeding to enforce this Settlement or the rights of the Parties or their counsel, and by Defendants in connection with any claim or action relating to Defendants' insurance coverage for the Settlement. Without limiting the foregoing, neither this Stipulation of Settlement nor any related negotiations, statements, or court proceedings shall be construed as, offered as, received as, used as or deemed to be evidence or an admission or concession of any liability or wrongdoing whatsoever on the part of any person or entity, including, but not limited to, Defendants, the Released Parties, Plaintiff, or the Class, or as a waiver by Defendants, the Released Parties, Plaintiff, or the Class of any applicable privileges, claims or defenses.

this Stipulation of Settlement is intended to be admissible and subject to disclosure for the purpose of

presumption, concession, or admission by Defendants of any default, liability or wrongdoing as to any facts or claims alleged or asserted in the Action, or in any actions or proceedings, nor shall they be interpreted, construed, deemed, invoked, offered, or received in evidence or otherwise used by any person in the Action, or in any other action or proceeding, whether civil, criminal or administrative, except that Defendants may file this Settlement or the Final Judgment in any action that may be brought against any Released Parties in order to support a defense or counterclaim based on principles of *res judicata*, collateral estoppel, release, good faith settlement, judgment bar, or reduction or any other theory of claim preclusion or issue preclusion or similar defense or counterclaim. Defendants expressly deny the allegations in the Action. Defendants do not admit that they or any of the Released Parties have engaged in any wrongful activity or that any person has sustained any damage by reason of any of the facts complained of in the Action

XIII. BEST EFFORTS

116. Class Counsel shall take all necessary actions to accomplish approval of the Settlement, the Class Notice, and dismissal of the Action. The Parties (including their counsel, successors, and assigns) agree to cooperate fully and in good faith with one another and to use their best efforts to effectuate the Settlement, including without limitation in seeking preliminary and final Court approval of this Settlement and the Settlement embodied herein, carrying out the terms of this Settlement, and promptly agreeing upon and executing all such other documentation as may be

reasonably required to obtain final approval by the Court of the Settlement. In the event that the Court fails to approve the Settlement or fails to issue the Final Approval Order and Final Judgment, the Parties agree to use all reasonable efforts, consistent with this Settlement, to cure any defect identified by the Court.

117. Each Party will cooperate with the other party in connection with effectuating the Settlement or the administration of claims thereunder. Any requests for cooperation shall be narrowly tailored and reasonably necessary for the requesting Party to recommend the Settlement to the Court, and to carry out its terms.

XIV. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- 118. This Settlement and its accompanying Exhibits set forth the entire understanding of the Parties. No change to or termination of this Settlement shall be effective unless in writing and signed by Class Counsel and Defense Counsel. No extrinsic evidence or parol evidence shall be used to interpret this Settlement.
- 119. Any and all previous agreements and understandings between or among the Parties regarding the subject matter of this Settlement, whether written or oral, are superseded and hereby revoked by this Settlement. The Parties expressly agree that the terms and conditions of this Settlement will control over any other written or oral agreements.
- 120. This Settlement may not be changed, altered, or modified, except in writing and signed by the Parties and approved by the Court. This Settlement may not be discharged except by performance in accordance with its terms or by a writing signed by the Parties.
- 121. All of the Parties warrant and represent that they are agreeing to the terms of this Settlement based upon the legal advice of their respective attorneys, that they have been afforded the opportunity to discuss the contents of this Settlement with their attorneys and that the terms and conditions of this document are fully understood and voluntarily accepted.
- 122. The Parties have spent substantial time negotiating this Settlement, during a portion of which it was impracticable, impossible, or futile to bring the Action to trial. Accordingly, in the event that this Agreement is not approved by the Court or the Settlement is terminated or fails to become effective in accordance with its terms, including, but not limited to, termination of the Agreement

pursuant to Paragraphs 111 through 113 herein, the time period from September 8, 2021 to the date on which this Agreement is terminated or fails to become effective, if any, (i) shall not count for the purpose of calculating the five-year period to bring the Action to trial under California Code of Civil Procedure ("C.C.P.") § 583.310, and (ii) shall not be used as the basis for any claims, rights, or defenses, except those relating to the foregoing provision relating to C.C.P. § 583.310, based on the passage of time during such period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that this Agreement is not approved by the Court or the Settlement is terminated or fails to become effective in accordance with its terms, Plaintiff does not waive the right to seek further time to bring this Action to trial by operation of law, or pursuant to C.C.P. § 583.310.

- 123. Without affecting the finality of the Final Approval Order and Final Judgment in any way and even after the Effective Date, pursuant to C.C.P. § 664.6, the Court shall retain continuing jurisdiction over (a) implementation of the Settlement; and (b) the Parties for the purpose of enforcing and administering this Agreement. Any disagreement and/or action to enforce this Agreement shall be commenced and maintained only in the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Los Angeles.
- 124. The waiver by any Party of a breach of any term of this Settlement shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any subsequent breach by any party. The failure of a Party to insist upon strict adherence to any provision of this Settlement shall not constitute a waiver or thereafter deprive such Party of the right to insist upon strict adherence.
- 125. The Parties represent, covenant, and warrant that they have not directly or indirectly, assigned, transferred, encumbered, or purported to assign, transfer, or encumber to any person or entity any portion of any claims, causes of action, demands, rights, and liabilities of every nature and description released under this Settlement.
- 126. This Settlement will be binding upon and will inure to the benefit of the Parties and their respective heirs, trustees, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.
- 127. The headings in this Settlement are inserted merely for the purpose of convenience and shall not affect the meaning or interpretation of this document.

- 128. Any exhibits to this Settlement are hereby incorporated and made a part of this Settlement.
- 129. This Settlement shall be governed and construed in accordance with the internal laws (as opposed to the conflicts of law provisions) of the State of California.
- 130. All agreements made and orders entered during the course of the litigation of the Actions relating to the confidentiality of information shall survive this Settlement.
- 131. All reference to "days" in this Settlement shall refer to calendar days, unless otherwise specified, provided that if a deadline provided for in the Settlement falls on a weekend or holiday, that deadline shall be the next day that is not a weekend or holiday.
- 132. This Settlement may be executed with facsimile or electronic signatures and in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which, when taken together, shall constitute one and the same instrument. The date of execution shall be the latest date on which any Party signs this Settlement.
- 133. This Settlement has been negotiated among and drafted by Class Counsel and Defense Counsel. Plaintiff, Class Members, and Defendants shall not be deemed to be the drafter of this Settlement or of any particular provision, nor shall they argue that any particular provision should be construed against its drafter or otherwise resort to the *contra proferentem* canon of construction. Accordingly, this Settlement should not be construed in favor of or against one Party as to the drafter, and the Parties agree that the provisions of California Civil Code § 1654 and common law principles of construing ambiguities against the drafter shall have no application. All Parties agree that counsel for the Parties drafted this Settlement during extensive arms'-length negotiations. No parol or other evidence may be offered to explain, construe, contradict, or clarify its terms, the intent of the Parties or their counsel, or the circumstances under which this Settlement was made or executed.
- 134. Defendants represent and warrant that the individual(s) executing this Settlement are authorized to enter into this Settlement on behalf of Defendants. The signatories to this Settlement hereby represent that they are fully authorized to enter into this Settlement on behalf of themselves or their respective principals.

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- 135. Any disagreement and/or action to enforce this Settlement shall be commenced and maintained only in the Court in which this Action is pending.
- 136. Whenever this Settlement requires or contemplates that one of the Parties shall or may give notice to the other, notice shall be provided by e-mail and/or next-day (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and Legal Holidays) express delivery service as follows:

Upon Class Counsel at:

Theodore Maya
tmaya@ahdootwolfson.com
Robert R. Ahdoot
rahdoot@ahdootwolfson.com
Tina Wolfson
twolfson@ahdootwolfson.com
AHDOOT & WOLFSON, PC
2600 W. Olive Avenue | Suite 500
Burbank, California 91505-4521

Caleb Marker caleb.marker@zimmreed.com ZIMMERMAN REED 6420 Wilshire Blvd. | Suite 1080 Los Angeles, California 90048

Upon Defense Counsel at:

Robert M. Waxman rwaxman@ecjlaw.com Jason L. Haas jhaas@ecjlaw.com ERVIN COHEN & JESSUP LLP 9401 Wilshire Blvd., Ninth Floor Beverly Hills, CA 90212-2974

Jacqueline Antonio
General Counsel
GHP Management Corporation, Inc.
Jacqueline@ghpmmngt.com
1082 West 7th Street
Los Angeles, CA 90017

137. The Parties reserve the right, subject to the Court's approval, to agree to any reasonable extensions of time that might be necessary to carry out any of the provisions of this Settlement.

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1			CLASS COUNSEL
2		10/26/2022	1/1/1- 0
3	Dated: _	10/26/2022	Theodore W. Maya
4			AHDOOT & WOLFSON, PC Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Class
5			
6	Dated:		
7	_		Caleb Marker ZIMMERMAN REED LLP
8			Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Class
9			
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11			DEFENSE COUNSEL
12 13			DEFENSE COUNSEL
14			ERVIN COHEN & JESSUP, LLP
15	Dated:		Jasa & Haas
16			Jason L. Haas For Defendants GHP Management
17			Corporation Geoffrey H. Palmer, and
18			Geoffrey H. Palmer dba G.H. Palmer Associates
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1	,	CLASS COUNSEL
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3	Dated:	1.11/ge
4		Theodore W. Maya AHDOOT & WOLFSON, PC
5		Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Class
6		
7	Dated: <u>12/01/2</u> 022	Caleb Marker
8		ZIMMERMAN REED LLP
9		Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Class
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11		
12		DEFENSE COUNSEL
13		
14		ERVIN COHEN & JESSUP, LLP
15	Dated:	Jasa & Haas
16		Jason L. Haas For Defendants GHP Management
17		Corporation Geoffrey H. Palmer, and
18		Geoffrey H. Palmer dba G.H. Palmer Associates
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1	138. The Court I	has jurisdiction of	over the Parties to this Stipulation of Settlement and the
2	Class.		
3	139. The Parties	believe that this	Settlement is a fair, adequate, and reasonable settlement
4	of the Action, and they hav	ve arrived at this	Settlement through arms'-length negotiations, taking into
5	account all relevant factors	s, present and pot	ential.
6	IN WITNESS WH	EREOF, the Part	ies hereto, by and through their respective attorneys, and
7	intending to be legally bou	nd hereby, have	duly executed this Stipulation of Settlement as of the date
8	set forth below.		
9			
10			<u>PLAINTIFF</u>
11			WeA AL
12	Dated: <u>10/28/20</u>)22	Heath Seltzer
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14			<u>DEFENDANTS</u>
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16	Dated:		
17			Geoffrey H. Palmer
18			
19	Dated:		
20	Dated.		Geoffrey H. Palmer dba G.H. Palmer Associates
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23	Dated:		GHP Management Corporation
24			By: Geoffrey H. Palmer
25			Its: President
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8	SUPERIOR COURT OF T	HE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
9	COUNTY OF	LOS ANGELES
10	HEATH SELTZER, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	CASE NO.: 18STCV07828 (Lead) Consolidated with No.: 20STCV22701
11	Plaintiff,	Assigned for all purposes to
12	v.	The Honorable Stuart M. Rice
13 14	GEOFFREY H. PALMER; GEOFFREY H. PALMER dba G.H. PALMER ASSOCIATES;	[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING MOTION FOR FINAL APPROVAL OF CLASS
15	GHP MANAGEMENT CORPORATION, a	ACTION SETTLEMENT
16	California corporation; and DOES 1-50, inclusive	Date: [DATE] Time: [TIME]
17	Defendants.	Department: 1
18		Date Action Filed: December 10, 2018 Trial Date: TBD
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	[PROPOSED] FINA	1 L APPROVAL ORDER

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The Court, (i) having heard and considered the oral presentations made at the Final Approval Hearing (including any materials and documents presented to the Court therein), (ii) having reviewed and considered the Settlement Agreement, the Motion, the Fee and Service Award Motion, and supporting papers and declarations, including the pleadings filed in support of the Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement and declarations and supplements thereto, and any timely and proper objections, and (iii) having determined that the settlement is fair, adequate, and reasonable, and good cause appearing thereon, makes the following findings and determinations, which are consistent with the Court's written ruling dated _______, 2022.

It is hereby ORDERED, ADJUDGED, and DECREED that:

- 1. The Court, for purposes of this Final Order, adopts all defined terms as set forth in the Settlement Agreement.
- 2. The Court, pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 382 and Rule 3.769(e) and (d) of the California Rules of Court, finally orders that the Settlement Class constitutes:

All tenants of Defendants' properties in the State of California from December 10, 2014, to May 16, 2022 who were signatories to a lease at the time one or more Late Fees were paid as the result of untimely rent payments for their unit.

(SA¶4).

- 3. Plaintiff Heath Seltzer fairly and adequately represented the Class Members and is the Class Representative so appointed by this Court's November 20, 2020 Order.
- 4. Caleb Marker of Zimmerman Reed LLP and Theodore Maya of Ahdoot & Wolfson, PC fairly and adequately represented the Class Members and are Class Counsel so appointed by this Court's November 20, 2020 Order.
- 5. With respect to the Settlement Class, the Court finds that: (a) the members of the Settlement Class are so numerous that their joinder is impracticable; (b) there are questions of law and fact common to the Settlement Class which predominate over any individual questions; (c) the claims of the Class Representative are typical of the claims of the Settlement Class; and (d) for purposes of settlement, a class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy considering: (i) the interest of the Settlement Class in individually controlling the prosecution of the separate actions, (ii) the extent and nature of any litigation concerning the controversy

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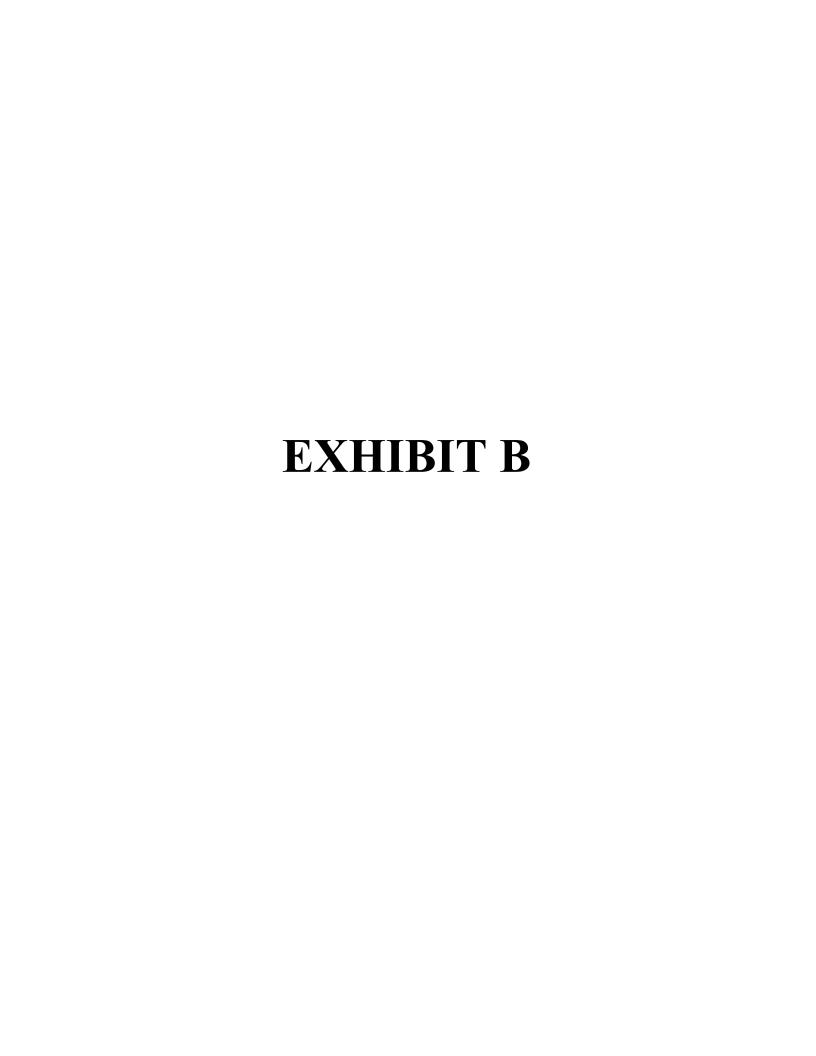
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already commenced by the Settlement Class, (iii) the desirability or understandability of concentrating the litigation of these claims in the particular forum, and (iv) the difficulties likely to be encountered in the management of the action.

- 6. Class Notice to the Settlement Class was provided in accordance with the Preliminary Approval Order and satisfied the requirements of due process, California Code of Civil Procedure section 382 and Rule 3.766 of the California Rules of Court and (a) provided the best notice practicable, and (b) was reasonably calculated under the circumstances to apprise Settlement Class Members of the pendency of the Action, the terms of the Settlement, their right to appear at the Fairness Hearing, their right to object to the Settlement, and their right to exclude themselves from the Settlement.
- 7. The Settlement Agreement was arrived at following serious, informed, adversarial, and arm's length negotiations conducted in good faith by counsel for the parties facilitated by an experienced mediator and is supported by the majority of the members of the Settlement Class.
- 8. The Settlement, as set forth in the Settlement Agreement, is in all respects fair, reasonable, adequate and in the best interests of the Settlement Class, and it is approved. The Parties shall effectuate the Settlement Agreement according to its terms. The Settlement Agreement shall be deemed incorporated herein as if explicitly set forth and shall have the full force of an Order of this Court.
- 9. Upon the Effective Date of the Final Judgment, Plaintiff and each Settlement Class Member, on behalf of themselves and any other legal or natural persons who may claim by, through or under them, agree to fully, finally and forever release, relinquish, acquit, discharge and hold harmless the Released Parties from any claims that were asserted, or that could reasonably have been asserted in the Action (based upon and/or arising out of the facts alleged in the Complaint), against the Released Parties, and that arise out of, or relate in any way to any or all of the acts, omissions, facts, matters, transactions, or occurrences that were alleged in the Action (based upon and/or arising out of the facts alleged in the Complaint).
- 10. Settlement Class Members, including the Settlement Class Representative, and the successors, assigns, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates or agents of any of them, are hereby permanently

[PROPOSED] FINAL APPROVAL ORDER

1	necessary purpose, and to issue related orders necessary to effectuate the final approval of the Settlement
2	Agreement.
3	18. The Settlement Administrator shall post the Final Order and Final Judgment on the
4	settlement website www.GHPLateFeeSettlement.com, forthwith.
5	19. The Court sets a compliance hearing for in Department of this Court. At
6	least five court days before the hearing, Class Counsel and the Settlement Administrator shall submit a
7	summary accounting of the Settlement Fund identifying distributions made as ordered herein, the status
8	of any unresolved issues, and any other matters appropriate to bring to the Court's attention.
9	20. The objections to the Settlement, the objections to the Fee and Service Award Motion,
10	the objections to the application by Class Counsel for attorneys' fees and reimbursement of expenses,
11	and the objections to the application by Class Counsel and Plaintiff for service awards are without merit
12	and are overruled.
13	21. The Court approves the Administration Expenses associated with the Settlement.
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15	IT IS SO ORDERED.
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17	Date: Honorable Stuart M. Rice
18	Honorable Stuart W. Rice
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	6 [PROPOSED] FINAL APPROVAL ORDER



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8	CUREDIOD COURT OF THE	HE STATE OF CALLEODNIA
9		HE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
10		LOS ANGELES
11	HEATH SELTZER, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	CASE NO.: 18STCV07828 (Lead) Consolidated with No.: 20STCV22701
12	Plaintiff,	Assigned for all purposes to The Honorable Stuart M. Rice
13	v.	[PROPOSED] FINAL JUDGMENT
14	GEOFFREY H. PALMER; GEOFFREY H. PALMER dba G.H. PALMER ASSOCIATES;	[I KOI OSED] FINAL JUDGMENT
15	GHP MANAGEMENT CORPORATION, a California corporation; and DOES 1-50,	
16	inclusive	
17	Defendants.	
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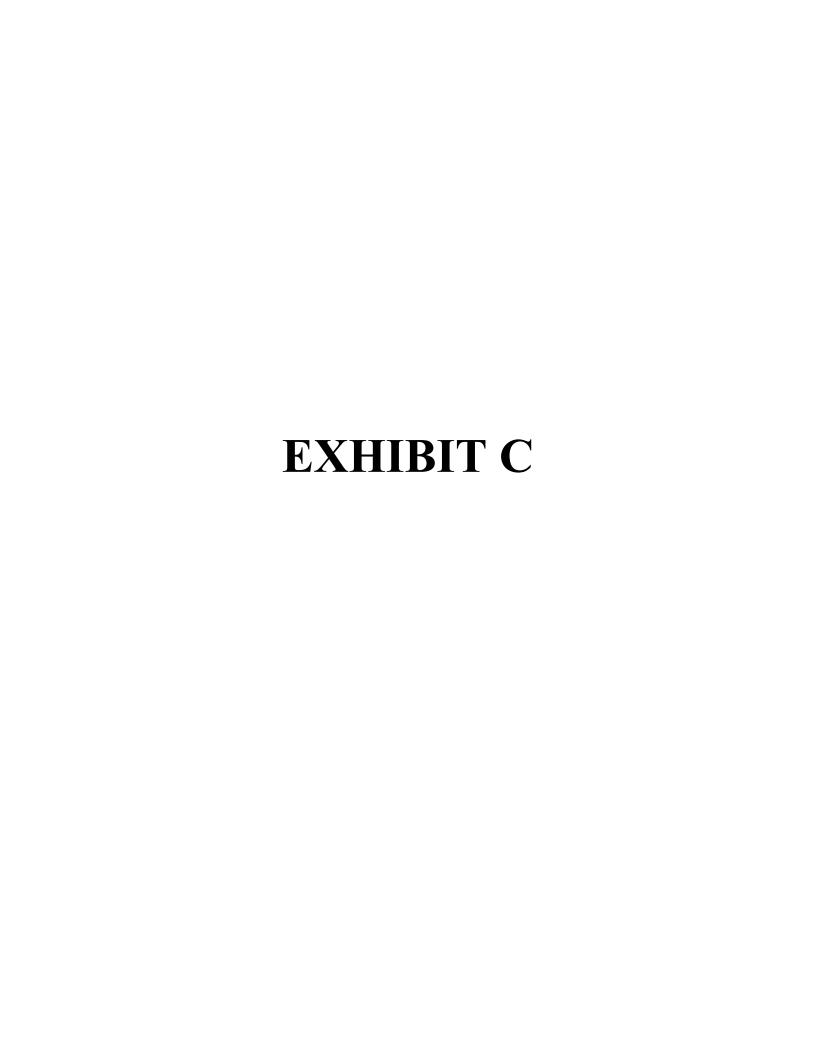
[PROPOSED] FINAL JUDGMENT

1	WHEREAS, this matter came before the Court for hearing on, 2022 in Department 1
2	of the Superior Court of California for the County of Los Angeles, the Honorable Stuart M. Rice
3	presiding ("Final Hearing"), in accordance with the (i) Order Granting Motion for Preliminary Approval of
4	Class Action Settlement entered by this Court on, and (ii) Plaintiffs' Motion for Final
5	Approval of Class Action Settlement seeking final approval of the settlement set forth in the Class Action
6	Settlement Agreement and Stipulation filed on (the "Settlement");
7	WHEREAS, the Court, having considered all papers filed in this action and oral arguments of
8	counsel in this action and those persons appearing at the Final Hearing, and otherwise being fully
9	informed, and good cause appearing thereon;
0	WHEREAS, on, 2022, this Court gave final approval to the class settlement and entered
1	its Order Granting Final Approval of Class Action Settlement; and
12	WHEREAS, unless otherwise defined herein, all capitalized words and terms contained in this
3	Final Judgment shall have the same meanings as set forth in the Settlement.
4	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that:
15	1. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of the Action, this litigation, and all
16	Parties to the Action, including all Settlement Class Members.
17	2. The Court, pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 382 and Rule 3.769(e)
8	and (d) of the California Rules of Court, orders that the Settlement Class shall bedefined as:
20	All tenants of Defendants' properties in the State of California from December 10, 2014, to May 16, 2022 who were signatories to a lease at the time one or more Late Fees as defined below were paid as a result of the untimely rent payments for their unit.
21	3. Excluded from the Action, this litigation and the Settlement Class are those persons who
22	have submitted valid and timely requests for exclusion. Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a list of all persons
23	excluded from the Action or the Settlement Class by submitting valid and timely requests for exclusion.
24	4. This Court hereby enters judgment in accordance with, and subject to, the terms set forth in
25	the Order Granting Final Approval of Class Action Settlement, and the Representative Plaintiffs and the
26	Class Members shall take nothing except as provided in the Settlement Agreement and the Order Granting
27	Final Approval of Class Action Settlement.
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[PROPOSED] FINAL JUDGMENT

1	13. Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, California Code of Civil Procedure section 664.6,
2	and Rule 3.769(h) of the California Rules of Court, this Court retains jurisdiction over the parties to
3	enforce the terms of the Settlement Agreement, the Order Granting Final Approval of Class Action
4	Settlement, and this Final Judgment.
5	14. This document shall constitute a judgment for purposes of California Rule of Court
6	3.769(h). The Clerk is directed to enter this Final Judgment forthwith.
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9	Date:
10	Honorable Stuart M. Rice
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[PROPOSED] FINAL JUDGMENT



<<Date>>

NOTICE OF PROPOSED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

The Court has authorized this Notice. This is not a solicitation from a lawyer.

THIS NOTICE MAY AFFECT YOUR RIGHTS—PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY

A settlement has been reached with Geoffrey H. Palmer, Geoffrey H. Palmer dba G.H. Palmer Associates, and GHP Management Corporation (collectively, "Defendants") in a class action lawsuit claiming that the Defendants have a policy and practice of collecting flat late fees of \$75 for rent payments received three or more days late that is in violation of California law. Defendants deny the allegations, and the Court did not issue a final decision in favor of either Plaintiff or Defendants. Instead, the parties have agreed to a settlement to avoid the expense, delay, and risk of continued litigation.

The Settlement will result in the creation of a \$1,750,000 Settlement Fund for the benefit of the Class. After making deductions for settlement administration expenses, any court approved Service Payment to the Class Representative and court approved attorneys' fees and expenses to Class Counsel, the remaining net Settlement Fund will be used to satisfy payments to Class Members (called "Settlement Shares").

Who is included?

You are a "Class Member" if you fall within the following Class definition:

All tenants of Defendants' properties in the State of California from December 10, 2014, to May 16, 2022 who were signatories to a lease at the time one or more Late Fees were paid as a result of untimely rent payments for their unit.

This is the definition of the Class that is being used by the Court to determine who is a member of the Class. Defendants' properties include the following properties in California:

- The Broadway Palace (North and South), Los Angeles, California
- Canyon Country Villas, Santa Clarita, California
- Colony Townhomes, Santa Clarita, California
- The DaVinci, Los Angeles, California
- Diamond Park, Santa Clarita, California
- The Lorenzo, Los Angeles, California
- The Medici, Los Angeles, California
- The Orsini (I, II, and III), Los Angeles, California

- Park Sierra, Santa Clarita, California
- Pasadena Park Place, Los Angeles, California
- Paseos Ontario, Ontario, California
- The Paseos at Montclair North, Montclair, California
- The Piero (I and II), Los Angeles, California
- Riverpark, Santa Clarita, California
- River Ranch Townhomes & Apartments, Santa Clarita, California
- Sand Canyon Ranch, Santa Clarita, California
- Sand Canyon Villas & Townhomes, Santa Clarita, California
- The Skyline Terrace, Los Angeles, California
- Summit at Warner Center, Woodland Hills, California
- The Terrace, Santa Clarita, California
- Upland Village Green, Upland, California
- The Village, Santa Clarita, California
- The Visconti, Los Angeles, California

What can you get?

The Settlement provides a \$1,750,000 "Settlement Fund" for the benefit of the Class. After making deductions for settlement administration expenses (estimated to be \$76,300), any Court-approved Service Payment to the Class Representative (not to exceed \$5,000), and any Court-approved attorneys' fees and expenses (not to exceed \$583,333.33), the balance of the Settlement Fund (the "Net Settlement Fund") will be distributed to satisfy payments to Class Members.

If you Choose to Stay in the Class: If the Settlement is approved by the Court and you do not exclude yourself, you will receive an Initial Settlement Share. To elect the method to receive your Initial Settlement Share, and to be eligible for a possible Second Settlement Share, submit a Payment Method Election Form by Month XX, 2022. It is not possible to know at this point exactly how much your Settlement Share payment will be, since the amount of payment will depend on factors that are not presently known. Payments to Class Members will be made only after the Court grants "final approval" to the Settlement and after any appeals are resolved. If there are appeals, resolving them can take time. Please be patient and check the website for updates.

If You Choose Not to be a Member of the Class: you may Opt-Out. If you Opt-Out, you will not be bound by any judgment in this Action, nor will you be eligible to share in any recovery that might be obtained in this Action. You will keep any right you have to individually pursue any legal claims that you may have against the Defendants with respect to the claims asserted in this Action.

What are My Options?

Do Nothing	If you are a Class Member and do nothing, you will receive an Initial Settlement Share by physical check to the last known address for you in Defendants' records, if the Settlement is approved and becomes final. However, you will give up your right to sue the Defendants and any Released Parties about the claims resolved by this Settlement. This check will be valid for 60 days. If you do not cash your check, the funds will be returned to the Settlement Fund and redistributed to Class Members whose Initial Settlement Shares were successfully paid or negotiated. After this Second Distribution, any residual funds will go to the California State Controller's Office for
	Unclaimed Property.
Submit a Payment Method Election Form Deadline: Month XX, 2022	If you are a Class Member, you may submit a Payment Method Election Form by Month XX, 2022 electing the method to receive your Initial Settlement Share if the Settlement is approved and becomes final. Submitting a Payment Election Form will permit you to receive an electronic payment, should you choose. Submitting a Payment Election Form also will make you eligible for a potential Second Settlement Share, to be paid via the same method as the Initial Settlement Share, if sufficient funds remain in the Settlement Fund after payment of all Initial Settlement Shares. You will be bound by the Settlement and give up certain rights.
Exclude Yourself (Opt-Out) from the Settlement Deadline: Month XX, 2022	If you do not want to be included in the Settlement or receive a payment from it, you can Opt-Out of the Settlement by submitting a valid written request for exclusion to the Settlement Administrator. If you Opt Out of the Settlement you will keep your right to sue the Defendants and any Released Parties about the claims resolved by this Settlement. If you only received a re-mailed notice, you may submit a valid request for exclusion within 60 days of receipt.
Object to the Settlement Deadline: Month XX, 2022	If you stay in the Settlement (do not opt-out) you may object to it or any of its terms by writing to the attorneys for the parties and the Settlement Administrator. If you object you will

	automatically receive the benefits from this Settlement if it is approved and becomes final and you will give up your right to sue the Defendants and any Released Parties about the claims resolved by this Settlement.
Go to a Hearing	You may attend and ask to speak at a hearing on the fairness of the Settlement. You may be heard at the Fairness Hearing regardless of whether you complied with any written objection procedures. As of April 4, 2022, Los Angeles Superior Court will no longer mandate masks, however they are strongly recommended inside the courthouse in alignment with LA County Public Health Guidance. The social distancing requirement was rescinded on June 28, 2021.

The Court's Hearing

The Court will hold a hearing in this case (*Seltzer v. Geoffrey H. Palmer, et al.*, Case No. 18STCV07828) at _:___.m. on [**DATE**] at Department 1 of the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles, Spring Street Courthouse, 312 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, California, 90012. At this hearing, the Court will decide whether to approve the Settlement, including the request for a Service Payment and attorneys' fees and expenses. You or your lawyer may appear at the hearing at your own expense.

What if I Need More Information?

A Detailed Notice, the Settlement Agreement, other related documents, important dates and deadlines, and other information are available at www.GHPLateFeeSettlement.com. Information is also available by calling 1-8XX-XXX-XXXX or by writing to the "GHP Late Fee Settlement Administrator" at P.O. Box XXXXXX, City, ST XXXXXXXXX or ___@GHPLateFeeSettlement.com.

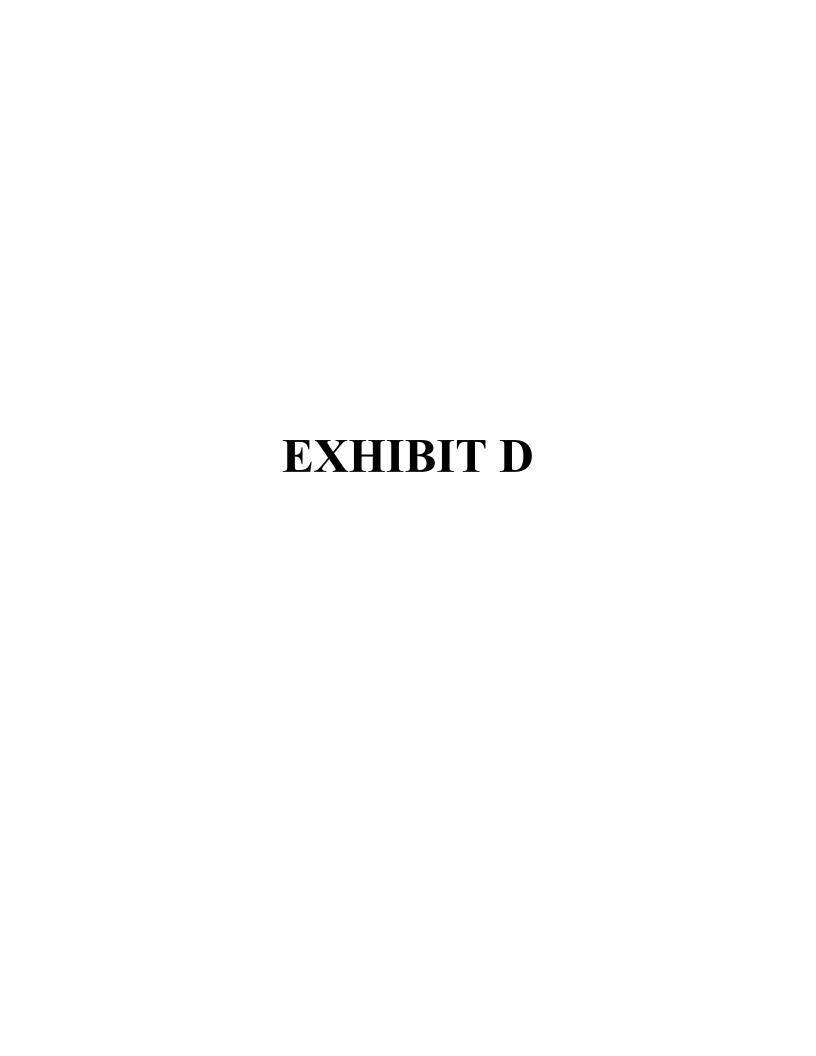
Complete copies of the Court's orders and all other documents filed in this Action may be examined and copied at any time during regular office hours at the offices of the Clerk of the Court, Los Angeles Superior Court, Spring Street Courthouse, 312 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, California 90012.

If you received notice of the action by the postal service at an address that is not current, you should immediately contact the Administrator by sending an email to email@email.com and provide them with your correct address. If the Administrator does not have your correct address, you may not receive notice of important developments in this Action.

PLEASE DO NOT CALL OR WRITE TO THE COURT OR THE DEFENDANTS FOR INFORMATION OR ADVICE

PLEASE NOTE THAT THE COURT AND THEIR EMPLOYEES AND TELEPHONE REPRESENTATIVES ARE NOT AUTHORIZED TO PROVIDE ANY INFORMATION RELATING TO THE SETTLEMENT, THIS NOTICE, OR ANY CLAIMS YOU MAY HAVE. IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS CONCERNING ANY MATTER RAISED IN THIS NOTICE, PLEASE CONTACT THE GHP LATE FEE SETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATOR IDENTIFIED ABOVE.

By:	/s/		
-	The Honorable Stuart M. Rice		
	Judge of the Superior Court		



SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

Seltzer v. Geoffrey H. Palmer, et al., Case No. 18STCV07828

If You Were a Tenant of Defendants' Properties in the State of California at any time from December 10, 2014 to May 16, 2022 and You Paid One or More Late Rental Fee(s), This Class Action Settlement May Affect Your Rights.

A court authorized this Class Notice. This is not a solicitation from a lawyer.

Si quisiera obtener un formulario de notificación en español, visite el sitio web del arreglo en www.GHPLateFeeSettlement.com, o comuníquese con el Administrador del arreglo, llama1-XXX-XXXXX.

- A Settlement has been reached with Geoffrey H. Palmer, Geoffrey H. Palmer dba G.H. Palmer Associates, and GHP Management Corporation (collectively, "Defendants") in a class action lawsuit claiming that the Defendants have a policy and practice of collecting flat late fees of \$75 for rent payments received three or more days late that is in violation of California law. Defendants deny the allegations, and the Court did not issue a final decision in favor of either Plaintiff or Defendants. Instead, the parties have agreed to a settlement to avoid the expense, delay, and risk of continued litigation.
- The Settlement will result in the creation of a \$1,750,000 Settlement Fund for the benefit of the Class. After making deductions for settlement administration expenses, any court approved service payment to the Class Representative and court approved attorneys' fees and expenses to Class Counsel, the remaining net Settlement Fund will be used to satisfy payments to Class Members (called "Settlement Shares").
- You are a "Class Member" and are eligible for relief from the Settlement Fund if you fall within the following Class definition:

All tenants of Defendants' properties in the State of California from December 10, 2014, to May 16, , 2022 who were signatories to a lease at the time one or more Late Fees were paid as the result of untimely rent payments for their rent.

This is the definition of the Class that is being used by the Court to determine who is a member of the Class. Defendants' properties include the following properties in California: The Broadway Palace (North and South), Los Angeles, CA; Canyon County Villas, Santa Clarita, CA; Colony Townhomes, Santa Clarita, CA; The DaVinci, Los Angeles, CA; Diamond Park, Santa Clarita, CA; The Lorenzo, Los Angeles, CA; The Medici, Los Angeles, CA; The Orsini (I, II, III), Los Angeles, CA; Park Sierra, Santa Clarita, CA; Pasadena Park Place, Los Angeles, CA; Paseos Ontario, Ontario, CA; The Paseos at Montclair North, Montclair, CA; The Piero (I and II), Los Angeles, CA; Riverpark, Santa Clarita, CA; River Ranch Townhomes & Apartments, Santa Clarita, CA; Sand Canyon Ranch, Santa Clarita, CA; Sand Canyon Villas & Townhomes, Santa Clarita, CA; The Skyline Terrace, Los Angeles, CA; Summit at Warner Center, Woodland Hills, CA; The Terrace, Santa Clarita, CA; Upland Village Green, Upland, CA; The Village, Santa Clarita, CA; The Visconti, Los Angeles, CA.

READ THIS NOTICE CAREFULLY BECAUSE YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS MAY BE AFFECTED.

SUMMARY OF YOUR OPTIONS		
DO NOTHING	If you are a Class Member and do nothing, you will receive an Initial Settlement Share by physical check to the last known address for you in Defendants' records, if the Settlement is approved and becomes final. However, you will give up your right to sue the Defendants and any Released Parties about the claims resolved by this Settlement. This check will be valid for 60 days. If you do not cash your check, the funds will be returned to the Settlement Fund and redistributed to Class Members whose Initial Settlement Shares were successfully paid or negotiated. After this Second Distribution, any residual funds will go to the California State Controller's Office for Unclaimed Property.	

SUBMIT A PAYMENT METHOD ELECTION FORM	If you are a Class Member, you may submit a Payment Method Election Form by Month XX, 2022 electing the method to receive your Initial Settlement Share if the Settlement is approved and becomes final. Submitting a Payment Election Form also will make you eligible for a potential Second Settlement Share, to be paid via the same method as the Initial Settlement Share, if sufficient funds remain in the Settlement Fund after payment of all Initial Settlement Shares. If you do not fill out a Payment Election Form you will automatically receive your share of the Settlement Fund via mailed check, and you will not be eligible for a Second Settlement Share. You will be bound by the Settlement and give up certain rights.
EXCLUDE YOURSELF (OPT-OUT) FROM THE SETTLEMENT DEADLINE: MONTH XX, XXXX	If you do not want to be included in the Settlement or receive a payment from it, you can Opt-Out of the Settlement by submitting a valid written request for exclusion to the Settlement Administrator. If you Opt Out of the Settlement you will keep your right to sue the Defendants and any Released Parties about the claims resolved by this Settlement.
OBJECT TO THE SETTLEMENT DEADLINE: MONTH XX, XXXX	If you stay in the Settlement (do not opt-out) you may object to it or any of its terms by writing to the attorneys for the parties and the Settlement Administrator. If you object, you will automatically receive the benefits from this Settlement if it is approved and becomes final and you will give up your right to sue the Defendants and any Released Parties about the claims resolved by this Settlement.
GO TO A HEARING DATE: MONTH XX, XXXX	You may attend and ask to speak at a hearing on the fairness of the Settlement. You may be heard at the Fairness Hearing regardless of whether you complied with any written objection procedures. As of April 4, 2022, Los Angeles Superior Court will no longer mandate masks, however they are strongly recommended inside the courthouse in alignment with LA County Public Health Guidance. The social distancing requirement was rescinded on June 28, 2021.

• The Court supervising this case has granted Preliminary Approval to the Settlement, but must still decide whether to grant Final Approval before any payments are made. The Fairness Hearing to decide whether to grant Final Approval of the Settlement will take place on **Month XX, XXXX**.

WHAT THIS CLASS NOTICE CONTAINS

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BASIC INFORMATION

1. Why Was This Notice Issued?

The Court issued this Notice because you have a right to know about a proposed settlement of this class action lawsuit, including the Settlement benefits, and about all of your options under the Settlement, before the Court decides whether to grant Final Approval of the Settlement.

The person who filed this class action is called the "Plaintiff" and Geoffrey H. Palmer, Geoffrey H. Palmer dba G.H. Palmer Associates, and GHP Management Corporation are the "Defendants." The Plaintiff filed the class action lawsuit in the Superior Court of California, for the County of Los Angeles. The lawsuit is called *Seltzer v. Geoffrey H. Palmer, et al.*, Case No. 18STCV07828.

2. What Is This Lawsuit About?

The lawsuit alleges that the Defendants have a policy and practice of collecting flat late fees of \$75 for rent payments received three or more days late that is in violation of California law. The Plaintiff contends that because this amount was not arrived at after a reasonable attempt to analyze the actual cost of late payment, these amounts constitute unlawful penalties and were not lawfully received by Defendants. The Defendants contend that the lawsuit is without merit and that Defendants' late fee policies are lawful. The Court did not issue a final decision in favor of either Plaintiff or Defendants. Instead, the parties have agreed to a settlement to avoid the expense, delay, and risk of continued litigation.

More information can be found at www.GHPLateFeeSettlement.com, by calling **1-XXX-XXXX**, or by writing to Class Counsel, whose addresses may be found below in Paragraph 11.

3. Why Is This A Class Action?

In a class action, one or more people called "Class Representatives" sue on behalf of themselves and all other persons or entities with similar claims. All of these persons or entities together are called a "Class" or "Class Members." The Court appointed the Plaintiff, Heath Seltzer, as the Class Representative for purposes of this Settlement.

4. Why Is There A Settlement?

The Court did not issue a final decision in favor of either Plaintiff or Defendants. Instead, both sides agreed to a settlement. The Class Representative and the attorneys that have been appointed by the Court to represent the Class believe that the Settlement is in the best interests of all Class Members.

WHO IS INCLUDED IN THE SETTLEMENT?

5. How Do I Know If I Am Part Of The Settlement?

You are a Class Member and part of the Settlement if you fall within the following Class definition:

All tenants of Defendants' properties in the State of California from December 10, 2014, to May 16,, 2022 who were signatories to a lease at the time one or more Late Fees were paid as the result of untimely rent payments for their unit.

This is the definition of the Class that is being used by the Court to determine who is a member of the Class. Defendants' properties include the following properties in California:

- The Broadway Palace (North and South), Los Angeles, California
- Canyon Country Villas, Santa Clarita, California
- Colony Townhomes, Santa Clarita, California
- The DaVinci, Los Angeles, California
- Diamond Park, Santa Clarita, California
- The Lorenzo, Los Angeles, California

- The Medici, Los Angeles, California
- The Orsini (I, II, and III), Los Angeles, California
- Park Sierra, Santa Clarita, California
- Pasadena Park Place, Los Angeles, California
- Paseos Ontario, Ontario, California
- The Paseos at Montclair North, Montclair, California
- The Piero (I and II), Los Angeles, California
- Riverpark, Santa Clarita, California
- River Ranch Townhomes & Apartments, Santa Clarita, California
- Sand Canyon Ranch, Santa Clarita, California
- Sand Canyon Villas & Townhomes, Santa Clarita, California
- The Skyline Terrace, Los Angeles, California
- Summit at Warner Center, Woodland Hills, California
- The Terrace, Santa Clarita, California
- Upland Village Green, Upland, California
- The Village, Santa Clarita, California
- The Visconti, Los Angeles, California

6. What If I Am Not Sure Whether I Am Included In The Settlement?

THE SETTLEMENT BENEFITS

7. What Does The Settlement Provide?

The Settlement provides a \$1,750,000 "Settlement Fund" for the benefit of the Class. After making deductions for settlement administration expenses (estimated to be \$76,300any Court-approved service payment to the Class Representative (not to exceed \$5,000), and any Court-approved attorneys' fees and expenses (not to exceed \$583,333.33), the balance of the Settlement Fund (the "Net Settlement Fund") will be distributed to satisfy payments to Class Members.

8. How Much Will My Payment Be?

The amount that you will receive as payment under the Settlement is called your "Settlement Share." The Settlement Share will be calculated by allocating the Net Settlement Fund as follows:

<u>Initial Settlement Distribution</u>: The Settlement Administrator will first make an Initial Distribution in which Class Members will be entitled to claim from the Net Settlement Fund according to the following schedule:

- Class Members who paid 1-3 late fees shall be entitled to an Initial Settlement Share of \$50;
- Class Members who paid 4-6 late fees shall be entitled to an Initial Settlement Share of \$75;
- Class Members who paid 7-9 late fees shall be entitled to an Initial Settlement Share of \$100;
- Class Members who paid 10 or more late fees shall be entitled to an Initial Settlement Share of \$125.

<u>The</u> Initial Settlement Share will be distributed equally to all signatories on a given lease, so the amount you receive from the Initial Distribution will be less than is shown here if you had roommates or other individuals on your lease.

<u>Second Distribution</u>: If sufficient funds remain in the Net Settlement Fund after the Initial Distribution, the Settlement Administrator will make a Second Distribution to the method of payment chosen by Class Members who submitted a Payment Election Form and whose initial settlement shares were successfully paid and/or negotiated.

It is not possible to know at this point exactly how much your total Settlement Share payment will be, since the amount of payment will depend on factors that are not presently known, including: (i) the number of Class Members who ultimately participate in the Settlement by submitting a Payment Method Election Form; (ii) the amount of the service payment to the Class Representatives that the Court may approve; (iii) the amount of the attorneys' fees and expenses to Class Counsel that the Court may approve; and (iv) whether or not you were and/or are a leaseholder with other persons.

For more information, please see the Settlement Agreement, available at www.GHPLateFeeSettlement.com

9. How Will I Receive Payment?

You may file a Payment Method Election Form online at the Settlement website, www.GHPLateFeeSettlement.com. The deadline to file an online Payment Method Election Form is 11:59 p.m. PST on Month XX, 2022. You may also download a Payment Method Election Form from the website and submit it by mail, postmarked by Month XX, 2022.

If you file a timely and valid Payment Method Election Form before the deadline, you will be given the option to receive your payment by direct credit to a PayPal account or other available digital payment forms, and you will be eligible for a Second Settlement Share.

If the Settlement is approved by the Court and you do not submit a timely Payment Method Election Form indicating the method you wish to receive your Settlement Share, you will receive your Settlement Share by mailed check, and you will not be eligible for a Second Settlement Share.

10. What Am I Giving Up In Exchange For the Settlement?

If you are a Class Member, and you do not Opt Out of the Settlement, and the Settlement becomes final, you will be releasing any claims that were asserted, or that could reasonably have been asserted in the Action (based upon and/or arising out of the facts alleged in the Complaint), against the Defendants and any of the Released Parties, and that arise out of, or relate in any way to any or all of the acts, omissions, facts, matters, transactions, or occurrences that were alleged in the Action (based upon and/or arising out of the facts alleged in the Complaint). The specific claims you will release are provided in paragraphs 32-34 and 80-84 of the Settlement Agreement, (available at www.GHPLateFeeSettlement.com.). A copy of paragraphs 32-34 and 80-84 of the Settlement Agreement, which sets out the claims released by you, if you are a Class Member, is attached to this Notice as Exhibit A.

THE LAWYERS REPRESENTING THE CLASS

11. Do I Have A Lawyer In This Case?

Yes. The Court has appointed the following attorneys as Class Counsel to represent you and the other Class Members. If you want to be represented by your own lawyer, you may hire one at your own expense.

Robert Ahdoot
Theodore Maya
AHDOOT & WOLFSON, PC
c/o GHP Late Fee Settlement Administrator
2600 West Olive Ave, Suite 500
Burbank, CA 91505
Telephone: (310) 474-911

Caleb Marker
ZIMMERMAN REED
c/o GHP Late Fee Settlement Administrator
6420 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 1080
Los Angeles, CA 900048

12. How Will The Lawyers Be Paid?

Class Counsel will ask the Court at the Fairness Hearing to award attorneys' fees and reimbursement of expenses incurred in litigating this case in an amount not to exceed one-third of the \$1,750,000 Settlement Fund (*i.e.* \$583,333.33). The Court will determine the amount of the attorney's fees and expenses awarded based on the work performed by attorneys for the Plaintiff who have participated in prosecuting this lawsuit, securing this settlement for the Class, and facilitating its implementation. These fees and expenses will be paid from the Settlement Fund before providing benefits to Class Members. The Defendants have agreed to not object to any fee and expense request that does not exceed one-third of the Settlement Fund.

13. Will The Class Representative Be Compensated?

The Class Representative Heath Seltzer will ask the Court at the Fairness Hearing for a service payment of up to \$5,000 for his efforts in initiating and prosecuting this case. The Court will determine the amount of the service payment which will be paid from the Settlement Fund before providing benefits to Class Members.

14. How Will The Settlement Administrator Be Compensated?

The parties have retained a third-party Settlement Administrator to assist them with certain administrative functions associated with the implementation of this Settlement, including the mailing and publication of the Class Notices, responding to requests for information from Class Members, maintaining a website that publishes information about this Settlement, and managing opt-outs and objections from Class Members. The Settlement Administrator's fees, which are estimated to be \$76,300 will be paid from the Settlement Fund before providing benefits to Class Members.

EXCLUDING YOURSELF FROM THE SETTLEMENT

15. What Do I Do If I Do Not Want To Be Included In The Settlement?

You have a right to exclude yourself or "Opt Out" of the Settlement. If you Opt Out of the Settlement, you will not release any claims against the Defendants. To Opt Out, you must do one of the following: (1) mail a written request for exclusion to the address below, postmarked no later than **Month XX**, **XXXX**, or (2) send a written request for exclusion to the Settlement Administrator by e-mail at ______@email, on or before 11:59 p.m. Pacific Time on Month XX, XXXX. If you only received a re-mailed notice, you may submit a valid request for exclusion within 60 days of receipt.

To Opt Out by mail, submit a written request that (1) clearly expresses your desire to be excluded from the Class, to not participate in the Settlement, and not to receive any Settlement benefits; (2) include your name, address, and telephone number; and (3) reference *Seltzer v. Geoffrey H. Palmer, et al.*, Case No. 18STCV07828. Submit your Opt Out request using the following information:

GHP Late Fee Settlement Administrator
XXXXXXXXXXX
XXXXXXXXXX
E-mail address: _____

If you Opt Out by email, your request must be submitted on or before 11:59 p.m. Pacific Time on Month XX, XXXX. If you Opt Out by U.S. Mail your request must be postmarked no later than Month, XX, XXXX.

16. What Happens If I Don't Opt Out By Month XX, XXXX?

If you do not Opt Out by **Month XX, XXXX** and the proposed Settlement is approved and becomes final, you will release all claims that you may have now against the Defendants with respect to claims or allegations arising from Defendants' practice of charging residential tenants flat late fees for rent that is not paid on time, and you will be prohibited from bringing any such claims in the future on your own behalf.

OBJECTING TO THE SETTLEMENT

17. How Do I Tell The Court That I Don't Like The Settlement?

If you are a Class Member and remain in the Class (*i.e.* do not Opt Out of the Settlement), you can object to the Settlement. The Court will consider your views. To object, on or before **Month XX, XXXX**, send the Settlement Administrator a written statement via U.S. mail or e-mail stating: (1) your full name; (2) your address; (3) the specific reason(s), if any, why you object to the Settlement, including any legal support you wish to bring to the Court's attention; (4) copies of any evidence or other information you wish to introduce in support of the objection; (5) a statement of whether you intend to appear and argue at the Fairness Hearing; (6) your written signature, with date; (7) a reference to *Seltzer v. Geoffrey H. Palmer, et al.*, Case No. 18STCV07828; (8) proof that you fall within the definition of the Class; and (9) list all other objections that you or your counsel (if applicable) you have submitted in any class action settlement in any state or federal court in the United States in the previous five years or if you or your counsel have not objected to any other class action settlement in the United States in the previous five years, you must affirmatively state so in the objection. You may personally object or object through an attorney hired at your own expense, however, you must personally sign the objection. Whether or not you comply with these procedures, you may appear at the Fairness Hearing, either in person or through personal counsel hired at your own expense, to object to the Settlement, or to any award of Attorneys' Fees and Expenses, or to any Service Payment to the Plaintiff.

Submit your written statement using the following information:

GHP Late Fee Settlement Administrator
XXXXXXXXXX
XXXXXXXXX

E-mail address:	
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If you choose to submit your written statement via U.S. mail, your request must be postmarked no later than **Month**, **XX**, **XXXX**. If you choose to submit your written statement by email, your request must be submitted on or before 11:59 p.m. Pacific Time on Month XX, XXXX.

18. What Is The Difference Between Opting Out Of the Settlement And Objecting To It?

Objecting is simply telling the Court that you do not like something about the Settlement. You can object only if you stay in the Settlement Class (*i.e.*, do not Opt Out). Opting Out of the Settlement is telling the Court that you do not want to be part of the Settlement. If you Opt Out, you cannot object because the Settlement no longer affects you.

THE COURT'S FAIRNESS HEARING

19. When And Where Will The Court Decide Whether To Approve The Settlement?

The Court will hold a Fairness Hearing before the Honorable Stuart M. Rice at xxx a.m. on Month XX, XXXX in Department X of the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles, Spring Street Courthouse, 312 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, California, 90012. At this hearing, the Court will consider whether the Settlement is fair, reasonable, and adequate, and whether to grant final approval of the Settlement. If there are objections, the Court will consider them. The Court also may decide how much to pay Class Counsel and to award the Plaintiff. After the hearing, the Court will decide whether to grant Final Approval of the Settlement. We do not know how long these decisions will take.

20. Do I Have To Attend The Hearing?

No. Class Counsel will answer any questions that the Court may have. However, you are welcome to come at your own expense. You also may pay your own attorney to attend the Fairness Hearing on your behalf. If you file an objection, you do not have to come to Court to discuss it. As long as your written objection is received on time, and you have followed the directions contained in the Answer to Question 17 above, the Court will consider the information provided in your written objection.

21. May I Speak At The Hearing?

You may ask the Court in advance for permission to speak at the Fairness Hearing. To do so, please send a letter saying that it is your "Notice of Intention to Appear in *Seltzer v. Geoffrey H. Palmer, et al.*, Case No. 18STCV07828." Please include your name, address, and telephone number, as well as the name, address and telephone number of any attorney who will appear at the Fairness Hearing on your behalf.

Please note that if you do not submit a Notice of Intention to Appear, you may still appear at the Fairness Hearing and request to speak to the Court. Please also note that if you do not object, you may still appear at the Fairness Hearing and request to speak to the Court.

Mail or e-mail your Notice of Intention to Appear to the Settlement Administrator at the addresses listed in Question 16 above no later than **Month XX, XXXX**. Be sure to reference the phrase "Seltzer v. Geoffrey H. Palmer, et al., Case No. 18STCV07828" on your notice.

22. How Do I Get More Information?

If you think you may be a Class Member and would like more information about the lawsuit or the terms of the proposed Settlement, you may review the pleadings, records and other papers on file in this lawsuit, including the Court's Order granting Preliminary Approval and the proposed Settlement Agreement, which may be inspected on weekdays, during normal business hours, at the Clerk's Office of the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles, Spring Street Courthouse, 312 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, California, 90012. The Preliminary Approval Order and Settlement Agreement are also available on www.GHPLateFeeSettlement.com. Future filings

such as the request for final approval and application for class representative service payments, and attorneys' fees and expenses will also be made available on this website. Additional information is available at the settlement website at www.GHPLateFeeSettlement.com, by calling 1-XXX-XXXX, or by writing to Class Counsel at the addresses in Question 11.

DO NOT CONTACT THE COURT ABOUT THIS NOTICE. THE COURT CANNOT ANSWERS ANY QUESTIONS ABOUT THE SETTLEMENT.

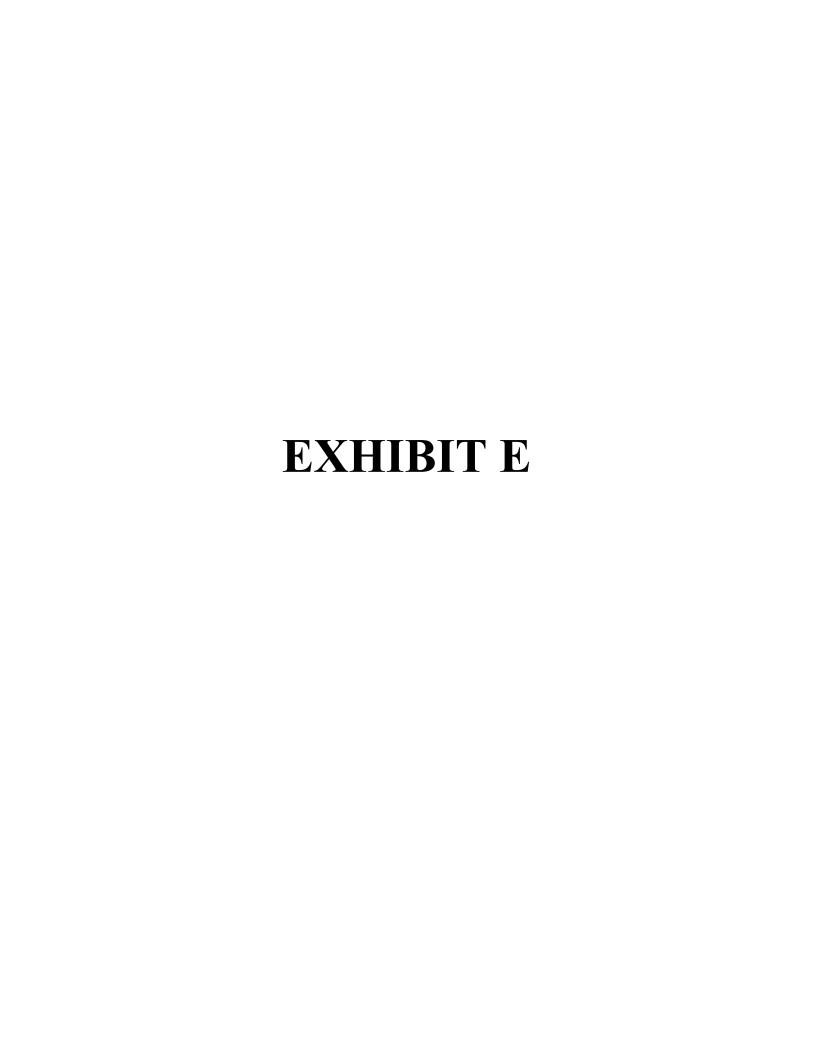
EXHIBIT A

<u>Paragraphs 32-33, 81-84 of the Settlement Agreement</u> <u>Seltzer v. Geoffrey H. Palmer, et al.</u>, Case No. 18STCV07828

RELEASE AND WAIVER

- 1. "Released Claims" means any claims that were asserted, or that could reasonably have been asserted in the Action (based upon and/or arising out of the facts alleged in the Complaint), against the Released Parties, and that arise out of, or relate in any way to any or all of the acts, omissions, facts, matters, transactions, or occurrences that were alleged in the Action (based upon and/or arising out of the facts alleged in the Complaint).
- 2. "Released Parties" shall include and mean Defendants and each of their past, present, and future employees, assigns, attorneys, agents, insurers, consultants, officers, and directors.
- 3. Members of the Class who have opted out of the Settlement by the date set by the Court do not release their claims and will not obtain any benefits of the Settlement.
- 3. The Court shall enter an order retaining jurisdiction over the Parties to this Stipulation of Settlement with respect to the enforcement and future performance of the terms of this Stipulation of Settlement. In the event that any applications for relief are made, such applications shall be made to the Court.
- 4. Upon the Effective Date: (a) this Settlement shall be the exclusive remedy for any and all Released Claims of Plaintiff and Class Members; and (b) Plaintiff and the Class Members stipulate to be and shall be permanently barred and enjoined by Court order from initiating, asserting, or prosecuting against the Released Parties in any federal or state court or tribunal any and all Released Claims.
- 5. Because the names of Class Members and other personal information about them will be provided to the Settlement Administrator for purposes of providing cash benefits and processing opt-out requests, the Settlement Administrator shall keep all such information confidential and not disclose it to anyone other than Defense Counsel and Class Counsel and will ensure that any information

provided to it by Class Members will be secure and used solely for the purpose of effecting this Settlement	i.



GHP Late Fee Settlement Settlement Administrator 1650 Arch Street, Ste 2210 Philadelphia, PA 19103

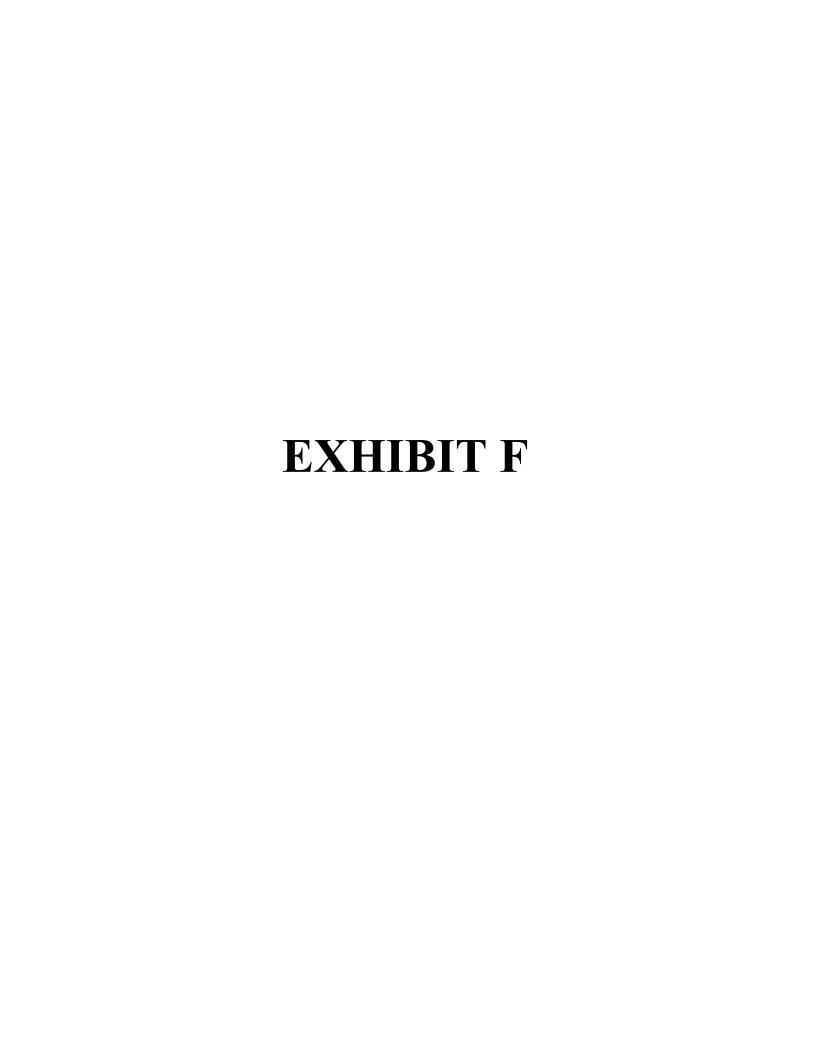
GHP Late Fee Settlement

Payment Method Election Form

You may quickly and easily file your Payment Method Election Form online at www.GHPLateFeeSettlement.com.

If you wish to file by mail, please complete and return this form to the Settlement Administrator with the appropriate postage to the following address:

	GHP Late Fee Settlem XXXXXXX XXXXXXX E-mail address	XXXXX XXXXX
The deadline to submit this form is	s Month XX, XXX	X.
STEP 1: Please provide the follow	wing information.	
First Name	MI	Last Name
Email Address		
Class Member Identification Num	nber as stated on your	email notice (optional).
you want to receive a digital paym Settlement Share by physical check	ent. If you do not el k mailed to your las	r phone number associated with your account if lect a digital payment, you will receive Your Initial at known address, according to Defendants' at Share, you must submit a Payment Election
□ PayPal (If checked) Pay□ Venmo (If checked) Ve□ Virtual Prepaid Card (In	enmo phone number	r:
I declare under penalty of perjury t	hat the information	provided above is true and accurate.
Signature		Date



GHP Late Fee Settlement Settlement Administrator 1650 Arch Street, Ste 2210 Philadelphia, PA 19103

THIS NOTICE MAY AFFECT YOUR RIGHTS – PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY

SELTZER v. GEOFFREY H. PALMER, et al. Case No. 18STCV07828 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES If You Were a Tenant of Defendants' Properties in the State of California at any time from December 10, 2014 to May 16, 2022 and You Paid One or More Late Rental Fee(s), This Class Action Settlement May Affect Your Rights.

www.GHPLateFeeSettlement.com

The Court has authorized this Notice. This is not a solicitation from a lawyer.

THIS NOTICE ADVISES YOU OF YOUR RIGHTS AS A CLASS MEMBER.

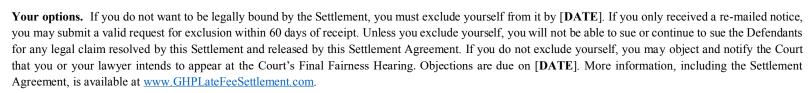
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NOTICE OF PROPOSED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

A Settlement has been reached with Geoffrey H. Palmer, Geoffrey H. Palmer dba G.H. Palmer Associates, and GHP Management Corporation (collectively, "Defendants") in a class action lawsuit claiming that the Defendants have a policy and practice of collecting flat late fees of \$75 for rent payments received three or more days late that is in violation of California law. Defendants deny the allegations, and the Court did not issue a final decision in favor of either Plaintiff or Defendants. Instead, the parties have agreed to a settlement to avoid the expense, delay, and risk of continued litigation. The Settlement will result in the creation of a \$1,750,000 Settlement Fund for the benefit of the Class. After making deductions for settlement administration expenses, any court approved Service Payment to the Class Representative and court approved attorneys' fees and expenses to Class Counsel, the remaining net Settlement Fund will be used to satisfy payments to Class Members (called "Settlement Shares").

Who is included? You are a "Class Member" if you fall within the following Class definition: All tenants of Defendants' properties in the State of California from December 10, 2014, to May 16, 2022 who were signatories to a lease at the time one or more Late Fees were paid as a result of untimely rent payments for their unit. This is the definition of the Class that is being used by the Court to determine who is a member of the Class. Defendants' properties include the following properties in California: The Broadway Palace (North and South), Los Angeles, CA; Canyon County Villas, Santa Clarita, CA; Colony Townhomes, Santa Clarita, CA; The DaVinci, Los Angeles, CA; Diamond Park, Santa Clarita, CA; The Lorenzo, Los Angeles, CA; The Medici, Los Angeles, CA; The Orsini (I, II, III), Los Angeles, CA; Park Sierra, Santa Clarita, CA; Pasadena Park Place, Los Angeles, CA; Paseos Ontario, Ontario, CA; The Paseos at Montclair North, Montclair, CA; The Piero (I and II), Los Angeles, CA; Riverpark, Santa Clarita, CA; River Ranch Townhomes & Apartments, Santa Clarita, CA; Sand Canyon Ranch, Santa Clarita, CA; Sand Canyon Villas & Townhomes, Santa Clarita, CA; The Skyline Terrace, Los Angeles, CA; Summit at Warner Center, Woodland Hills, CA; The Terrace, Santa Clarita, CA; Upland Village Green, Upland, CA; The Village, Santa Clarita, CA; The Visconti, Los Angeles, CA.

What can you get? If the Settlement is approved by the Court and you do not exclude yourself, you will receive your Settlement Share. To elect the method to receive your Settlement Share, submit a Payment Method Election Form by Month XX, 2022. It is not possible to know at this point exactly how much your Settlement Share payment will be, since the amount of payment will depend on factors that are not presently known. Payments to Class Members will be made only after the Court grants "final approval" to the Settlement and after any appeals are resolved. If there are appeals, resolving them can take time. Please be patient and check the website for updates. Physical checks will be valid for 60 days. If you do not cash your check, the funds will be returned to the Settlement Fund and redistributed to Class Members whose Initial Settlement Shares were successfully paid or negotiated. After this Second Distribution, any residual funds will go to the California State Controller's Office for Unclaimed Property.



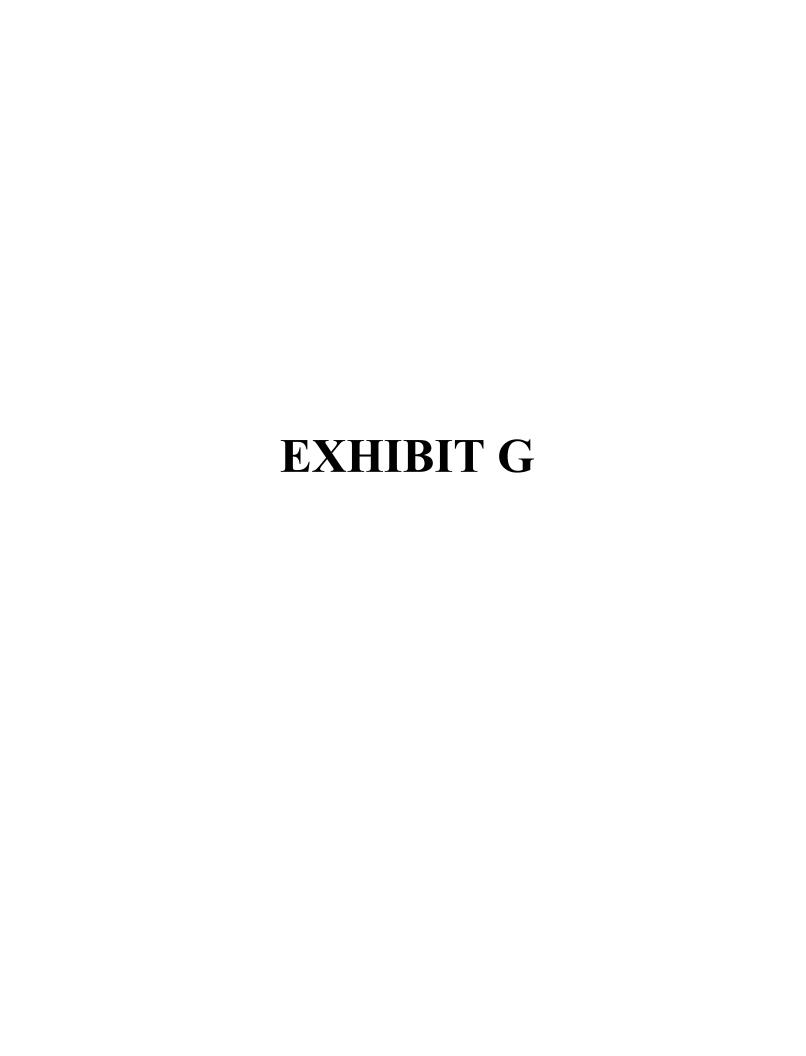
The Court's hearing. The Court will hold a hearing in this case (Seltzer v. Geoffrey H. Palmer, et al., Case No. 18STCV07828) at _:___.m. on [DATE] at Department 1 of the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles, Spring Street Courthouse, 312 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, California, 90012. At this hearing, the Court will decide whether to approve: the Settlement, including the request for a Service Payment and attorneys' fees and expenses. You or your lawyer may appear at the hearing at your own expense. You may be heard at the Fairness Hearing regardless of whether you complied with any written objection procedures. As of April 4, 2022, Los Angeles Superior Court will no longer mandate masks, however they are strongly recommended inside the courthouse in alignment with LA County Public Health Guidance. The social distancing requirement was rescinded on June 28, 2021.

Getting more information. A Detailed Notice, the Settlement Agreement, other related documents, important dates and deadlines, and other information are available at www.GHPLateFeeSettlement.com. Information is also available by calling 1-8XX-XXXX or by writing to the "GHP Late Fee Settlement Administrator" at P.O. Box XXXXX, City, ST XXXXX-XXXX or ___@GHPLateFeeSettlement.com.

For More Information Contact: GHP Settlement Administrator, 1650 Arch Street, Suite 2210, Philadelphia, PA 19103

♦ Website: <<website.com>>

Email: email@email.com



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8	SUPERIOR COURT OF TI	HE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
9	COUNTY OF	LOS ANGELES
10	HEATH SELTZER, individually and on behalf	CASE NO.: 18STCV07828 (Lead) Consolidated with No.: 20STCV22701
11	of all others similarly situated, Plaintiff,	
12	V.	Assigned for all purposes to The Honorable Stuart M. Rice
13	GEOFFREY H. PALMER; GEOFFREY H.	[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF
14	PALMER dba G.H. PALMER ASSOCIATES; GHP MANAGEMENT CORPORATION, a	CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT
15	California corporation; and DOES 1-50, inclusive	Date: [DATE]
16	Defendants.	Time: [TIME] Department: 1
17	Defendants.	Date Action Filed: December 10, 2018
18		Trial Date: TBD
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This matter came before the Court as Plaintiff's Motion for Preliminary Approval of a Class Action Settlement ("Motion") on _____, 2022 in Department 1 of the Superior Court of California for the County of Los Angeles, the Honorable Stuart M. Rice presiding.

Appearing for Plaintiff Heath Seltzer ("Plaintiff") were Caleb Marker of Zimmerman Reed LLP; Theodore Maya of Ahdoot & Wolfson, PC.

Appearing for Defendants Geoffrey H. Palmer and GHP Management Corporation ("Defendants") was Jason Haas of Ervin Cohen & Jessup LLP.

Plaintiff and Defendants are referred to hereinafter collectively as "the Parties." Upon reviewing the Motion, the Class Settlement Agreement and exhibits attached thereto ("Settlement Agreement" or "Settlement"), filed concurrently with the Motion, and accompanying supporting declaration and pleadings, and good cause appearing thereon, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Motion is granted, on the following terms and conditions:

- 1. The Court, for purposes of this Order, adopts all defined terms as set forth in the Settlement Agreement.
- 2. The Court preliminarily finds the Settlement fair, just, reasonable, and adequate, and therefore preliminarily approves the Settlement, subject to further consideration by the Court at the time of the Fairness Hearing.
- 3. The Court, for purposes of this Settlement, pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 382 and Rule 3.769(e) and (d) of the California Rules of Court, orders that the Settlement Class constitutes:

All tenants of Defendants' properties in the State of California from December 10, 2014, to May 16, 2022 who were signatories to a lease at the time one or more Late Fees were paid as the result of untimely rent payments for their unit.

(Settlement Agreement ¶ 4.)

- 4. Plaintiff Heath Seltzer is the Class Representative, as appointed by this Court's November 20, 2020, Order.
- 5. Caleb Marker of Zimmerman Reed LLP and Theodore Maya of Ahdoot & Wolfson, PC are Class Counsel, as appointed by this Court's November 20, 2020, Order.

- 6. The Court approves Angeion as the Settlement Administrator. The Settlement Administrator shall comply with the terms and conditions of the Settlement Agreement in carrying out its duties pursuant to the Settlement.
- 7. A Fairness Hearing shall be held before this Court on _______, 2022 at _____ a.m./p.m. before the Honorable Stuart M. Rice in Department 1 of the Superior Court of California for the County of Los Angeles, located at 312 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, California to determine: (a) whether the proposed settlement of this class action on the terms and conditions provided for in the Settlement Agreement should be given final approval as fair, just, reasonable; (b) whether a Final Order and Final Judgment should be entered; and (c) whether Class Counsel's application for attorney's fees and reimbursement of expenses and Class Representative's request for a service award to be paid from the Common Fund, should be approved. The Fairness Hearing may be postponed, adjourned or continued by further order of the Court, without further notice to the Parties or the Settlement Class Members.
- 8. The form, manner, and content of the Class Notice, attached to the Settlement Agreement as Exhibits C-D and F, will provide the best notice practicable to the Class under the circumstances, constitutes valid, due, and sufficient notice to all Class Members, and fully complies with California Code of Civil Procedure section 382, California Code of Civil Procedure section 1781, the Constitution of the State of California, the Constitution of the United States, and other applicable law.
- 9. Defendants shall, through the Settlement Administrator, disseminate Class Notice, as provided in the Settlement Agreement and in the Declaration of the Settlement Administrator, attached as Exhibit H to the Settlement Agreement. The Notice Date shall be no later than ten (10) days after the date of the issuance of this Preliminary Approval Order. The Settlement Administrator shall complete the notice described in Section VI of the Settlement Agreement, on or before thirty (30) days after the Notice Approval Date.
- 10. Any Class Member who wishes to be excluded from the Class must do one of the following: (1) mail a written request for exclusion to the Settlement Administrator at the address provided in the Long Form Notice, postmarked on or before 60 days after the Notice Date; (2) send a written request for exclusion to the Settlement Administrator by e-mail or fax, at the email address or numbers provided in the Long Form Notice, on or before midnight Pacific Time on the date that falls

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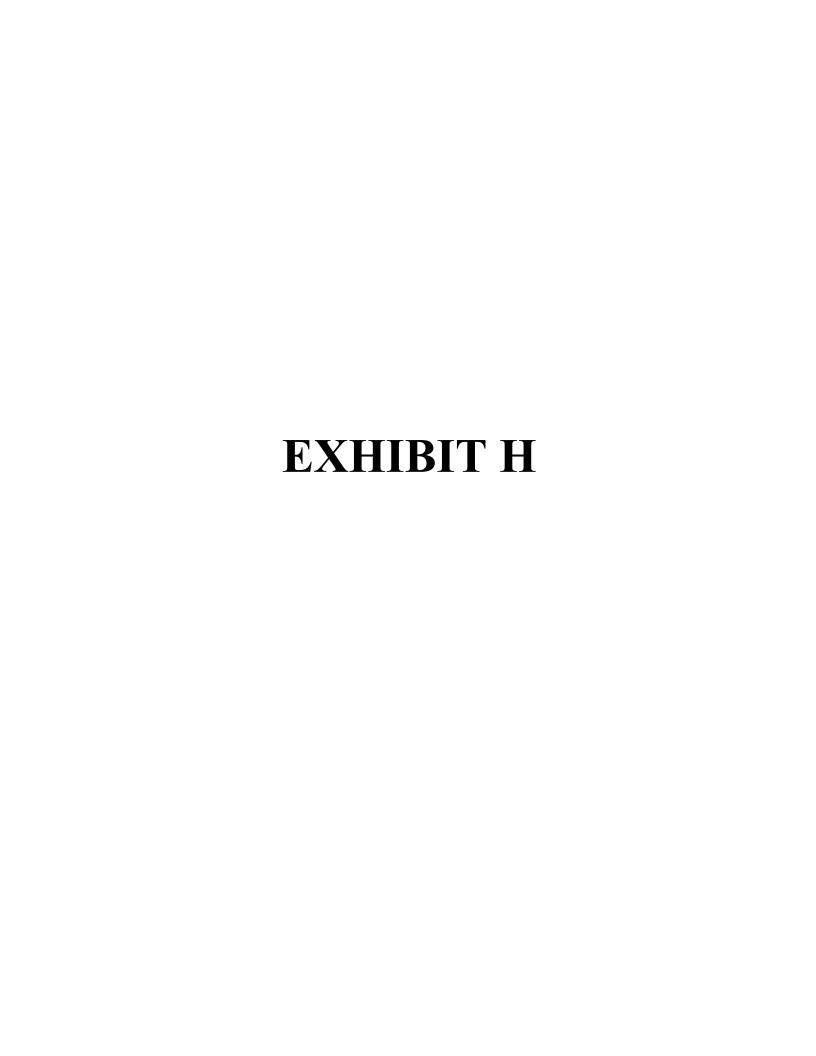
60 days after the Notice Date; or (3) fully complete the Request for Exclusion form available for submission on the Settlement Website, on or before midnight Pacific Time on the date that falls 60 days after the Notice D. A written request for exclusion must: (a) state the Class Member's name, address, telephone number; (b) reference *Seltzer v. Palmer*, *et al.*, Case No. 18STCV07828; and (c) clearly state that the Class Member wants to be excluded from the Class, not to participate in the Settlement, and otherwise comply with the terms stated in the Long Form Notice and this Order. Any otherwise valid request for exclusion filed within sixty (60) days of any re-mailed class notice shall be considered timely. All Class Members will be bound by the Final Order and Final Judgment unless such Class Members timely file valid written requests for exclusion or opt out in accordance with this Order.

11. Any Class Member, who has not filed a timely written request for exclusion, and who wishes to object to the fairness, reasonableness, or adequacy of this Agreement or the proposed Settlement, or to the award of Attorneys' Fees and Expenses, or the Service Award to the Class Representative, must do one of the following: (1) appear at the Fairness Hearing, either in person or through personal counsel hired at the Class Member's own expense, to object to the fairness, reasonableness, or adequacy of this Agreement or the proposed Settlement, or to the award of Attorneys' Fees and Expenses, or Service Payment to the Class Representative; (2) mail a written statement, describing the Class Member's objections to the Settlement Administrator at the address provided in the Long Form Notice, postmarked no later than 60 days after the Notice Date; or (3) send a written statement, describing the Class Member's objections to the Settlement Administrator by e-mail, at the address provided in the Long Form Notice, before midnight Pacific Time on a date no later than 60 days after the Notice Date. Any such written objection shall include: (1) the full name of objector, (2) the full address of objector, (3) the specific reason(s), if any, for the objection, including any legal support the Class Member wishes to bring to the Court's attention; (4) copies of any evidence or other information the Class Member wishes to introduce in support of the objections; (5) a statement of whether the Class Member intends to appear and argue at the Fairness Hearing; (6) the individual Class Member's written signature, with date; and (7) a reference to Seltzer v. Palmer, et al., Case No. 18STCV07828. Class Members may personally object or object through an attorney retained at their own expense, however, each individual Class Member objecting to the Settlement, in whole or part, shall personally sign the

objection. The objection must also include proof that the Class Member falls within the definition of the Class. In addition, any Class Member objecting to the Settlement shall provide a list of all other objections the objector, or the objector's counsel, has submitted to any class action settlement in any state or federal court in the United States in the previous five years. If the Class Member, or his, her or its counsel, has not objected to any other class action settlement in the United States in the previous five (5) years, he, she or it shall affirmatively so state in the objection. Class Members who file an objection may be subject to discovery on matters related to their objection, including depositions.

- 12. Any Class Member may appear at the Fairness Hearing, either in person or through personal counsel hired at the Class Member's own expense, to object to the fairness, reasonableness, or adequacy of the Settlement Agreement or the proposed Settlement, or to the award of Attorneys' Fees and Expenses, or Service Award to Plaintiff and/or Class Representative.
- 13. The Parties shall file and serve papers in support of final approval of the Settlement at least 21 days before the Fairness Hearing; and in support of Class Counsel's application for an award of attorneys' fees and reimbursement of expenses, and Class Representative's service awards at least twenty-one (21) calendar days prior to the Objection Deadline. The Settlement Administrator shall file with the Court a declaration outlining the scope, method, and results of the notice program, described in Section VI of the Settlement and in Declaration of the Settlement Administrator (attached as Exhibit H to the Settlement), at least seven days prior to the Fairness Hearing.
- 14. The Parties may file replies/responses to objections and supplemental papers to any motion or petition on or before seven (7) calendar days before the Fairness Hearing.
- 15. If the proposed Settlement is finally approved, the Court shall enter a separate order finally approving the Settlement and entering judgment. The form of the Final Order and Final Judgment attached to the Settlement Agreement as Exhibits A-B are preliminarily approved.
- 16. The Parties are hereby ordered, pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, to take all necessary and appropriate steps to establish the means necessary to implement the Settlement.
- 17. Pending the Fairness Hearing, all proceedings in this Action, other than proceedings necessary to carry out or enforce the terms and conditions of this Agreement and this Order are hereby stayed.

1	18. Pending the Fairness Hearing, a preliminary injunction is hereby issued enjoining Class
2	Members who did not seek exclusion from the Class, pending the Court's determination of whether the
3	Settlement should be given final approval, from challenging in any action or proceeding any matter
4	covered by this Settlement, except for proceedings in this Court to determine whether the Settlement of
5	the Action will be given final approval.
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7	IT IS SO ORDERED.
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9	Date:
10	Honorable Stuart M. Rice
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1	AHDOOT & WOLFSON PC	
2	Tina Wolfson (SBN 174806) E-mail: twolfson@ahdootwolfson.com	
3	Robert Ahdoot (SBN 172806) Email: rahdoot@ahdootwolfson.com	
4	Theodore Maya (SBN 223242)	
5	E-mail: tmaya@ahdootwolfson.com 2600 West Olive Ave., Suite 500	
6	Burbank, CA 91505 Telephone: (310) 474-9111	
7	Facsimile: (310) 474-8585	
	ZIMMERMAN REED LLP Caleb Marker (SBN 269721)	
8	E-mail: caleb.marker@zimmreed.com	
9	6420 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 1080 Los Angeles, CA 90048	
10	Telephone: (877) 500-8780 Facsimile: (877) 500-8781	
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12	Attorneys for Plaintiff Heath Seltzer	
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14	CUMENION COUNT OF T	
15		HE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
16	COUNTY OF	F LOS ANGELES
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18	HEATH SELTZER, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	Case No. 18STCV07828 (Lead) Consolidated with No.: 20STCV22701
19	Plaintiff,	DECLARATION OF STEVEN
20	V.	WEISBROT, ESQ. RE: ANGEION GROUP, LLC QUALIFICATIONS AND
21	GEOFFREY H. PALMER; GEOFFREY H.	IMPLEMENTATION OF THE NOTICE
22	PALMER dba G.H. PALMER ASSOCIATES; GHP MANAGEMENT	PLAN
23	CORPORATION, a California corporation; and DOES 1-50, inclusive,	
24 25 	Defendant.	
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- 1. I am the President and Chief Executive Officer at the class action notice and claims administration firm Angeion Group, LLC ("Angeion"). Angeion specializes in designing, developing, analyzing and implementing large-scale, unbiased, legal notification plans.
- 2. I have personal knowledge of the matters stated herein. In forming my opinions regarding notice in this action, I have drawn from my extensive class action experience, as described below.
- 3. I have been responsible in whole or in part for the design and implementation of hundreds of court-approved notice and administration programs, including some of the largest and most complex notice plans in recent history. I have taught numerous accredited Continuing Legal Education courses on the Ethics of Legal Notification in Class Action Settlements, using Digital Media in Due Process Notice Programs, as well as Claims Administration, generally. I am the author of multiple articles on Class Action Notice, Claims Administration, and Notice Design in publications such as Bloomberg, BNA Class Action Litigation Report, Law360, the ABA Class Action and Derivative Section Newsletter, and I am a frequent speaker on notice issues at conferences throughout the United States and internationally.
- 4. I was certified as a professional in digital media sales by the Interactive Advertising Bureau ("IAB") and I am co-author of the Digital Media section of Duke Law's *Guidelines and Best Practices—Implementing 2018 Amendments to Rule 23* and the soon to be published George Washington Law School Best Practices Guide to Class Action Litigation.
- 5. I have given public comment and written guidance to the Judicial Conference Committee on Rules of Practice and Procedure on the role of direct mail, email, broadcast media, digital media and print publication, in effecting Due Process notice, and I have met with representatives of the Federal Judicial Center to discuss the 2018 amendments to Rule 23 and offered an educational curriculum for the judiciary concerning notice procedures.
- 6. Prior to joining Angeion's executive team, I was employed as Director of Class Action services at Kurtzman Carson Consultants, an experienced notice and settlement administrator. Prior to my notice and claims administration experience, I was employed in private law practice.

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disasters, product defect, false advertising, employment discrimination, antitrust, tobacco, banking, firearm, insurance, and bankruptcy cases.

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I have been at the forefront of infusing digital media, as well as big data and advanced

targeting, into class action notice programs. Courts have repeatedly recognized my work in the

My notice work comprises a wide range of class actions that include data breach, mass

design of class action notice programs. A comprehensive summary of judicial recognition Angeion

has received is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

9. By way of background, Angeion is an experienced class action notice and claims administration company formed by a team of executives that have had extensive tenures at five other nationally recognized claims administration companies. Collectively, the management team at Angeion has overseen more than 2,000 class action settlements and distributed over \$15 billion to Settlement Class Members. The executive profiles as well as the company overview are available at https://www.angeiongroup.com/our team.php.

10. As a class action administrator, Angeion has regularly been approved by both federal and state courts throughout the United States and abroad to provide notice of class actions and claims processing services.

11. This declaration will describe the Notice Plan that we will implement in this matter, including the considerations that informed the development of the plan and why it will provide Due Process of Law to the Class.

SUMMARY OF THE NOTICE PLAN

12. The Notice Plan described herein is the best notice that is practicable under the circumstances and fully comports with due process and is fully compliant with CRC 3.766. It provides individual direct notice to all reasonably identifiable Class Members, combined with publication notice, a dedicated website and toll-free telephone line where Class Members can learn more about their rights and options pursuant to the terms of the Settlement.

13. The direct notice effort in this matter will consist of sending individual notice via email to all Class Members who have a valid email address. Class Members who do not have valid email addresses or whose email notice could not be delivered will be sent notice by mail, as discussed in greater detail below.

Email Notice

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- As an initial matter, Angeion will engage in an email address updating process to help ensure 14. the accuracy of the recipient email addresses. This email cleansing process removes extra spaces, fixes common typographical errors in domain name and corrects insufficient domain suffixes (e.g., gmal.com to gmail.com, gmail.co to gmail.com, yaho.com to yahoo.com, etc.). After the cleansing process standardizes the email addresses, those email addresses will then be subjected to an email validation process whereby each email address is compared to known bad email addresses.¹ Additionally, the email addresses are further verified by contacting the Internet Service Provider ("ISP") to determine if the email addresses exist.
- Angeion will employ additional methods to help ensure that as many Settlement Class Members as possible receive notice via email. Specifically, Angeion designs the email notice to avoid many common "red flags" that might otherwise cause an individual's spam filter to block or identify the email notice as spam. For instance, Angeion does not include attachments to the email notice because attachments are often interpreted by various Internet Service Providers ("ISP") as spam. Rather, in accordance with industry best practices, Angeion includes a link to all operative documents so that Settlement Class Members can easily access this information.
- Angeion also accounts for the real-world reality that some emails will inevitably fail to be 16. delivered during the initial delivery attempt. Therefore, after the initial noticing campaign is complete and after an approximate 24- to 72-hour rest period, Angeion causes a second round of email noticing to continue to any email addresses that were previously identified as soft bounces and not delivered, which allows any temporary block at the ISP level to expire. In our experience, this minimizes emails that may have erroneously failed to deliver due to sensitive servers and optimizes delivery.

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Angeion maintains a database of email addresses that were returned as permanently undeliverable, 27 commonly referred to as a "hard bounce", from prior email notice campaigns. Where an address has been returned as a hard bounce within the last year, that email is designated as a known bad email address. 28

1 | 17. At the completion of the email campaign, Angeion will report to the Court concerning the rate of delivered emails accounting for any emails that are blocked at the ISP level. In short, the Court will possess a detailed, verified account of the success rate of the entire direct email notice campaign.

Mailed Notice

- 18. As part of the Notice Plan, Angeion will send direct notice via first-class U.S. mail, postage pre-paid, to Class Members whose email notice could not be delivered or who did not have an email address, and for whom a mailing address is available. In administering the mailed notice portion of the Notice Plan in this action, Angeion will employ the following best practices to increase the deliverability rate of the mailed notices.
- 19. Angeion will cause the mailing address information for members of the Settlement Class to be updated utilizing the National Change of Address ("NCOA") database, which provides updated address information for individuals or entities who have moved during the previous four years and filed a change of address with the USPS.
- 20. Notices returned to Angeion by the USPS with a forwarding address will be re-mailed to the new address provided by the USPS and the class member database will be updated accordingly.
- 21. Notices returned to Angeion by the USPS without forwarding addresses will be subjected to an address verification search (commonly referred to as "skip tracing") utilizing a wide variety of data sources, including public records, real estate records, electronic directory assistance listings, etc., to locate updated addresses.
- 22. For any Class Members where a new address is identified through the skip trace process, the class member database will be updated with the new address information and a Notice will be remailed to that address.

Publication Notice

23. In addition to direct notice efforts to be undertaken to reach Class Members, Angeion will also cause publication notice to take place by running a printed advertisement twice during the notice

period in the Los Angeles Times. The advertisement will provide Class Members with information on the Settlement and how to obtain more information about the Case.

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RESPONSE MECHANISMS

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24. The Notice Plan will also implement the creation of a case-specific website ("Settlement Website"), where Class Members can easily view general information about the litigation, review relevant Court documents, and view important dates and deadlines pertinent to the class action. The Settlement Website will be designed to be user-friendly and make it easy for Class Members to find information about the settlement. The Settlement Website will also have a "Contact Us" page whereby Class Members can send an email with any additional questions to a dedicated email address. Class Members will also be able to submit their payment election and provide an address update via the Settlement Website.

A toll-free hotline devoted to this case will be implemented to further apprise Class Members of the rights and options pursuant to the terms of the Settlement. The toll-free hotline will utilize an interactive voice response ("IVR") system to provide Class Members with responses to frequently asked questions and provide essential information regarding the litigation. This hotline will be accessible 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

DATA SECURITY

26. Angeion recognizes that security is paramount to class action notice and administration and has developed policies and procedures to secure our physical and network environments and to ensure the protection of data. We have implemented Network Access Policies including Access Control, Acceptable Use, Wireless Access, Password, and two-factor authentication. Background Checks and Employee Termination policies are also standard protocols. Our Network Security policies include Network Perimeter Security, Server Hardening, Anti-Virus, Data Retention, Incident Response and Disaster Recovery Procedures. A copy of all data is kept offline at all times. This ensures that should our systems go down for any reason, all data will remain accessible so that cases may be administered without interruption.

27. Our practices and system are compliant with the California Consumer Privacy Act, as

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currently drafted. We routinely monitor and review our policies and programs to ensure their continuing suitability, adequacy, and effectiveness. Reviews include assessing opportunities for improvement of information security policies as well as our approach to managing information security in response to changes to environment, new threats and risks, business circumstances, legal and policy implications, and technical environment.

CONCLUSION

- 28. The Notice Plan outlined above includes direct notice to all reasonably identifiable Class Members, coupled with the implementation of a dedicated website and toll-free hotline to further inform Class Members of their rights and options in the Settlement.
- 29. In my opinion, the Notice Plan will provide full and proper notice to Class Members before any applicable deadlines. Moreover, it is my opinion that Notice Plan exceeds any requirement for notice under due process, Fed. R. Civ. P. 23, and is fully compliant with CRC 3.766. After the Notice Plan has concluded, Angeion will provide a final report verifying its effective implementation.
- 30. The estimated cost of the Notice Plan and settlement administration is approximately \$76,300.

Dated: July 18, 2022

STEVEN WEISBROT

Exhibit A





Judicial Recognition

IN RE: APPLE INC. DEVICE PERFORMANCE LITIGATION Case No. 5:18-md-02827

The Honorable Edward J. Davila, United States District Court, Northern District of California (March 17, 2021): Angeion undertook a comprehensive notice campaign...The notice program was well executed, far-reaching, and exceeded both Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(c)(2)(B)'s requirement to provide the "best notice that is practicable under the circumstances" and Rule 23(e)(1)(B)'s requirement to provide "direct notice in a reasonable manner."

IN RE: TIKTOK, INC., CONSUMER PRIVACY LITIGATION Case No. 1:20-cv-04699

The Honorable John Z. Lee, United States District Court, Northern District of Illinois (October 1, 2021): The Court approves, as to form and content, the proposed Class Notices submitted to the Court. The Court finds that the Settlement Class Notice Program outlined in the Declaration of Steven Weisbrot on Settlement Notices and Notice Plan (i) is the best practicable notice; (ii) is reasonably calculated, under the circumstances, to apprise the Settlement Class of the pendency of the Action and of their right to object to or to exclude themselves from the proposed settlement; (iii) is reasonable and constitutes due, adequate and sufficient notice to all persons entitled to receive notice; and (iv) meets all requirements of applicable law, Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23, and due process.

IN RE: GOOGLE PLUS PROFILE LITIGATION

Case No. 5:18-cv-06164

The Honorable Edward J. Davila, United States District Court, Northern District of California (January 25, 2021): The Court further finds that the program for disseminating notice to Settlement Class Members provided for in the Settlement, and previously approved and directed by the Court (hereinafter, the "Notice Program"), has been implemented by the Settlement Administrator and the Parties, and such Notice Program, including the approved forms of notice, is reasonable and appropriate and satisfies all applicable due process and other requirements, and constitutes best notice reasonably calculated under the circumstances to apprise Settlement Class Members...

IN RE: FACEBOOK INTERNET TRACKING LITIGATION Case No. 5:12-md-02314

The Honorable Edward J. Davila, United States District Court, Northern District of California (March 31, 2022): The Court approves the Notice Plan, Notice of Proposed Class Action Settlement, Claim Form, and Opt-Out Form, which are attached to the Settlement Agreement as Exhibits B-E, and finds that their dissemination substantially in the manner and form set forth in the Settlement Agreement meets the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 and due process, constitutes the best notice practicable under the circumstances, and is reasonably calculated, under the circumstances, to apprise members of the Settlement Class of the pendency of the Actions, the effect of the proposed Settlement (including the releases contained therein), the anticipated Motion for a Fee and Expense Award and for Service Awards, and their rights to participate in, opt out of, or object to any aspect of the proposed Settlement.



CITY OF LONG BEACH v. MONSANTO COMPANY

Case No. 2:16-cv-03493

The Honorable Fernando M. Olguin, United States District Court, Central District of California (March 14, 2022): The court approves the form, substance, and requirements of the class Notice, (Dkt.278-2, Settlement Agreement, Exh. I). The proposed manner of notice of the settlement set forth in the Settlement Agreement constitutes the best notice practicable under the circumstances and complies with the requirements of due process.

STEWART v. LEXISNEXIS RISK DATA RETRIEVAL SERVICES, LLC Case No. 3:20-cv-00903

The Honorable John A. Gibney Jr., United States District Court, Eastern District of Virginia (February 25, 2022): The proposed forms and methods for notifying the proposed Settlement Class Members of the Settlement and its terms and conditions meet the requirements of Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(2)(B) and due process, constitute the best notice practicable under the circumstances, and shall constitute due and sufficient notice to all persons and entities entitled to notice...Based on the foregoing, the Court hereby approves the notice plans developed by the Parties and the Settlement Administrator and directs that they be implemented according to the Agreement and the notice plans attached as exhibits.

WILLIAMS v. APPLE INC.

Case No. 3:19-cv-0400

The Honorable Laurel Beeler, United States District Court, Northern District of California (February 24, 2022): The Court finds the Email Notice and Website Notice (attached to the Agreement as Exhibits 1 and 4, respectively), and their manner of transmission, implemented pursuant to the Agreement (a) are the best practicable notice, (b) are reasonably calculated, under the circumstances, to apprise the Subscriber Class of the pendency of the Action and of their right to object to or to exclude themselves from the proposed settlement, (c) are reasonable and constitute due, adequate and sufficient notice to all persons entitled to receive notice, and (d) meet all requirements of applicable law.

CLEVELAND v. WHIRLPOOL CORPORATION

Case No. 0:20-cv-01906

The Honorable Wilhelmina M. Wright, United States District Court, District of Minnesota (December 16, 2021): It appears to the Court that the proposed Notice Plan described herein, and detailed in the Settlement Agreement, comports with due process, Rule 23, and all other applicable law. Class Notice consists of email notice and postcard notice when email addresses are unavailable, which is the best practicable notice under the circumstances...The proposed Notice Plan complies with the requirements of Rule 23, Fed. R. Civ. P., and due process, and Class Notice is to be sent to the Settlement Class Members as set forth in the Settlement Agreement and pursuant to the deadlines above.



RASMUSSEN v. TESLA, INC. d/b/a TESLA MOTORS, INC. Case No. 5:19-cv-04596

The Honorable Beth Labson Freeman, United States District Court, Northern District of California (December 10, 2021): The Court has carefully considered the forms and methods of notice to the Settlement Class set forth in the Settlement Agreement ("Notice Plan"). The Court finds that the Notice Plan constitutes the best notice practicable under the circumstances and fully satisfies the requirements of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the requirements of due process, and the requirements of any other applicable law, such that the terms of the Settlement Agreement, the releases provided for therein, and this Court's final judgment will be binding on all Settlement Class Members.

CAMERON v. APPLE INC. Case No. 4:19-cv-03074

The Honorable Yvonne Gonzalez Rogers, United States District Court, Northern District of California (November 16, 2021): The parties' proposed notice plan appears to be constitutionally sound in that plaintiffs have made a sufficient showing that it is: (i) the best notice practicable; (ii) reasonably calculated, under the circumstances, to apprise the Class members of the proposed settlement and of their right to object or to exclude themselves as provided in the settlement agreement; (iii) reasonable and constitute due, adequate, and sufficient notice to all persons entitled to receive notice; and (iv) meet all applicable requirements of due process and any other applicable requirements under federal law.

RISTO v. SCREEN ACTORS GUILD-AMERICAN FEDERATION OF TELEVISION AND RADIO ARTISTS Case No. 2:18-cv-07241

The Honorable Christina A. Snyder, United States District Court, Central District of California (November 12, 2021): The Court approves the publication notice plan presented to this Court as it will provide notice to potential class members through a combination of traditional and digital media that will consist of publication of notice via press release, programmatic display digital advertising, and targeted social media, all of which will direct Class Members to the Settlement website...The notice plan satisfies any due process concerns as this Court certified the class under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(b)(1)...

JENKINS v. NATIONAL GRID USA SERVICE COMPANY, INC. Case No. 2:15-cv-01219

The Honorable Joanna Seybert, United States District Court, Eastern District of New York (November 8, 2021): Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(e)(1) and 23(c)(2)(B), the Court approves the proposed Notice Plan and procedures set forth at Section 8 of the Settlement, including the form and content of the proposed forms of notice to the Settlement Class attached as Exhibits C-G to the Settlement and the proposed procedures for Settlement Class Members to exclude themselves from the Settlement Class or object. The Court finds that the proposed Notice Plan meets the requirements of due process under the United States Constitution and Rule 23, and that such Notice Plan—which includes direct notice to Settlement Class Members sent via first class U.S. Mail and email; the establishment of a Settlement Website (at the URL, www.nationalgridtcpasettlement.com) where Settlement Class Members can view the full settlement agreement, the detailed long-form notice (in English and Spanish),

and other key case documents; publication notice in forms attached as Exhibits E and F to the Settlement sent via social media (Facebook and Instagram) and streaming radio (e.g., Pandora and iHeart Radio). The Notice Plan shall also include a paid search campaign on search engine(s) chosen by Angeion (e.g., Google) in the form attached as Exhibits G and the establishment of a toll-free telephone number where Settlement Class Members can get additional information—is the best notice practicable under the circumstances and shall constitute due and sufficient notice to all persons entitled thereto.

NELLIS v. VIVID SEATS, LLC Case No. 1:20-cv-02486

The Honorable Robert M. Dow, Jr., United States District Court, Northern District of Illinois (November 1, 2021): The Notice Program, together with all included and ancillary documents thereto, (a) constituted reasonable notice; (b) constituted notice that was reasonably calculated under the circumstances to apprise members of the Settlement Class of the pendency of the Litigation...(c) constituted reasonable, due, adequate and sufficient notice to all Persons entitled to receive notice; and (d) met all applicable requirements of due process and any other applicable law. The Court finds that Settlement Class Members have been provided the best notice practicable of the Settlement and that such notice fully satisfies all requirements of law as well as all requirements of due process.

PELLETIER v. ENDO INTERNATIONAL PLC

Case No. 2:17-cv-05114

The Honorable Michael M. Baylson, United States District Court, Eastern District of Pennsylvania (October 25, 2021): The Court approves, as to form and content, the Notice of Pendency and Proposed Settlement of Class Action (the "Notice"), the Proof of Claim and Release form (the "Proof of Claim"), and the Summary Notice, annexed hereto as Exhibits A-1, A-2, and A-3, respectively, and finds that the mailing and distribution of the Notice and publishing of the Summary Notice, substantially in the manner and form set forth in ¶¶7-10 of this Order, meet the requirements of Rule 23 and due process, and is the best notice practicable under the circumstances and shall constitute due and sufficient notice to all Persons entitled thereto.

BIEGEL v. BLUE DIAMOND GROWERS

Case No. 7:20-cv-03032

The Honorable Cathy Seibel, United States District Court, Southern District of New York (October 25, 2021): The Court finds that the Notice Plan, set forth in the Settlement Agreement and effectuated pursuant to the Preliminary Approval Order: (i) was the best notice practicable under the circumstances; (ii) was reasonably calculated to provide, and did provide, due and sufficient notice to the Settlement Class regarding the existence and nature of the Action...and (iii) satisfied the requirements of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the United States Constitution, and all other applicable law.

QUINTERO v. SAN DIEGO ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS Case No. 37-2019-00017834-CU-NP-CTL

The Honorable Eddie C. Sturgeon, Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Diego (September 27, 2021): The Court has reviewed the class notices for the Settlement Class and the methods for providing notice and has determined that the parties will employ forms and methods of notice that constitute the best notice practicable under the circumstances; are reasonably calculated to apprise class members of the terms of the Settlement and of their right to participate in it, object, or opt-out; are reasonable and constitute due, adequate, and sufficient notice to all persons entitled to receive notice; and meet all constitutional and statutory requirements, including all due process requirements and the California Rules of Court.

HOLVE v. MCCORMICK & COMPANY, INC.

Case No. 6:16-cv-06702

The Honorable Mark W. Pedersen, United States District Court for the Western District of New York (September 23, 2021): The Court finds that the form, content and method of giving notice to the Class as described in the Settlement Agreement and the Declaration of the Settlement Administrator: (a) will constitute the best practicable notice; (b) are reasonably calculated, under the circumstances, to apprise the Settlement Class Members of the pendency of the Action...(c) are reasonable and constitute due, adequate, and sufficient notice to all Settlement Class Members and other persons entitled to receive notice; and (d) meet all applicable requirements of law, including but not limited to 28 U.S.C. § 1715, Rule 23(c) and (e), and the Due Process Clause(s) of the United States Constitution.

CULBERTSON T AL. v. DELOITTE CONSULTING LLP

Case No. 1:20-cv-03962

The Honorable Lewis J. Liman, United States District Court, Southern District of New York (August 27, 2021): The notice procedures described in the Notice Plan are hereby found to be the best means of providing notice under the circumstances and, when completed, shall constitute due and sufficient notice of the proposed Settlement Agreement and the Final Approval Hearing to all persons affected by and/or entitled to participate in the Settlement Agreement, in full compliance with the notice requirements of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and due process of law.

PULMONARY ASSOCIATES OF CHARLESTON PLLC v. GREENWAY HEALTH, LLC

Case No. 3:19-cv-00167

The Honorable Timothy C. Batten, Sr., United States District Court, Northern District of Georgia (August 24, 2021): Under Rule 23(c)(2), the Court finds that the content, format, and method of disseminating Notice, as set forth in the Motion, the Declaration of Steven Weisbrot filed on July 2, 2021, and the Settlement Agreement and Release, including notice by First Class U.S. Mail and email to all known Class Members, is the best notice practicable under the circumstances and satisfies all requirements provided in Rule 23(c)(2)(B) and due process.



IN RE: BROILER CHICKEN GROWER ANTITRUST LITIGATION (NO II) Case No. 6:20-md-02977

The Honorable Robert J. Shelby, United States District Court, Eastern District of Oklahoma (August 23, 2021): The Court approves the method of notice to be provided to the Settlement Class as set forth in Plaintiffs' Motion and Memorandum of Law in Support of Motion for Approval of the Form and Manner of Class Notice and Appointment of Settlement Administrator and Request for Expedited Treatment and the Declaration of Steven Weisbrot on Angeion Group Qualifications and Proposed Notice Plan...The Court finds and concludes that such notice: (a) is the best notice that is practicable under the circumstances, and is reasonably calculated to reach the members of the Settlement Class and to apprise them of the Action, the terms and conditions of the Settlement, their right to opt out and be excluded from the Settlement Class, and to object to the Settlement; and (b) meets the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 and due process.

ROBERT ET AL. v. AT&T MOBILITY, LLC

Case No. 3:15-cv-03418

The Honorable Edward M. Chen, United States District Court, Northern District of California (August 20, 2021): The Court finds that such Notice program, including the approved forms of notice: (a) constituted the best notice that is practicable under the circumstances; (b) included direct individual notice to all Settlement Class Members who could be identified through reasonable effort, as well as supplemental notice via a social media notice campaign and reminder email and SMS notices; (c) constituted notice that was reasonably calculated, under the circumstances, to apprise Settlement Class Members of the nature of this Action ...(d) constituted due, adequate and sufficient notice to all persons entitled to notice; and (e) met all applicable requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23, Due Process under the U.S. Constitution, and any other applicable law.

PYGIN v. BOMBAS, LLC Case No. 4:20-cv-04412

The Honorable Jeffrey S. White, United States District Court, Northern District of California (July 12, 2021): The Court also concludes that the Class Notice and Notice Program set forth in the Settlement Agreement satisfy the requirements of due process and Rule 23 and provide the best notice practicable under the circumstances. The Class Notice and Notice Program are reasonably calculated to apprise Settlement Class Members of the nature of this Litigation, the Scope of the Settlement Class, the terms of the Settlement Agreement, the right of Settlement Class Members to object to the Settlement Agreement or exclude themselves from the Settlement Class and the process for doing so, and of the Final Approval Hearing. Accordingly, the Court approves the Class Notice and Notice Program and the Claim Form.

WILLIAMS ET AL. v. RECKITT BENCKISER LLC ET AL.

Case No. 1:20-cv-23564

The Honorable Jonathan Goodman, United States District Court, Southern District of Florida (April 23, 2021): The Court approves, as to form and content, the Class Notice and Internet Notice submitted by the parties (Exhibits B and D to the Settlement Agreement or Notices

substantially similar thereto) and finds that the procedures described therein meet the requirements of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and due process, and provide the best notice practicable under the circumstances. The proposed Class Notice Plan -- consisting of (i) internet and social media notice; and (ii) notice via an established a Settlement Website -- is reasonably calculated to reach no less than 80% of the Settlement Class Members.

NELSON ET AL. v. IDAHO CENTRAL CREDIT UNION

Case No. CV03-20-00831, CV03-20-03221

The Honorable Robert C. Naftz, Sixth Judicial District, State of Idaho, Bannock County (January 19, 2021): The Court finds that the Proposed Notice here is tailored to this Class and designed to ensure broad and effective reach to it...The Parties represent that the operative notice plan is the best notice practicable and is reasonably designed to reach the settlement class members. The Court agrees.

IN RE: HANNA ANDERSSON AND SALESFORCE.COM DATA BREACH LITIGATION

Case No. 3:20-cv-00812

The Honorable Edward M. Chen, United States District Court, Northern District of California (December 29, 2020): The Court finds that the Class Notice and Notice Program satisfy the requirements of due process and Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and provide the best notice practicable under the circumstances.

IN RE: PEANUT FARMERS ANTITRUST LITIGATION

Case No. 2:19-cv-00463

The Honorable Raymond A. Jackson, United States District Court, Eastern District of Virginia (December 23, 2020): The Court finds that the Notice Program...constitutes the best notice that is practicable under the circumstances and is valid, due and sufficient notice to all persons entitled thereto and complies fully with the requirements of Rule 23(c)(2) and the due process requirements of the Constitution of the United States.

BENTLEY ET AL. v. LG ELECTRONICS U.S.A., INC.

Case No. 2:19-cv-13554

The Honorable Madeline Cox Arleo, United States District Court, District of New Jersey (December 18, 2020): The Court finds that notice of this Settlement was given to Settlement Class Members in accordance with the Preliminary Approval Order and constituted the best notice practicable of the proceedings and matters set forth therein, including the Litigation, the Settlement, and the Settlement Class Members' rights to object to the Settlement or opt out of the Settlement Class, to all Persons entitled to such notice, and that this notice satisfied the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 and of due process.

IN RE: ALLURA FIBER CEMENT SIDING PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION

Case No. 2:19-mn-02886

The Honorable David C. Norton, United States District Court, District of South Carolina (December 18, 2020): The proposed Notice provides the best notice practicable under the

circumstances. It allows Settlement Class Members a full and fair opportunity to consider the proposed settlement. The proposed plan for distributing the Notice likewise is a reasonable method calculated to reach all members of the Settlement Class who would be bound by the settlement. There is no additional method of distribution that would be reasonably likely to notify Settlement Class Members who may not receive notice pursuant to the proposed distribution plan.

ADKINS ET AL. v. FACEBOOK, INC.

Case No. 3:18-cv-05982

The Honorable William Alsup, United States District Court, Northern District of California (November 15, 2020): Notice to the class is "reasonably calculated, under all the circumstances, to apprise interested parties of the pendency of the action and afford them an opportunity to present their objections." *Mullane v. Central Hanover Bank & Tr. Co., 399 U.S. 306, 314 (1650).*

IN RE: 21ST CENTURY ONCOLOGY CUSTOMER DATA SECURITY BREACH LITIGATION Case No. 8:16-md-02737

The Honorable Mary S. Scriven, United States District Court, Middle District of Florida (November 2, 2020): The Court finds and determines that mailing the Summary Notice and publication of the Settlement Agreement, Long Form Notice, Summary Notice, and Claim Form on the Settlement Website, all pursuant to this Order, constitute the best notice practicable under the circumstances, constitute due and sufficient notice of the matters set forth in the notices to all persons entitled to receive such notices, and fully satisfies the of due process, Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, 28 U.S.C. § 1715, and all other applicable laws and rules. The Court further finds that all of the notices are written in plain language and are readily understandable by Class Members.

MARINO ET AL. v. COACH INC.

Case No. 1:16-cv-01122

The Honorable Valerie Caproni, United States District Court, Southern District of New York (August 24, 2020): The Court finds that the form, content, and method of giving notice to the Settlement Class as described in paragraph 8 of this Order: (a) will constitute the best practicable notice; (b) are reasonably calculated, under the circumstances, to apprise the Settlement Class Members of the pendency of the Action, the terms of the proposed Settlement, and their rights under the proposed Settlement, including but not limited to their rights to object to or exclude themselves from the proposed Settlement and other rights under the terms of the Settlement Agreement; (c) are reasonable and constitute due, adequate, and sufficient notice to all Settlement Class Members and other persons entitled to receive notice; and (d) meet all applicable requirements of law, including but not limited to 28 U.S.C. § 1715, Rule 23(c) and (e), and the Due Process Clause(s) of the United States Constitution. The Court further finds that all of the notices are written in plain language, are readily understandable by Settlement Class Members, and are materially consistent with the Federal Judicial Center's illustrative class action notices.

BROWN v. DIRECTV, LLC Case No. 2:13-cv-01170

The Honorable Dolly M. Gee, United States District Court, Central District of California (July 23, 2020): Given the nature and size of the class, the fact that the class has no geographical limitations, and the sheer number of calls at issue, the Court determines that these methods constitute the best and most reasonable form of notice under the circumstances.

IN RE: SSA BONDS ANTITRUST LITIGATION

Case No. 1:16-cv-03711

The Honorable Edgardo Ramos, United States District Court, Southern District of New York (July 15, 2020): The Court finds that the mailing and distribution of the Notice and the publication of the Summary Notice substantially in the manner set forth below meet the requirements of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and due process and constitute the best notice practicable under the circumstances, and shall constitute due and sufficient notice to all Persons entitled to notice.

KJESSLER ET AL. v. ZAAPPAAZ, INC. ET AL.

Case No. 4:18-cv-00430

The Honorable Nancy F. Atlas, United States District Court, Southern District of Texas (July 14, 2020): The Court also preliminarily approves the proposed manner of communicating the Notice and Summary Notice to the putative Settlement Class, as set out below, and finds it is the best notice practicable under the circumstances, constitutes due and sufficient notice to all persons and entities entitled to receive such notice, and fully satisfies the requirements of applicable laws, including due process and Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23.

HESTER ET AL. v. WALMART, INC.

Case No. 5:18-cv-05225

The Honorable Timothy L. Brooks, United States District Court, Western District of Arkansas (July 9, 2020): The Court finds that the Notice and Notice Plan substantially in the manner and form set forth in this Order and the Agreement meet the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 and due process, is the best notice practicable under the circumstances, and shall constitute due and sufficient notice to all Persons entitled thereto.

CLAY ET AL. v. CYTOSPORT INC.

Case No. 3:15-cv-00165

The Honorable M. James Lorenz, United States District Court, Southern District of California (June 17, 2020): The Court approves the proposed Notice Plan for giving notice to the Settlement Class through publication, both print and digital, and through the establishment of a Settlement Website, as more fully described in the Agreement and the Claims Administrator's affidavits (docs. no. 222-9, 224, 224-1, and 232-3 through 232-6). The Notice Plan, in form, method, and content, complies with the requirements of Rule 23 and due process, and constitutes the best notice practicable under the circumstances.



GROGAN v. AARON'S INC. Case No. 1:18-cv-02821

The Honorable J.P. Boulee, United States District Court, Northern District of Georgia (May 1, 2020): The Court finds that the Notice Plan as set forth in the Settlement Agreement meets the requirements of Fed. R. Civ. P. 23 and constitutes the best notice practicable under the circumstances, including direct individual notice by mail and email to Settlement Class Members where feasible and a nationwide publication website-based notice program, as well Settlement Website establishing а at the web address www.AaronsTCPASettlement.com, and satisfies fully the requirements the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the U.S. Constitution, and any other applicable law, such that the Settlement Agreement and Final Order and Judgment will be binding on all Settlement Class Members.

CUMMINGS v. BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO, ET AL. Case No. D-202-CV-2001-00579

The Honorable Carl Butkus, Second Judicial District Court, County of Bernalillo, State of New Mexico (March 30, 2020): The Court has reviewed the Class Notice, the Plan of Allocation and Distribution and Claim Form, each of which it approves in form and substance. The Court finds that the form and methods of notice set forth in the Agreement: (i) are reasonable and the best practicable notice under the circumstances; (ii) are reasonably calculated to apprise Settlement Class Members of the pendency of the Lawsuit, of their rights to object to or optout of the Settlement, and of the Final Approval Hearing; (iii) constitute due, adequate, and sufficient notice to all persons entitled to receive notice; and (iv) meet the requirements of the New Mexico Rules of Civil Procedure, the requirements of due process under the New Mexico and United States Constitutions, and the requirements of any other applicable rules or laws.

SCHNEIDER, ET AL. v. CHIPOTLE MEXICAN GRILL, INC. Case No. 4:16-cv-02200

The Honorable Haywood S. Gilliam, Jr., United States District Court, Northern District of California (January 31, 2020): Given that direct notice appears to be infeasible, the thirdparty settlement administrator will implement a digital media campaign and provide for publication notice in People magazine, a nationwide publication, and the East Bay Times. SA § IV.A, C; Dkt. No. 205-12 at ¶¶ 13-23. The publication notices will run for four consecutive weeks. Dkt. No. 205 at ¶ 23. The digital media campaign includes an internet banner notice implemented using a 60-day desktop and mobile campaign. Dkt. No. 205-12 at ¶ 18. It will rely on "Programmatic Display Advertising" to reach the "Target Audience," Dkt. No. 216-1 at ¶ 6, which is estimated to include 30,100,000 people and identified using the target definition of "Fast Food & Drive-In Restaurants Total Restaurants Last 6 Months [Chipotle Mexican Grill]," Dkt. No. 205-12 at ¶ 13. Programmatic display advertising utilizes "search targeting," "category contextual targeting," "keyword contextual targeting," and "site targeting," to place ads. Dkt. No. 216-1 at ¶¶ 9–12. And through "learning" technology, it continues placing ads on websites where the ad is performing well. Id. ¶ 7. Put simply, prospective Class Members will see a banner ad notifying them of the settlement when they search for terms or websites that are similar to or related to Chipotle, when they browse websites that are categorically relevant to Chipotle (for example, a website related to fast casual dining or Mexican food), and when they browse websites that include a relevant keyword (for example, a fitness

website with ads comparing fast casual choices). Id. $\P\P$ 9–12. By using this technology, the banner notice is "designed to result in serving approximately 59,598,000 impressions." Dkt. No. 205-12 at \P 18.

The Court finds that the proposed notice process is "reasonably calculated, under all the circumstances,' to apprise all class members of the proposed settlement." Roes, 944 F.3d at 1045 (citation omitted).

HANLEY v. TAMPA BAY SPORTS AND ENTERTAINMENT LLC Case No. 8:19-cv-00550

The Honorable Charlene Edwards Honeywell, United States District Court, Middle District of Florida (January 7, 2020): The Court approves the form and content of the Class notices and claim forms substantially in the forms attached as Exhibits A-D to the Settlement. The Court further finds that the Class Notice program described in the Settlement is the best practicable under the circumstances. The Class Notice program is reasonably calculated under the circumstances to inform the Settlement Class of the pendency of the Action, certification of a Settlement Class, the terms of the Settlement, Class Counsel's attorney's fees application and the request for a service award for Plaintiff, and their rights to opt-out of the Settlement Class or object to the Settlement. The Class notices and Class Notice program constitute sufficient notice to all persons entitled to notice. The Class notices and Class Notice program satisfy all applicable requirements of law, including, but not limited to, Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 and the Constitutional requirement of Due Process.

CORCORAN, ET AL. v. CVS HEALTH, ET AL. Case No. 4:15-cv-03504

The Honorable Yvonne Gonzalez Rogers, United States District Court, Northern District of California (November 22, 2019): Having reviewed the parties' briefings, plaintiffs' declarations regarding the selection process for a notice provider in this matter and regarding Angeion Group LLC's experience and qualifications, and in light of defendants' non-opposition, the Court APPROVES Angeion Group LLC as the notice provider. Thus, the Court GRANTS the motion for approval of class notice provider and class notice program on this basis.

Having considered the parties' revised proposed notice program, the Court agrees that the parties' proposed notice program is the "best notice that is practicable under the circumstances." The Court is satisfied with the representations made regarding Angeion Group LLC's methods for ascertaining email addresses from existing information in the possession of defendants. Rule 23 further contemplates and permits electronic notice to class members in certain situations. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(2)(B). The Court finds, in light of the representations made by the parties, that this is a situation that permits electronic notification via email, in addition to notice via United States Postal Service. Thus, the Court APPROVES the parties' revised proposed class notice program, and GRANTS the motion for approval of class notice provider and class notice program as to notification via email and United States Postal Service mail.

PATORA v. TARTE, INC. Case No. 7:18-cv-11760

The Honorable Kenneth M. Karas, United States District Court, Southern District of New York (October 2, 2019): The Court finds that the form, content, and method of giving notice to the Class as described in Paragraph 9 of this Order: (a) will constitute the best practicable notice; (b) are reasonably calculated, under the circumstances, to apprise the Settlement Class Members of the pendency of the Action, the terms of the Proposed Settlement, and their rights under the Proposed Settlement, including but not limited to their rights to object to or exclude themselves from the Proposed Settlement and other rights under the terms of the Settlement Agreement; (c) are reasonable and constitute due, adequate, and sufficient notice to all Settlement Class Members and other persons entitled to receive notice; and (d) meet all applicable requirements of law, including but not limited to 28 U.S.C. § 1715, Rule 23(c) and (e), and the Due Process Clauses of the United States Constitution. The Court further finds that all of the notices are written in simple terminology, are readily understandable by Settlement Class Members, and are materially consistent with the Federal Judicial Center's illustrative class action notices.

CARTER, ET AL. v. GENERAL NUTRITION CENTERS, INC., and GNC HOLDINGS, INC. Case No. 2:16-cv-00633

The Honorable Mark R. Hornak, United States District Court, Western District of Pennsylvania (September 9, 2019): The Court finds that the Class Notice and the manner of its dissemination described in Paragraph 7 above and Section VII of the Agreement constitutes the best practicable notice under the circumstances and is reasonably calculated, under all the circumstances, to apprise proposed Settlement Class Members of the pendency of this action, the terms of the Agreement, and their right to object to or exclude themselves from the proposed Settlement Class. The Court finds that the notice is reasonable, that it constitutes due, adequate and sufficient notice to all persons entitled to receive notice, and that it meets the requirements of due process, Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Ci vii Procedure, and any other applicable laws.

CORZINE v. MAYTAG CORPORATION, ET AL.

Case No. 5:15-cv-05764

The Honorable Beth L. Freeman, United States District Court, Northern District of California (August 21, 2019): The Court, having reviewed the proposed Summary Notice, the proposed FAQ, the proposed Publication Notice, the proposed Claim Form, and the proposed plan for distributing and disseminating each of them, finds and concludes that the proposed plan will provide the best notice practicable under the circumstances and satisfies all requirements of federal and state laws and due process.

MEDNICK v. PRECOR, INC. Case No. 1:14-cv-03624

The Honorable Harry D. Leinenweber, United States District Court, Northern District of Illinois (June 12, 2019): Notice provided to Class Members pursuant to the Preliminary Class Settlement Approval Order constitutes the best notice practicable under the circumstances, including individual email and mail notice to all Class Members who could be identified

through reasonable effort, including information provided by authorized third-party retailers of Precor. Said notice provided full and adequate notice of these proceedings and of the matter set forth therein, including the proposed Settlement set forth in the Agreement, to all persons entitled to such notice, and said notice fully satisfied the requirements of F.R.C.P. Rule 23 (e) and (h) and the requirements of due process under the United States and California Constitutions.

GONZALEZ v. TCR SPORTS BROADCASTING HOLDING LLP, ET AL.

Case No. 1:18-cv-20048

The Honorable Darrin P. Gayles, United States District Court, Southern District of Florida (May 24, 2019): The Court finds that notice to the class was reasonable and the best notice practicable under the circumstances, consistent with Rule 23(e)(1) and Rule 23(c)(2)(B).

ANDREWS ET AL. v. THE GAP, INC., ET AL.

Case No. CGC-18-567237

The Honorable Richard B. Ulmer Jr., Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Francisco (May 10, 2019): The Court finds that (a) the Full Notice, Email Notice, and Publication constitute the best notice practicable under the circumstances, (b) they constitute valid, due, and sufficient notice to all members of the Class, and (c) they comply fully with the requirements of California Code of Civil Procedure section 382, California Rules of Court 3.766 and 3.769, the California and United States Constitutions, and other applicable law.

COLE, ET AL. v. NIBCO, INC.

Case No. 3:13-cv-07871

The Honorable Freda L. Wolfson, United States District Court, District of New Jersey (April 11, 2019): The record shows, and the Court finds, that the Notice Plan has been implemented in the manner approved by the Court in its Preliminary Approval Order. The Court finds that the Notice Plan constitutes: (i) the best notice practicable to the Settlement Class under the circumstances; (ii) was reasonably calculated, under the circumstances, to apprise the Settlement Class of the pendency of this..., (iii) due, adequate, and sufficient notice to all Persons entitled to receive notice; and (iv) notice that fully satisfies the requirements of the United States Constitution (including the Due Process Clause), Fed. R. Civ. P. 23, and any other applicable law.

DIFRANCESCO, ET AL. v. UTZ QUALITY FOODS, INC.

Case No. 1:14-cv-14744

The Honorable Douglas P. Woodlock, United States District Court, District of Massachusetts (March 15, 2019): The Court finds that the Notice plan and all forms of Notice to the Class as set forth in the Settlement Agreement and Exhibits 2 and 6 thereto, as amended (the "Notice Program"), is reasonably calculated to, under all circumstances, apprise the members of the Settlement Class of the pendency of this action, the certification of the Settlement Class, the terms of the Settlement Agreement, and the right of members to object to the settlement or to exclude themselves from the Class. The Notice Program is consistent with the

requirements of Rule 23 and due process, and constitutes the best notice practicable under the circumstances.

IN RE: CHRYSLER-DODGE-JEEP ECODIESEL MARKETING, SALES PRACTICES, AND PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION

Case No. 3:17-md-02777

The Honorable Edward M. Chen, United States District Court, Northern District of California (February 11, 2019): Also, the parties went through a sufficiently rigorous selection process to select a settlement administrator. See Proc. Guidance for Class Action Sett. ¶ 2; see also Cabraser Decl. ¶¶ 9-10. While the settlement administration costs are significant – an estimated \$1.5 million – they are adequately justified given the size of the class and the relief being provided.

In addition, the Court finds that the language of the class notices (short and long-form) is appropriate and that the means of notice – which includes mail notice, electronic notice, publication notice, and social media "marketing" – is the "best notice...practicable under the circumstances." Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(2)(B); see also Proc. Guidance for Class Action Sett. ¶¶ 3-5, 9 (addressing class notice, opt-outs, and objections). The Court notes that the means of notice has changed somewhat, as explained in the Supplemental Weisbrot Declaration filed on February 8, 2019, so that notice will be more targeted and effective. See generally Docket No. 525 (Supp. Weisbrot Decl.) (addressing, inter alia, press release to be distributed via national newswire service, digital and social media marketing designed to enhance notice, and "reminder" first-class mail notice when AEM becomes available).

Finally, the parties have noted that the proposed settlement bears similarity to the settlement in the Volkswagen MDL. See Proc. Guidance for Class Action Sett. ¶ 11.

RYSEWYK, ET AL. v. SEARS HOLDINGS CORPORATION and SEARS, ROEBUCK AND COMPANY Case No. 1:15-cv-04519

The Honorable Manish S. Shah, United States District Court, Northern District of Illinois (January 29, 2019): The Court holds that the Notice and notice plan as carried out satisfy the requirements of Rule 23(e) and due process. This Court has previously held the Notice and notice plan to be reasonable and the best practicable under the circumstances in its Preliminary Approval Order dated August 6, 2018. (Dkt. 191) Based on the declaration of Steven Weisbrot, Esq. of Angeion Group (Dkt. No. 209-2), which sets forth compliance with the Notice Plan and related matters, the Court finds that the multi-pronged notice strategy as implemented has successfully reached the putative Settlement Class, thus constituting the best practicable notice and satisfying due process.

MAYHEW, ET AL. v. KAS DIRECT, LLC, and S.C. JOHNSON & SON, INC. Case No. 7:16-cv-06981

The Honorable Vincent J. Briccetti, United States District Court, Southern District of New York (June 26, 2018): In connection with their motion, plaintiffs provide the declaration of Steven Weisbrot, Esq., a principal at the firm Angeion Group, LLC, which will serve as the notice and settlement administrator in this case. (Doc. #101, Ex. F: Weisbrot Decl.) According to Mr.

Weisbrot, he has been responsible for the design and implementation of hundreds of class action administration plans, has taught courses on class action claims administration, and has given testimony to the Judicial Conference Committee on Rules of Practice and Procedure on the role of direct mail, email, and digital media in due process notice. Mr. Weisbrot states that the internet banner advertisement campaign will be responsive to search terms relevant to "baby wipes, baby products, baby care products, detergents, sanitizers, baby lotion, [and] diapers," and will target users who are currently browsing or recently browsed categories "such as parenting, toddlers, baby care, [and] organic products." (Weisbrot Decl. ¶ 18). According to Mr. Weisbrot, the internet banner advertising campaign will reach seventy percent of the proposed class members at least three times each. (Id. ¶ 9). Accordingly, the Court approves of the manner of notice proposed by the parties as it is reasonable and the best practicable option for confirming the class members receive notice.

IN RE: OUTER BANKS POWER OUTAGE LITIGATION Case No. 4:17-cv-00141

The Honorable James C. Dever III, United States District Court, Eastern District of North Carolina (May 2, 2018): The court has reviewed the proposed notice plan and finds that the notice plan provides the best practicable notice under the circumstances and, when completed, shall constitute fair, reasonable, and adequate notice of the settlement to all persons and entities affected by or entitled to participate in the settlement, in full compliance with the notice requirements of Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(2)(B) and due process. Thus, the court approves the proposed notice plan.

GOLDEMBERG, ET AL. v. JOHNSON & JOHNSON CONSUMER COMPANIES, INC. Case No. 7:13-cv-03073

The Honorable Nelson S. Roman, United States District Court, Southern District of New York (November 1, 2017): Notice of the pendency of the Action as a class action and of the proposed Settlement, as set forth in the Settlement Notices, was given to all Class Members who could be identified with reasonable effort, consistent with the terms of the Preliminary Approval Order. The form and method of notifying the Class of the pendency of the Action as a class action and of the terms and conditions of the proposed Settlement met the requirements of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, due process, and any other applicable law in the United States. Such notice constituted the best notice practicable under the circumstances, and constituted due and sufficient notice to all persons and entities entitled thereto.

HALVORSON v. TALENTBIN, INC.

Case No. 3:15-cv-05166

The Honorable Joseph C. Spero, United States District Court, Northern District of California (July 25, 2017): The Court finds that the Notice provided for in the Order of Preliminary Approval of Settlement has been provided to the Settlement Class, and the Notice provided to the Settlement Class constituted the best notice practicable under the circumstances, and was in full compliance with the notice requirements of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, due process, the United States Constitution, and any other applicable law. The Notice apprised the members of the Settlement Class of the pendency of the litigation;

of all material elements of the proposed settlement, including but not limited to the relief afforded the Settlement Class under the Settlement Agreement; of the res judicata effect on members of the Settlement Class and of their opportunity to object to, comment on, or optout of, the Settlement; of the identity of Settlement Class Counsel and of information necessary to contact Settlement Class Counsel; and of the right to appear at the Fairness Hearing. Full opportunity has been afforded to members of the Settlement Class to participate in the Fairness Hearing. Accordingly, the Court determines that all Final Settlement Class Members are bound by this Final Judgment in accordance with the terms provided herein.

IN RE: ASHLEY MADISON CUSTOMER DATA SECURITY BREACH LITIGATION MDL No. 2669/Case No. 4:15-md-02669

The Honorable John A. Ross, United States District Court, Eastern District of Missouri (July 21, 2017): The Court further finds that the method of disseminating Notice, as set forth in the Motion, the Declaration of Steven Weisbrot, Esq. on Adequacy of Notice Program, dated July 13, 2017, and the Parties' Stipulation—including an extensive and targeted publication campaign composed of both consumer magazine publications in People and Sports Illustrated, as well as serving 11,484,000 highly targeted digital banner ads to reach the prospective class members that will deliver approximately 75.3% reach with an average frequency of 3.04—is the best method of notice practicable under the circumstances and satisfies all requirements provided in Rule 23(c)(2)(B) and all Constitutional requirements including those of due process.

The Court further finds that the Notice fully satisfies Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the requirements of due process; provided, that the Parties, by agreement, may revise the Notice, the Claim Form, and other exhibits to the Stipulation, in ways that are not material or ways that are appropriate to update those documents for purposes of accuracy.

TRAXLER, ET AL. v. PPG INDUSTRIES INC., ET AL. Case No. 1:15-cv-00912

The Honorable Dan Aaron Polster, United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio (April 27, 2017): The Court hereby approves the form and procedure for disseminating notice of the proposed settlement to the Settlement Class as set forth in the Agreement. The Court finds that the proposed Notice Plan contemplated constitutes the best notice practicable under the circumstances and is reasonably calculated, under the circumstances, to apprise Settlement Class Members of the pendency of the Action and their right to object to the proposed settlement or opt out of the Settlement Class in full compliance with the requirements of applicable law, including the Due Process Clause of the United States Constitution and Rules 23(c) and (e). In addition, Class Notice clearly and concisely states in plain, easily understood language: (i) the nature of the action; (ii) the definition of the certified Settlement Class; (iii) the claims and issues of the Settlement Class; (iv) that a Settlement Class Member may enter an appearance through an attorney if the member so desires; (v) that the Court will exclude from the Settlement Class any member who requests exclusion; (vi) the time and manner for requesting exclusion; and (vii) the binding effect of a class judgment on members under Rule 23(c)(3).

IN RE: THE HOME DEPOT, INC., CUSTOMER DATA SECURITY BREACH LITIGATION Case No. 1:14-md-02583

The Honorable Thomas W. Thrash Jr., United States District Court, Northern District of Georgia (March 10, 2017): The Court finds that the form, content, and method of giving notice to the settlement class as described in the settlement agreement and exhibits: (a) constitute the best practicable notice to the settlement class; (b) are reasonably calculated, under the circumstances, to apprise settlement class members of the pendency of the action, the terms of the proposed settlement, and their rights under the proposed settlement; (c) are reasonable and constitute due, adequate, and sufficient notice to those persons entitled to receive notice; and (d) satisfy the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23, the constitutional requirement of due process, and any other legal requirements. The Court further finds that the notice is written in plain language, uses simple terminology, and is designed to be readily understandable by settlement class members.

ROY v. TITEFLEX CORPORATION t/a GASTITE and WARD MANUFACTURING, LLC Case No. 384003V

The Honorable Ronald B. Rubin, Circuit Court for Montgomery County, Maryland (February 24, 2017): What is impressive to me about this settlement is in addition to all the usual recitation of road racing litanies is that there is going to be a) public notice of a real nature and b) about a matter concerning not just money but public safety and then folks will have the knowledge to decide for themselves whether to take steps to protect themselves or not. And that's probably the best thing a government can do is to arm their citizens with knowledge and then the citizens can make decision. To me that is a key piece of this deal. *I think the notice provisions are exquisite* [emphasis added].

IN RE: LG FRONT LOADING WASHING MACHINE CLASS ACTION LITIGATION Case No. 2:08-cv-00051

The Honorable Madeline Cox Arleo, United States District Court, District of New Jersey (June 17, 2016): This Court further approves the proposed methods for giving notice of the Settlement to the Members of the Settlement Class, as reflected in the Settlement Agreement and the joint motion for preliminary approval. The Court has reviewed the notices attached as exhibits to the Settlement, the plan for distributing the Summary Notices to the Settlement Class, and the plan for the Publication Notice's publication in print periodicals and on the internet, and finds that the Members of the Settlement Class will receive the best notice practicable under the circumstances. The Court specifically approves the Parties' proposal to use reasonable diligence to identify potential class members and an associated mailing and/or email address in the Company's records, and their proposal to direct the ICA to use this information to send absent class members notice both via first class mail and email. The Court further approves the plan for the Publication Notice's publication in two national print magazines and on the internet. The Court also approves payment of notice costs as provided in the Settlement. The Court finds that these procedures, carried out with reasonable diligence, will constitute the best notice practicable under the circumstances and will satisfy.

FENLEY v. APPLIED CONSULTANTS, INC.

Case No. 2:15-cv-00259

The Honorable Mark R. Hornak, United States District Court, Western District of Pennsylvania (June 16, 2016): The Court would note that it approved notice provisions of the settlement agreement in the proceedings today. That was all handled by the settlement and administrator Angeion. The notices were sent. The class list utilized the Postal Service's national change of address database along with using certain proprietary and other public resources to verify addresses. the requirements of Fed.R.Civ.P. 23(c)(2), Fed.R.Civ.P. 23(e) (I), and Due Process....

The Court finds and concludes that the mechanisms and methods of notice to the class as identified were reasonably calculated to provide all notice required by the due process clause, the applicable rules and statutory provisions, and that the results of *the efforts of Angeion were highly successful and fulfilled all of those requirements* [emphasis added].

FUENTES, ET AL. v. UNIRUSH, LLC d/b/a UNIRUSH FINANCIAL SERVICES, ET AL. Case No. 1:15-cv-08372

The Honorable J. Paul Oetken, United States District Court, Southern District of New York (May 16, 2016): The Court approves, as to form, content, and distribution, the Claim Form attached to the Settlement Agreement as Exhibit A, the Notice Plan, and all forms of Notice to the Settlement Class as set forth in the Settlement Agreement and Exhibits B-D, thereto, and finds that such Notice is the best notice practicable under the circumstances, and that the Notice complies fully with the requirements of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The Court also finds that the Notice constitutes valid, due and sufficient notice to all persons entitled thereto, and meets the requirements of Due Process. The Court further finds that the Notice is reasonably calculated to, under all circumstances, reasonably apprise members of the Settlement Class of the pendency of the Actions, the terms of the Settlement Agreement, and the right to object to the settlement and to exclude themselves from the Settlement Class. The Parties, by agreement, may revise the Notices and Claim Form in ways that are not material, or in ways that are appropriate to update those documents for purposes of accuracy or formatting for publication.

IN RE: WHIRLPOOL CORP. FRONTLOADING WASHER PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION MDL No. 2001/Case No. 1:08-wp-65000

The Honorable Christopher A. Boyko, United States District Court, Northern District of Ohio (May 12, 2016): The Court, having reviewed the proposed Summary Notices, the proposed FAQ, the proposed Publication Notice, the proposed Claim Form, and the proposed plan for distributing and disseminating each of them, finds and concludes that the proposed plan for distributing and disseminating each of them will provide the best notice practicable under the circumstances and satisfies all requirements of federal and state laws and due process.

SATERIALE, ET AL. v. R.J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO. Case No. 2:09-cv-08394

The Honorable Christina A. Snyder, United States District Court, Central District of California (May 3, 2016): The Court finds that the Notice provided to the Settlement Class pursuant to

the Settlement Agreement and the Preliminary Approval Order has been successful, was the best notice practicable under the circumstances and (1) constituted notice that was reasonably calculated, under the circumstances, to apprise members of the Settlement Class of the pendency of the Action, their right to object to the Settlement, and their right to appear at the Final Approval Hearing; (2) was reasonable and constituted due, adequate, and sufficient notice to all persons entitled to receive notice; and (3) met all applicable requirements of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Due Process, and the rules of the Court.

FERRERA, ET AL. v. SNYDER'S-LANCE, INC. Case No. 0:13-cv-62496

The Honorable Joan A. Lenard, United States District Court, Southern District of Florida (February 12, 2016): The Court approves, as to form and content, the Long-Form Notice and

Short- Form Publication Notice attached to the Memorandum in Support of Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement as Exhibits 1 and 2 to the Stipulation of Settlement. The Court also approves the procedure for disseminating notice of the proposed settlement to the Settlement Class and the Claim Form, as set forth in the Notice and Media Plan attached to the Memorandum in Support of Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement as Exhibits G. The Court finds that the notice to be given constitutes the best notice practicable under the circumstances, and constitutes valid, due, and sufficient notice to the Settlement Class in full compliance with the requirements of applicable law, including the Due Process Clause of the United States Constitution.

IN RE: POOL PRODUCTS DISTRIBUTION MARKET ANTITRUST LITIGATION MDL No. 2328/Case No. 2:12-md-02328

The Honorable Sarah S. Vance, United States District Court, Eastern District of Louisiana (December 31, 2014): To make up for the lack of individual notice to the remainder of the class, the parties propose a print and web-based plan for publicizing notice. The Court welcomes the inclusion of web-based forms of communication in the plan. The Court finds that the proposed method of notice satisfies the requirements of Rule 23(c)(2)(B) and due process. The direct emailing of notice to those potential class members for whom Hayward and Zodiac have a valid email address, along with publication of notice in print and on the web, is reasonably calculated to apprise class members of the settlement. Moreover, the plan to combine notice for the Zodiac and Hayward settlements should streamline the process and avoid confusion that might otherwise be caused by a proliferation of notices for different settlements. Therefore, the Court approves the proposed notice forms and the plan of notice.

SOTO, ET AL. v. THE GALLUP ORGANIZATION, INC. Case No. 0:13-cv-61747

The Honorable Marcia G. Cooke, United States District Court, Southern District of Florida (June 16, 2015): The Court approves the form and substance of the notice of class action settlement described in ¶ 8 of the Agreement and attached to the Agreement as Exhibits A, C and D. The proposed form and method for notifying the Settlement Class Members of the settlement and its terms and conditions meet the requirements of Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(c)(2)(B) and due process, constitute the best notice practicable under the circumstances, and shall

constitute due and sufficient notice to all persons and entities entitled to the notice. The Court finds that the proposed notice is clearly designed to advise the Settlement Class Members of their rights.

OTT v. MORTGAGE INVESTORS CORPORATION OF OHIO, INC. Case No. 3:14-cv-00645

The Honorable Janice M. Stewart, United States District Court, District of Oregon (July 20, 2015): The Notice Plan, in form, method, and content, fully complies with the requirements of Rule 23 and due process, constitutes the best notice practicable under the circumstances, and is due and sufficient notice to all persons entitled thereto. The Court finds that the Notice Plan is reasonably calculated to, under all circumstances, reasonably apprise the persons in the Settlement Class of the pendency of this action, the terms of the Settlement Agreement, and the right to object to the Settlement and to exclude themselves from the Settlement Class.

EXHIBIT B

1	AHDOOT & WOLFSON PC		
2	Tina Wolfson (SBN 174806) E-mail: aw@ahdootwolfson.com		
3	Theodore Maya (SBN 223242) E-mail: tmaya@ahdootwolfson.com		
4	2600 West Olive Ave., Suite 500 Burbank, CA 91505		
5	(310) 474-9111 Telephone (310) 474-8585 Facsimile		
6	ZIMMERMAN REED LLP		
7	Caleb Marker (SBN 269721) E-mail: caleb.marker@zimmreed.com 6420 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 1080		
8	Los Angeles, CA 90048 (877) 500-8780 Telephone		
9	(877) 500-8781 Facsimile		
10	Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Class		
11	SUPERIOR COURT OF TI	HE STATE OF CAL	LIFORNIA
12	COUNTY OF	LOS ANGELES	
13	HEATH SELTZER, individually and on behalf	CASE NO.: 18STC	CV07828 (Lead)
14	of all others similarly situated,		No.: 20STCV22701
15	Plaintiff,	Assigned for all put The Honorable Stud	rposes to art M. Rice
16	v.	[PROPOSED] OR	DER GRANTING MOTION
17	GEOFFREY H. PALMER; GEOFFREY H. PALMER dba G.H. PALMER ASSOCIATES; GHP MANAGEMENT CORPORATION, a	FOR PRELIMINA CLASS ACTION	ARY APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT
18	California corporation; and DOES 1-50,		D 1 5 2022
19	inclusive	Date: Time:	December 5, 2022 10:30 a.m.
20	Defendants.	Department:	D 1 10 2010
21		Trial Date:	December 10, 2018 TBD
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This matter came before the Court as Plaintiff's Motion for Preliminary Approval of a Class Action Settlement ("Motion") on _____, 2022 in Department 1 of the Superior Court of California for the County of Los Angeles, the Honorable Stuart M. Rice presiding.

Appearing for Plaintiff Heath Seltzer ("Plaintiff") were Caleb Marker of Zimmerman Reed LLP; Theodore Maya of Ahdoot & Wolfson, PC.

Appearing for Defendants Geoffrey H. Palmer and GHP Management Corporation ("Defendants") was Jason Haas of Ervin Cohen & Jessup LLP.

Plaintiff and Defendants are referred to hereinafter collectively as "the Parties." Upon reviewing the Motion, the Class Settlement Agreement and exhibits attached thereto ("Settlement Agreement" or "Settlement"), filed concurrently with the Motion, and accompanying supporting declaration and pleadings, and good cause appearing thereon, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Motion is granted, on the following terms and conditions:

- 1. The Court, for purposes of this Order, adopts all defined terms as set forth in the Settlement Agreement.
- 2. The Court preliminarily finds the Settlement fair, just, reasonable, and adequate, and therefore preliminarily approves the Settlement, subject to further consideration by the Court at the time of the Fairness Hearing.
- 3. The Court, for purposes of this Settlement, pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 382 and Rule 3.769(e) and (d) of the California Rules of Court, orders that the Settlement Class constitutes:

All tenants of Defendants' properties in the State of California from December 10, 2014, to May 16, 2022 who were signatories to a lease at the time one or more Late Fees were paid as the result of untimely rent payments for their unit.

(Settlement Agreement ¶ 4.)

- 4. Plaintiff Heath Seltzer is the Class Representative, as appointed by this Court's November 20, 2020, Order.
- 5. Caleb Marker of Zimmerman Reed LLP and Theodore Maya of Ahdoot & Wolfson, PC are Class Counsel, as appointed by this Court's November 20, 2020, Order.

- 6. The Court approves Angeion as the Settlement Administrator. The Settlement Administrator shall comply with the terms and conditions of the Settlement Agreement in carrying out its duties pursuant to the Settlement.
- 7. A Fairness Hearing shall be held before this Court on _______, 2022 at _____ a.m./p.m. before the Honorable Stuart M. Rice in Department 1 of the Superior Court of California for the County of Los Angeles, located at 312 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, California to determine: (a) whether the proposed settlement of this class action on the terms and conditions provided for in the Settlement Agreement should be given final approval as fair, just, reasonable; (b) whether a Final Order and Final Judgment should be entered; and (c) whether Class Counsel's application for attorney's fees and reimbursement of expenses and Class Representative's request for a service award to be paid from the Common Fund, should be approved. The Fairness Hearing may be postponed, adjourned or continued by further order of the Court, without further notice to the Parties or the Settlement Class Members.
- 8. The form, manner, and content of the Class Notice, attached to the Settlement Agreement as Exhibits C-D and F, will provide the best notice practicable to the Class under the circumstances, constitutes valid, due, and sufficient notice to all Class Members, and fully complies with California Code of Civil Procedure section 382, California Code of Civil Procedure section 1781, the Constitution of the State of California, the Constitution of the United States, and other applicable law.
- 9. Defendants shall, through the Settlement Administrator, disseminate Class Notice, as provided in the Settlement Agreement and in the Declaration of the Settlement Administrator, attached as Exhibit H to the Settlement Agreement. The Notice Date shall be no later than ten (10) days after the date of the issuance of this Preliminary Approval Order. The Settlement Administrator shall complete the notice described in Section VI of the Settlement Agreement, on or before thirty (30) days after the Notice Approval Date.
- 10. Any Class Member who wishes to be excluded from the Class must do one of the following: (1) mail a written request for exclusion to the Settlement Administrator at the address provided in the Long Form Notice, postmarked on or before 60 days after the Notice Date; (2) send a written request for exclusion to the Settlement Administrator by e-mail or fax, at the email address or numbers provided in the Long Form Notice, on or before midnight Pacific Time on the date that falls

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60 days after the Notice Date; or (3) fully complete the Request for Exclusion form available for submission on the Settlement Website, on or before midnight Pacific Time on the date that falls 60 days after the Notice D. A written request for exclusion must: (a) state the Class Member's name, address, telephone number; (b) reference *Seltzer v. Palmer*, *et al.*, Case No. 18STCV07828; and (c) clearly state that the Class Member wants to be excluded from the Class, not to participate in the Settlement, and otherwise comply with the terms stated in the Long Form Notice and this Order. Any otherwise valid request for exclusion filed within sixty (60) days of any re-mailed class notice shall be considered timely. All Class Members will be bound by the Final Order and Final Judgment unless such Class Members timely file valid written requests for exclusion or opt out in accordance with this Order.

11. Any Class Member, who has not filed a timely written request for exclusion, and who wishes to object to the fairness, reasonableness, or adequacy of this Agreement or the proposed Settlement, or to the award of Attorneys' Fees and Expenses, or the Service Award to the Class Representative, must do one of the following: (1) appear at the Fairness Hearing, either in person or through personal counsel hired at the Class Member's own expense, to object to the fairness, reasonableness, or adequacy of this Agreement or the proposed Settlement, or to the award of Attorneys' Fees and Expenses, or Service Payment to the Class Representative; (2) mail a written statement, describing the Class Member's objections to the Settlement Administrator at the address provided in the Long Form Notice, postmarked no later than 60 days after the Notice Date; or (3) send a written statement, describing the Class Member's objections to the Settlement Administrator by e-mail, at the address provided in the Long Form Notice, before midnight Pacific Time on a date no later than 60 days after the Notice Date. Any such written objection shall include: (1) the full name of objector, (2) the full address of objector, (3) the specific reason(s), if any, for the objection, including any legal support the Class Member wishes to bring to the Court's attention; (4) copies of any evidence or other information the Class Member wishes to introduce in support of the objections; (5) a statement of whether the Class Member intends to appear and argue at the Fairness Hearing; (6) the individual Class Member's written signature, with date; and (7) a reference to Seltzer v. Palmer, et al., Case No. 18STCV07828. Any otherwise valid written statement or objection filed within sixty (60) days of any re-mailed class notice shall be considered timely. Class Members may personally object or object through an attorney retained

at their own expense, however, each individual Class Member objecting to the Settlement, in whole or part, shall personally sign the objection. The objection must also include proof that the Class Member falls within the definition of the Class. In addition, any Class Member objecting to the Settlement shall provide a list of all other objections the objector, or the objector's counsel, has submitted to any class action settlement in any state or federal court in the United States in the previous five years. If the Class Member, or his, her or its counsel, has not objected to any other class action settlement in the United States in the previous five (5) years, he, she or it shall affirmatively so state in the objection. Class Members who file an objection may be subject to discovery on matters related to their objection, including depositions.

- 12. Any Class Member may appear at the Fairness Hearing, either in person or through personal counsel hired at the Class Member's own expense, to object to the fairness, reasonableness, or adequacy of the Settlement Agreement or the proposed Settlement, or to the award of Attorneys' Fees and Expenses, or Service Award to Plaintiff and/or Class Representative.
- 13. The Parties shall file and serve papers in support of final approval of the Settlement at least 21 days before the Fairness Hearing; and in support of Class Counsel's application for an award of attorneys' fees and reimbursement of expenses, and Class Representative's service awards at least twenty-one (21) calendar days prior to the Objection Deadline. The Settlement Administrator shall file with the Court a declaration outlining the scope, method, and results of the notice program, described in Section VI of the Settlement and in Declaration of the Settlement Administrator (attached as Exhibit H to the Settlement), at least seven days prior to the Fairness Hearing.
- 14. The Parties may file replies/responses to objections and supplemental papers to any motion or petition on or before seven (7) calendar days before the Fairness Hearing.
- 15. If the proposed Settlement is finally approved, the Court shall enter a separate order finally approving the Settlement and entering judgment. The form of the Final Order and Final Judgment attached to the Settlement Agreement as Exhibits A-B are preliminarily approved.
- 16. The Parties are hereby ordered, pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, to take all necessary and appropriate steps to establish the means necessary to implement the Settlement.

1	17.	Pending the Fairness Hearing, all proceedings in this Action, other than proceedings	
2	necessary to carry out or enforce the terms and conditions of this Agreement and this Order are hereby		
3	stayed.		
4	18.	Pending the Fairness Hearing, a preliminary injunction is hereby issued enjoining Class	
5	Members who did not seek exclusion from the Class, pending the Court's determination of whether the		
6	Settlement should be given final approval, from challenging in any action or proceeding any matter		
7	covered by this Settlement, except for proceedings in this Court to determine whether the Settlement of		
8	the Action will be given final approval.		
9			
10	IT IS SO OF	RDERED.	
11			
12	Date:		
13		Honorable Stuart M. Rice	
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EXHIBIT C

1	AHDOOT & WOLFSON PC	
2	Tina Wolfson (SBN 174806)	
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4	Theodore Maya (SBN 223242)	
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	Burbank, CA 91505	
6	Telephone: (310) 474-9111	
7	Facsimile: (310) 474-8585	
′	ZIMMERMAN REED LLP	
8	Caleb Marker (SBN 269721)	
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9	6240 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 1080 Los Angeles, CA 90048	
10	Telephone: (877) 500-8780	
1.1	Facsimile: (877) 500-8781	
11		
12	Attorneys for Plaintiff Heath Seltzer and the P	roposea Settlement Class
	[Additional counsel appear on signature page]	
13	[raditional counsel appear on signature page]	
14		
	SUPERIOR COURT OF	THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
15		
16	COUNTY	OF LOS ANGELES
17	HEATH SELTZER, individually and on	CASE NO.: 18STCV07828 (Lead)
18	behalf of all others similarly situated,	Consolidated with No.: 20STCV22701
	Plaintiff,	Assigned for all purposes to
19	i iuniii,	The Honorable Stuart M. Rice
20	v.	
_	GEOFFDEV H. DALMED, GEOFFDEV H.	AMENDMENT TO STIPULATION OF SETTLEMENT
21	GEOFFREY H. PALMER; GEOFFREY H. PALMER dba G.H. PALMER	SETTLEMENT
22	ASSOCIATES; GHP MANAGEMENT	Department: 1
	CORPORATION, a California corporation;	Data Astian Filed, December 10, 2019
23	and DOES 1-50, inclusive,	Date Action Filed: December 10, 2018
24		
27	Defendants.	
25		
26		
20		
27		

This Amendment to Stipulation of Settlement ("Amendment") is made November ___, 2022, between Plaintiff Heath Seltzer ("Plaintiff"), on the one hand, and Defendants Geoffrey H. Palmer, Geoffrey H. Palmer dba G.H. Palmer Associates, and GHP Management Corporation (collectively, "Defendants" and, together with Plaintiff, the "Parties"), on the other hand.

RECITALS

WHEREAS, on or about October 28, 2022, Plaintiff Heath Seltzer filed a Stipulation of Settlement ("Settlement") that, if approved, would resolve the above-entitled action on a class-wide basis, along with a Revised, Unopposed Motion for Preliminary Approval of that Settlement;

WHEREAS, on November 22, 2022, the Court issued a tentative ruling that would approve the Settlement, contingent on three items: (1) provision of a fully executed settlement agreement including the signature of Co-Class-Counsel Zimmerman Reed LLP; (2) an extension of the response deadline for objections in the event of a re-mailing; and (3) clarification of when payment of the Second Distribution, as described in the Settlement, will be made;

NOW, THEREFORE, in order to resolve the Court's remaining items, and in consideration of the covenants and agreements set forth herein, the Parties agree as follows:

AMENDMENT

- 1. Paragraph 59 of the Settlement is modified to include, in addition to its current text: "The Settlement Administrator shall complete distribution of Second Settlement Shares no later than 120 days following the Effective Date."
- 2. Paragraph 61 of the Settlement is modified such that "140 days" is replaced with "190 days."
- 3. Paragraph 65 of the Settlement is modified such that "August 5, 2022" is replaced with "November 30, 2022."
- 4. Capitalized terms in this Amendment have the meanings ascribed to them in the Settlement, unless otherwise defined.
- 5. Except as specifically modified in this Amendment, the terms and conditions of the Settlement shall remain unmodified and in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS HEREOF, the Parties have executed this Amendment effective as of the date

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1	first set forth above.	
2		
3		
4		PLAINTIFF
5		Ma A /d
6	Dated: <u>12/01/2022</u>	Heath Seltzer
7		Ticam Scizor
8		DEFENDA MOS
9		<u>DEFENDANTS</u>
10		Jan in M.
11	Dated: //.30.22	Geoffrey M. Palmer
12		
13		9 10/1
14	Dated: 11.31.22	Geoffrey H. Palmer dba G.H. Palmer Associates
15	,	geomey(1). I amuel doa G.H. I amiel Associates
16		
17	Dated: 11.30.22	X/EOff alwer
18	,	GHP Management Corporation
19		By: Geoffrey H. Palmer Its: President
20		# .
21		CLASS COUNSEL
22		
23	Dated: 12/01/2022	1.11/gg
24		Theodore W. Maya AHDOOT & WOLFSON, PC
25		Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Class
26		
27	Dated: 12/01/2022	Caleb Marker
28		ZIMMERMAN REED LLP
	5276.497:10763502.2	Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Class 2
l		ATION OF SETTLEMENT

Dated: November 30, 2022

DEFENSE COUNSEL

ERVIN COHEN & JESSUP, LLP

Jason L. Haas

For Defendants GHP Management Corporation Geoffrey H. Palmer, and Geoffrey H. Palmer dba G.H. Palmer Associates

5276.497:10763502.2

EXHIBIT D

1		
	Robert M. Waxman (SBN 89754)	
2	rwaxman@ecjlaw.com Jason L. Haas (SBN 217290)	
3	jhaas@ecjlaw.com ERVIN COHEN & JESSUP LLP	
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-	Beverly Hills, California 90212-2974 Telephone (310) 273-6333	
5	Facsimile (310) 859-2325	
6	Attorneys for Defendants Geoffrey H. Palmer, G and GHP Management Corporation	eoffrey H. Palmer dba G.H. Palmer Associates
7		
8	Frances M. O'Meara (SBN 140600) fomeara@wshblaw.com	
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	Los Angeles, California 90024	
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12		
13		
14	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
15	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, SPRING STREET COURTHOUSE	
16	HEATH SELTZER, individually and on	Case No. 18STCV07828
	behalf of all others similarly situated,	[Assigned for All Purposes to: Hon. Stuart M.
17		Assigned for All Furposes to. 110n. Stuart M.
	Plaintiff,	Rice, Dept. SS-1]
18	Plaintiff, v.	Rice, Dept. SS-1] SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION OF
18 19	v. GEOFFREY H. PALMER; GEOFFREY H.	Rice, Dept. SS-1] SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION OF JASON L. HAAS IN SUPPORT OF PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF
18 19 20	v. GEOFFREY H. PALMER; GEOFFREY H. PALMER dba G.H. PALMER ASSOCIATES; GHP MANAGEMENT CORPORATION, a	Rice, Dept. SS-1] SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION OF JASON L. HAAS IN SUPPORT OF
18 19	v. GEOFFREY H. PALMER; GEOFFREY H. PALMER dba G.H. PALMER ASSOCIATES; GHP MANAGEMENT CORPORATION, a California corporation; and DOES 1-50,	Rice, Dept. SS-1] SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION OF JASON L. HAAS IN SUPPORT OF PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT
18 19 20	v. GEOFFREY H. PALMER; GEOFFREY H. PALMER dba G.H. PALMER ASSOCIATES; GHP MANAGEMENT CORPORATION, a California corporation; and DOES 1-50, inclusive,	Rice, Dept. SS-1] SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION OF JASON L. HAAS IN SUPPORT OF PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT Date: December 5, 2022 Time: 10:30 a.m.
18 19 20 21	v. GEOFFREY H. PALMER; GEOFFREY H. PALMER dba G.H. PALMER ASSOCIATES; GHP MANAGEMENT CORPORATION, a California corporation; and DOES 1-50,	Rice, Dept. SS-1] SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION OF JASON L. HAAS IN SUPPORT OF PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT Date: December 5, 2022
18 19 20 21 22	v. GEOFFREY H. PALMER; GEOFFREY H. PALMER dba G.H. PALMER ASSOCIATES; GHP MANAGEMENT CORPORATION, a California corporation; and DOES 1-50, inclusive,	Rice, Dept. SS-1] SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION OF JASON L. HAAS IN SUPPORT OF PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT Date: December 5, 2022 Time: 10:30 a.m. Dept: SS-1
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18 19 20 21 22 23 24	v. GEOFFREY H. PALMER; GEOFFREY H. PALMER dba G.H. PALMER ASSOCIATES; GHP MANAGEMENT CORPORATION, a California corporation; and DOES 1-50, inclusive,	Rice, Dept. SS-1] SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION OF JASON L. HAAS IN SUPPORT OF PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT Date: December 5, 2022 Time: 10:30 a.m. Dept: SS-1 Action Filed: December 10, 2018

SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION OF JASON L. HAAS

I, Jason L. Haas, declare as follows:

- 1. I am an attorney duly admitted to practice before this Court. I am Of Counsel to Ervin Cohen & Jessup LLP, attorneys of record for Defendants Geoffrey H. Palmer, Geoffrey H. Palmer dba GH Palmer Associates and GHP Management Corporation ("GHPM") (collectively, "Defendants"). I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth herein, except as to those stated on information and belief and, as to those, I am informed and believe that they are true. If called as a witness, I could and would competently testify to the matters stated herein. I make this supplemental declaration in support of Plaintiffs' Unopposed Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement (the "Motion").
- 2. I have served as Defendants' primary counsel with respect to their efforts during the litigation and settlement process to generate information about the individuals eligible for membership in any class certified in this action, including, but not limited to, generation of a class list in connection with the proposed settlement. In that capacity, I have worked with the employees of the Defendants responsible for collecting and filtering the data needed to identify potential class members and the number of late fees each individual paid during the class period. I conveyed such information to counsel for Plaintiffs on several occasions.
- 3. On November 18, 2022, I filed a declaration in support of the Motion. In that declaration (the "Earlier Declaration"), I explained that the class statistics included in Plaintiffs' motion were somewhat lower than they should have been because of several different factors. I also provided revised numbers on the members of the proposed settlement class and on the maximum possible recovery to which the class, which is based on the amount of late fees collected from the prospective class members. One of the factors leading to an increase in the class size and maximum possible recovery in the Earlier Declaration was the inadvertent exclusion of class data relating to tenants and former tenants of the Lorenzo property managed by GHPM. The Lorenzo is managed using a different property management data system, "RealPage", than all of GHPM's other properties, so all analysis for class purposes for the Lorenzo has to be handled separately

from the data on tenants of all other properties. The class numbers provided in the Earlier Declaration were accurate to my knowledge as of the date of that declaration.

- 4. The week after filing my Earlier Declaration, I noticed that the spreadsheet with data relating to prospective class members for the Lorenzo included certain entries relating to 2013, even though the class period in this action began on December 10, 2014. Further investigation revealed that the data provided to GHPM by RealPage for the class list included all late fees paid by tenants of the Lorenzo, including late fees paid in 2013 when the Lorenzo first opened for business and in the large portion of 2014 before the class period began.
- 5. Since this new issue came to light, the outside experts referenced in my Earlier Declaration have prepared a revised class list for the Lorenzo that only includes tenants who paid late fees during the class period. The list further revises the count of late fees paid during the class period for tenants who moved into the Lorenzo before the beginning of the class period and continued to live there during part of the class period, so that only the late fees they paid during the class period will be counted for purposes of the settlement.
- 6. The table below shows the full class size numbers originally included in Plaintiffs' Motion, the numbers from my Earlier Declaration, and the revised numbers for the full class after making the necessary corrections to the Lorenzo data. With the new revisions, the class size has shrunk by 687 members compared to the Earlier Declaration. The increase shown in the Earlier Declaration for the maximum recovery possible for the class has been fully reversed with the new numbers. Indeed, the data now shows the maximum possible recovery for the entire class is about \$40K less than the amount set forth in Plaintiffs' Motion.

Data re Proposed Settlement Class

	Class Size	Maximum Possible Recovery
Listed in Motion	23,014	\$4,470,615.46
Earlier Haas Declaration	25,393	\$4,594,708.00
Revised Numbers	24,706	\$4,430,333.00
Change from Motion	1,692	(\$40,282.46)
Change from Earlier	(687)	(\$164,375.00)
Declaration		

- 7. The Motion reports that even in the highly unlikely event that Defendants would not be entitled to recover any offset for the actual costs they incurred in collecting tens of thousands of late rent payments from the class members the agreed-up settlement of \$1.75 million would still represent 39.144% of the total available recovery to the class. (*See* Mot. 13:2.) (The greater any actual offset would be at trial, the higher this percentage, with the settlement payment possibly even exceeding the maximum possible recovery at trial.) With the revised numbers set forth here, the 39.144% figure increases slightly to 39.500%.
- 8. The Court indicated, in its November 22, 2022 minute order, that it will grant preliminary approval to the proposed settlement once the issues identified in the minute order have been addressed. As the new class numbers offered herein make the proposed settlement slightly more favorable to the class than before, they provide no basis for the Court to alter its intended course. This supplemental declaration is submitted only to ensure that, when deciding whether to grant the Motion at its December 5 non-appearance hearing, the Court has the most up-to-date information on the class known to the parties.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on this 30th day of November, 2022, at Culver City, California.

Jason L. Haas

PROOF OF SERVICE Seltzer v. Geoffrey H. Palmer, et al. Case No. 18STCV07828

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

At the time of service, I was over 18 years of age and **not a party to this action**. I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. My business address is 9401 Wilshire Boulevard, Ninth Floor, Beverly Hills, CA 90212-2974.

On December 1, 2022, I served true copies of the following document(s) described as **SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION OF JASON L. HAAS IN SUPPORT OF PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT** on the interested parties in this action as follows:

SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST

BY ELECTRONIC SERVICE VIA CASE ANYWHERE: Based on a court order or an agreement of the parties to accept service by electronic transmission, I caused the documents to be sent to the persons at the notification addresses listed on the following page

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on December 1, 2022, at Beverly Hills, California.

Ayesha Rector

Ayesha Rector

5276.497:10766719.1

SERVICE LIST 1 Seltzer v. Geoffrey H. Palmer, et al. Case No. 18STCV07828 2 3 Tina Wolfson, Esq. Attorneys for Plaintiff Theodore Maya, Esq. Ahdoot & Wolfson PC 10728 Lindbrook Drive 5 Los Angeles, CA 90024 (310) 474-9111 Tel: 6 Fax: (310) 474-8585 Email: aw@ahdootwolfson.com 7 tmayaahdootwolfson.com Caleb Marker, Esq. 8 Attorneys for Plaintiff Ben Gubernick, Esq. Zimmerman Reed LLP 2381 Rosecrans Avenue, Suite 328 Manhattan Beach, CA 90245 Tel: (877) 500-8780 11 Fax: (877) 500-8781 Email: caleb.marker@zimmreed.com ben.gubernick@zimmreed.com 12 13 Frances M. O'Meara, Esq. Attorneys for Defendant Robert A. Latham III, Esq. GHP MANAGEMENT CORPORATION Wood, Smith, Henning & Berman LLP 10960 Wilshire Boulevard, 18th Floor 15 Los Angeles, California 90024 Telephone (310) 481-7600 16 Facsimile (310) 481-7650 Email: fomeara@wshblaw.com 17 rlatham@wshblaw.com 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28